The Press and Tribune.

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Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly.

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Press & Tribune.

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1860.

HON. E. B. WASHBURNE.

This faithful and able representative of the people was re-nominated for Congress by the 1st District Convention, at Rockford, on Thursday—receiving a majority of all the votes cast on the second ballot.

AFTER HARVEST.

We understand that measures have been taken to secure the presence and services of a number of the most distinguished speakers in the United States, in Illinois, after the harvest is off the hands of the people. Appointments will then be made for them as rapidly as is consistent with their other engagements. The farmers are now struggling with a bountiful crop. After that is secured, Northern Illinois will be shaken up to a majority for Old Abe which will astound Republicans themselves.

PENNSYLVANIA.

"Secession" is the order of the day in Pennsylvania. A portion of the Douglas members of the Democratic State Executive Committee a short time since called a State Convention and mass-meeting to be held at Harrisburg on the 26th inst., to nominate a new electoral ticket. Another portion of the Douglas faction of the same Committee, protested loudly against the movement, and denounced Haldeman and Forney for their agency in it.—Nevertheless the Convention was held, the ticket nominated, and everything is now at sixes and sevens in the Douglas camp. There are now three electoral tickets in the field: 1. Lincoln Republican; 2. Breckinridge and Douglas Democratic; 3. Douglas Democratic pure and simple. Is any one so blind as not to see the November issue of this medley?

HON. I. N. ARNOLD.

After a struggle between him and his competitor which is without precedent, in this district, for length and, we had almost said, bitterness, Mr. I. N. Arnold was nominated for Congress by the Republican Convention at Dixon, on Thursday last. The nomination was made in accordance with party usage, and expresses the will of the Republicans of the district, as it certainly does the will of the party in Cook county. We take it for granted that the bad blood which has been engendered in the preliminary canvass of the rival candidates will not be remembered by either party now that the struggle has come to an end; but that the Arnold men and Farnsworth men will engage in a new but friendly strife to determine who will do the most for HONEST OLD ABE and the Republican ticket. The great interests that are staked on this campaign do not admit of lukewarmness on the part of any of the friends of Republican principles; and the party will not hold him guiltless who imperils the success of a great cause by moping over a small disappointment in the choice of men.

THE MOBBING BUSINESS.

The Douglasites of Southern Illinois have taken revenge on the mobbing of their candidate for Vice President at Macon, Ga., by mobbing Rev. J. J. Ferree, at Cairo, on the occasion of his making a Republican speech in that city a few days since. We learn these facts from the Cairo *Gazette*, the Douglas organ of Alexander county. Mr. Ferree is an old resident of "Egypt," has for a long time been a clergyman of the Methodist Church in Wayne county, and lives now in the town of Lebanon, St. Clair county. He was assaulted while speaking at Cairo, with a shower of eggs, one of which, says the *Gazette*, struck him squarely in the face. *If anything exhibits the desperation of the Democracy in this State more fully than the sale of the Chicago Times to the Chicago Herald*, it is this infernal outrage on the person of a peaceful and law-abiding clergyman. We assure the Cairo lynchers that they are laying up for themselves wrath against the day of wrath!

Simultaneously with this news comes the report of an assault on a number of Republicans in Occaquan, Va., who were engaged in the peaceful business of raising a Lincoln banner. It is gratifying to know that the parties assailed defended themselves manfully, and at last accounts stuck to their colors. It would seem that the time has come when the first principles uttered in the Declaration of Independence, and the most sacred rights guaranteed to the American people in the Constitution of the United States, are again to be fought for and again to be lost or won.

A Correction.

We have received an angry and abusive letter from Hennepin, from a person signing himself "T. F. Greble," in relation to the sale of the *Standard* of that place to the Squatters. A re- [illegible]

Political Discussion at the Wigwam.

Editors of the Press and Tribune:

Certain young men styling themselves a "Committee appointed by the Republican Club of Chicago," have made an engagement to hold political discussions in the Wigwam. These youth have permitted the crafty squatter politicians to pull the wool over their eyes to a ridiculous extent. In the first place, they propose to open our Republican Wigwam to allow divers and sundry pro-slavery demagogues to air their vocabulary and advertise themselves in our building. 2d. They have consented to discuss a series of questions that put the Republicans on the defensive,—brings our lines under fire, while the pro-slavery side is under cover. The verdancy of this agreement will be seen by stating the propositions to be discussed, viz:

1st. Has Congress the power to prohibit slavery in the Territories? and if so, ought it to exercise such power?

2. Ought the Republican party to triumph in the present Presidential Campaign?

3. Ought the Republican party to be defeated in this Presidential Campaign on account of its principles and acts in reference to the question of slavery?

In this bright arrangement the Republican party is to be arraigned like a prisoner at the bar, and tried by these squatter prosecutors in our Republican Wigwam!

The young men have shown themselves to be perfect Metterniches in diplomacy.

If the squatterites are very anxious to have a political debate, why not hold it in their own building—North's Amphitheatre?—and let us discuss the great living issues before the country, which may be stated in the following questions, viz:

1. Does the Constitution of the United States recognize property in man? (Republicans, No; Squatters, Yes.)

2. Has a slaveholder the Constitutional right to carry slaves into a territory as property? and have the Squatters an equal right by means of unfriendly legislation to abolish such slavery? In other words, "may a thing be lawfully driven away from a place where it has a lawful right to be?" (Douglas Democrats, Yes; Lincoln Republicans, No.)

3. Have the people of a Territory, under the provisions of the Nebraska-Kansas bill, the right to choose their own rulers and govern themselves? (Douglas Democrats, Yes; Republicans, No.)

4. Is it the duty of American citizens, in determining their political action on the question of slavery in the free Territories or free States, to conform to the opinions of nine respectable old gentlemen of the Supreme Court, as required by the Wickliffe resolution in the Douglas National Platform? (Douglas Democrats, Yes; Lincoln Republicans, No.)

These questions cover the topics the people are thinking about and discussing, and the ones they will vote on this fall. Are *Gov.* McComas, Judge Scates, Dr. Davis and Ald. Perkins ready to debate these propositions in North's Amphitheatre?

It may be proper to state that neither Joseph Knox, E. S. Williams or C. Butz gave their consent to debate the questions announced by the self-constituted Committee. A REPUBLICAN.

☞ The *State Democrat*,—the Breckinridge and Lane organ—published at Springfield, estimates the Squatter demonstration at 10,000 persons—men, women and children; one-half the crowd were Republicans and Nationals, who came to see the show. Two-thirds of the remainder were women and children. The number of Douglas *voters* present, were estimated at 1,800 all told. The 40,000 estimate of the telegrapher was a bare-faced lie, and sent over the wires to the associated press for purposes of deception.

The New York Herald on the Crisis.

(From the Herald, July 26th.)

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM PENNSYLVANIA—DOUGLAS ABANDONED BY FORNEY, HICKMAN & CO.—The anti-Lecompton Democracy of Pennsylvania, led by Forney, Hickman & Co., are showing themselves in their true colors, as will be seen by the highly important speech in another column, delivered by John Hickman, in the Concert Hall, Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening, the 24th inst., in which he formally announces the abandonment of Douglas, and comes out boldly for Lincoln.

Mr. Hickman declares Douglas far inferior to Breckinridge; he gives a scathing record of the Illinois Senator's career, and pronounces that the only safety for the country lies in supporting Lincoln.

This is all for the better. It will narrow the contest to the only two issues involved in it, and will strip it of all the ambiguity and humbug with which it has been invested. We always predicted that the anti-Lecompton Democracy would come to this. We knew that Forney, having received his office as Clerk of the House from the Republicans, should give them his support, secretly, if not openly; but Hickman is an honest, outspoken man, and he comes out in this speech frankly and above board for anti-slavery and the Black Republican candidate. By thus abandoning Douglas, and going bodily into the Republican camp, the anti-Lecompton Democrats have put the stamp upon the true issue of the Presidential battle. With them it is evident that Douglas is to be no longer recognized as a representative of either issue. Opposition to Breckinridge and the Democratic party, and support of Lincoln and the Black Republicans, is the battle cry they have adopted. Douglas must follow them, or be counted out—dropped, abandoned by his quondam friends.

OUTSIDE JOINT STOCK ARRANGEMENTS.—A joint stock electoral ticket between the Bell party and the Douglas party of Georgia has been agreed upon; but it does not appear to create much enthusiasm in the camp of either of the high contracting parties. Indeed, when we consider that the Bell-Everett party is made up from the remains of the late American or Know Nothing party, and that the Douglas party looks with confidence to a very large share of "the Irish vote," we must conclude that all attempts to mix those opposing elements will [illegible]

The Lincoln party is the strongest party in the land; if two of its three antagonists were suppressed or absorbed, it would be still stronger. Thimble-rigging tickets will only harm those contriving them.

The Two Slave Code Parties.

The *Missouri Republican*—the ablest and most influential Douglas journal that we receive—has a letter from a New Orleans sympathizer, who says:

"As Douglas and Breckinridge *stand upon the same platform in regard to the rights of Slavery in the Territories*, few thinking men assert any preference for the latter on account of his Southern citizenship, and there is, consequently, nothing left to stimulate such preference."

—That does not tally well with Mr. Douglas' recent speeches for the Northern market, but we believe it is in substantial accordance with the fact. The main difference is, that Mr. Breckinridge goes straight to the point of making slavery constitutionally and ineradicably legal in every Territory, while Mr. Douglas comes to the same point by indorsing the Dred Scott decision, and every other decision which the Supreme Court has given or may give looking to the same end. His is only the coyness of the damsel who says to her adorer, "You shan't kiss me unless you are stronger than I—which I know you are." There is not an inch of free soil in a continent of it.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Hon. F. A. Hoffmann.

The following whereas and resolutions were passed by the Dixon Congressional Convention unanimously:

Mr. Allen, of Keno, moved the adoption of the following:

WHEREAS, Honorable Francis A. Hoffmann, of Dupage county, was nominated, by acclamation for the important position of Lieutenant Governor, by the Decatur Convention, but has through ill health, which for sometime seemed to be permanent indisposition, been led to decline that nomination;

And, whereas, the health of Mr. Hoffmann has since his declination been restored, and his friends now believe that there is no obstacle to his resuming his position upon the State ticket, to which he had been advanced by the partiality of his party;

And, whereas, in 1856 Mr. Hoffmann had received the nomination of his party for the same position by acclamation, but retired from the canvass in consequence of his ineligibility, by which separate acts of the Republican party of Illinois, it has been demonstrated that Mr. Hoffmann has the entire confidence of the party, and that he is the man of their choice.

And, whereas, in the retirement of Mr. Hoffmann it leaves the whole Northern half of the State, where the strength of the Republican vote is obtained, without a single representative: Therefore,

Resolved, That we, the representatives of the most populous Congressional District in the State, do earnestly desire and urgently request Honorable Francis A. Hoffmann to reconsider his declination and resume his position on the State ticket, for which he is so clearly the preference of the Republicans of Illinois, and thereby avoid the liability to difficulty in filling the vacancy.

Resolved, That the President of this Convention be, and he is hereby appointed, to deliver a copy of these Resolutions to Mr. Hoffmann without delay, and that Mr. Hoffmann is hereby requested, at his earliest convenience, to make known to the party his decision with reference thereto.

THE ZOUAVES.

Their Visit to Boston and Salem.

(From the Boston Atlas and Bee of Wednesday.)

The announcement, yesterday, that the Zouave Cadets of Chicago would give an exhibition of their evolutions at the Boston theatre, in the evening, created a lively sensation throughout the city. Accordingly the theatre was besieged at an early hour in the morning, and the entire house was sold in a very short time. The few tickets which fell into the hands of speculators were sold in many cases at extravagant prices—in some cases as high, we learn, as $15. Throughout the day the general phrase was "The drill of the Zouaves at the Boston theatre. Everybody is going."

This proved true. Nearly everybody was present, including hundreds of ladies, who appear to have taken wonderfully to the Zouaves and their movements.

THE THEATRE

Presented a fine sight. It was crowded in every part, the distant amphitheatre, where seats were at all desirable, not excepted. Such a gathering has hardly before been witnessed in this famous temple. Among the audience were Mayor Lincoln, various members of the city government, Senator Wilson, Hon. Anson Burlingame, prominent military gentlemen, clergymen and others. Not only were the seats all filled, but every available standing point. Wherever an eye could obtain a glance, or a foot a hold, was to be seen an eager spectator. All classes of our citizens were fully represented. The stage was fully cleared to its entire depth, and presented ample capacity for the display about to take place.

[The description of the drill need not be repeated here.]

SPEECH OF MANAGER BARRY.

At this period of the evening's entertainment Thomas Barry, Esq., the manager of the theatre, came forward and addressed the audience. He said that certain members of the Second Battalion had forced him to address the largest audience he had ever seen in the Boston Theatre. His feeble voice, he continued, could hardly reach the more than 3,500 before him; certainly it could not reach double that number which had been disappointed in witnessing one of the finest military displays that had ever taken place in the country. In view of the multitude thus disappointed, said Mr. Barry, the Zouaves have consented to repeat their exhibition in this house to-morrow at 11 A. M.

This announcement is received with applause.

The audience now vociferously clamored for Captain Ellsworth, the commander of the Zouaves. After some delay he came forward and responded.

CAPT. ELLSWORTH'S REMARKS.

He said he really did not know what they had called him out for. He did not come to ask their votes; was not a public man, and could not make a speech. His company had returned from Salem at a late hour, when he learned that all the tickets had been sold, and the demand was far from being supplied.

THE CITY.

Auction Sales this Morning.

Household Furniture, Bedsteads, Washstands, &c., at 9½ o'clock, by Gilbert & Sampson, 82 Lake street.

Hardware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, at 9 o'clock, by Gilbert & Sampson, 82 Lake street.

K. 9.—A rabid dog was killed in the West Division yesterday.

HELD TO BAIL.—The boy burglars have been held to bail in $300 each.

PIKE'S PEAK.—The Badger State Stamping Mill will be in operation this afternoon, at Higgins, Mowry & Co.'s store, 205 Randolph street.

WATCH-STUFFING.—One Joe Porish was fined $15 yesterday for an attempt at watch stuffing, his second attempt within a week. This gives him thirty days on the stone heaps.

POWDER LICENSES.—A grocer named John Handly was fined $25 yesterday, under the ordinance that requires all persons selling powder to take out a license, which costs the trifling sum of $1 per annum.

OTTIGNON IN MILWAUKEE.—The *Journal* learns that H. G. Ottignon of this city contemplates establishing a first class Gymnasium in Milwaukee. This is in keeping. The Milwaukeeans are very readily exercised by anything that pertains to Chicago.

THE CADETS.—Harper and Leslie's for this week contain pictures of the Cadets' movements in New York, including pictures of the principal portions of the Zouave drill. [illegible] McNally & Co., 81 Dearborn street.

METROPOLITAN GYMNASIUM.—At the usual reception this evening, Messrs. Van Inwagen and Hyde will again contend for the Champion Belt for one mile running. It will be remembered that they ran a tie race last Saturday, and each one is confident he can come in a little ahead of the time.

☞ "A Journey through the Valley of Pearls and the Cities Beyond it," is the title of a little book just published by the Tract Society at Cincinnati, and on sale at the bookstore of Church, Goodman & Kenny, 51 La Salle street. The author is understood to be the Rev. Henry L. Hammond, of this city.

ANOTHER PORTRAIT OF LINCOLN.—We had the pleasure yesterday of inspecting a crayon drawing of Abraham Lincoln, by Mr. Thos. M. Johnston, a Boston Artist, which we consider a very faithful likeness. It is to be lithographed immediately, and will be published by C. H. Brainard of Boston.

INQUESTS.—In addition to the inquest on the body of the child accidentally drowned as elsewhere noted, Coroner James held an inquest on the remains of a female infant found on the bank of the river at the Rock Island R. R. dock, near Twelfth street bridge. Verdict premature birth.

TO DAY'S EXCURSION TO COLD SPRING GROVE.—The excursion to Cold Spring Grove this morning under the auspices of First Presbyterian Church, promises to be one of the most interesting of the season. Extensive preparations are making to entertain the hosts who are expected to join in it. The cars will leave the Rock Island Railway station at 9½ A. M., and return by the regular train, reaching Chicago about 6½ P. M.

MASS SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT.—At the request of many of our citizens, the Chicago Sabbath School Union have determined to repeat their Concert by two thousand children, on Tuesday evening, August 14th at the Wigwam. Superintendents are requested to call previous to Sabbath at Tomlinson's book store, 91 Randolph street, and procure free rehearsal tickets, which will specify time and place for rehearsals. The tickets used before will not answer. It is hoped that every Superintendent will see that his school is represented on the first rehearsal.

REMEMBER THE WIDOW AND THE FATHERLESS.—We would call attention to the benefit proposed to be given by the German citizens of Chicago to the widow of Anthony [illegible], a Hungarian exile, long a resident of the city—civil engineer by profession, and an active and energetic worker in the Republican cause. He died some three or four weeks since, leaving a widow and two or three children, entirely destitute. The entertainment is to take place at the German Hall, on Monday evening, August 6, and will be of a varied and interesting character—embracing extracts from the most striking scenes in Schiller's Macbeth, and to be followed by a concert—all by able performers. Let there be a full house, as the family are entirely destitute, and well deserving of aid.

DOCKET FOR THE RECORDER'S COURT.—The following cases will come up for trial before Judge Wilson on Monday next. This list includes only the names of parties now in jail:

Dugald McFarland, setting fire to 185 North Clark street; Lawrence Kelly, larceny; Mary Comisky, do; Chas. Proll, do; John McHale, do; Michael Loftus, burglary; Mary Walter, larceny; John London and Patrick Collins, do; Richard Whiting and David Smith, do; Dennis Sexton, do; Hy Popowell, do; John McCann, do; Hy Harwood, do; Peter Flynn, do; John Quigley, do; Elias R. Clark, threatening to kill; John McLavy, burglary; Michael Burns, larceny; Dan McAllister, do; Chas. Hoosber, do; Jas. Vandenburg alias John [illegible]

The Home Field of Missions.

Among the still remaining results of a period occurring two years or more since, which covered a period of several months with its more marked effects, known as "The Great Awakening," is the union and harmony of the several denominations of Christians in a common purpose of labor and usefulness at and around their own doors. A new development and impulse has been given to the Missionary spirit, and while it does not appear that foreign fields have been the less an object of regard and support, the Christian public have come to entertain more common sense views of what is implied in the words "the field is the world."

They give practical results of a better appreciation of the fact that heathen of a well marked class are not necessarily exotic growths requiring a tropical background of bread fruit, palms and banian-trees, with a water glimpse of the Nile, Ganges, or South Pacific. That it is not an indispensable accessory constituting the "heathen with a soul to be saved" that he wear a simple breech clout, and decorate his brown Miss Tahiti with a string of teeth or of scalps the "*spolia opima*" of his battles; that he dine off dog, or fricasseed rat, what time "missionary cutlets" are not in market; that he bow down in adoration to a deity huge and hideous in mud, wood or metal; that he be destitute of both intelligence and language, and in short be a brute, a small remove from calling the chimpanzee his fellow; and the gorilla his brethren after the [illegible] esque heathen of the Sabbath School and the Christian Church and Conference meeting, and here has been hosed too exclusively the literal "*experimentum crucis*" of lively and glowing faith, to "go to the heathen," involving a sea voyage half round the world, the acquisition of a new and barbarous tongue, a bamboo residence in the palm groves, a life expatriation from home. The reverse of the idea of the "scape goat sent into the wilderness" has been realized and repeated again and again among Christian Churches in this century, in the placing a heavy responsibility and care for souls on the shoulders of the fresh caught Theological student and his shrinking yet bright-eyed and courageous partner, and shipping them to the antipodes, leaving a small margin of duty to the brethren and sisters who remain at home, to be compounded for by American quarters and dimes at stated intervals rained into the deacons' hats.

We would draw the pen through aught that we believed would be construed as a detraction from the claim of foreign missions, or the well earned honors that are theirs who swell the corps of devoted missionaries abroad. The error is not in that field over the water, the mistake is not in those that have gone forth, but in those that have remained at home, in communities thick-set with heathen of the worst possible stamp, with a teeming population that have joined with their godlessness intelligence, and with moral obliquity a power for evil that makes one of them a more dangerous agent of evil than a whole village of naked savages under the equator, and renders a city on American soil given up to their influences more powerful in the defeat of all for which the Bible and Churches exist, than the entire of Polynesia combined.

The Christian denominations are beginning to understand these things better, far better, and apply a common-sense principle of business, if we may use the term, to the calculation that if souls must be saved, the children and adults of our own teeming population can be more easily reached, and are prepared by intelligence, languages and the ties of our social life, to receive those processes and impressions that are a sealed book to the savage dancing in his war paint, and the mother tossing her child to the crocodile. Mission fields abroad are, as we have said, not being neglected, but new and rich fallows nearer home are receiving attention. We have always like the hearty old pastor, who, after alarming his devoted flock of New Englanders by the intelligence that he was "going to the heathen," at [illegible] more of comfort he "did not intend to go out of town."

The purpose and life errand of the Missionary is to advance the interests of his faith, to swell its numbers. The "Great Awakening," with this new view of the home field, has made many hundreds of Missionaries. In our own city there are ten thousand children in our Mission Sabbath Schools, the children of our poor. There is among these a labor to be done of a kind and class identical with the life errand of Martyn, or Scudder, and this work is being done by a corps constantly on the increase. New Mission Schools are formed from time to time and often. The first Sabbath in the new school gives a full house, and the influence of the sweet songs of childhood and an atmosphere of love establish it from thenceforth as a resort childish feet will haste to seek on each returning Sabbath. These are not Otaheitans, but they are nearer to us, and if thoroughly heathenized, have always proved an expensive class, witness the sums paid for our jails, our courts, and other costly institutions supported exclusively for our native born and home nourished heathen.

Among other results of the "Great Awaken- [illegible]

The Solemn Responsibility of Sextons.

Suppose on a grand church organ, a skillful organist is bringing out all the noble passages of let us say, Mozart's Requiem. The congregation are hushed in awe, as the flood of harmony fills, rolls and swells throughout the interior. Suddenly the sound dies out, faintly and flutteringly, midway one of the grandest strains. Organist is in despair, thumps on the keys, stamps on pedals, and distractedly pulls out all the stops,—no, he don't do this, he knows better, he knows the instrument is in perfect order, and traces the fault home where in an obscure corner an individual is employed at a few shillings a week moving a pump handle up and down, a simple and unlaborious process not sufficiently prominent to give the operator a share of the credit for "Mozart's Requiem," but nevertheless vital, as we have seen.

Then the organist if he be hasty, as musicians some times are, and profane, a point on which trustees don't inquire too deeply,—says to the operator on the pump-handle, "Why in blank don't you blow." Whereupon the pump handle man who perhaps fell asleep, stands awakened and rebuked, pumps in a supply of fresh air and the pipes wake up to their duty, and all goes merrily.

But in the church below, and in the side galleries around about, are banks of human keys that are responding to the touch of the occupant of the pulpit. He holds and sways them in his powerful discourse. Suddenly one white-headed old key does'nt respond, or does it with [illegible] and a nodding head, and eyes closed to the vanities of the world. Then a leghorn bonnet hides two sleepy eyes, and all over the house the preacher begins to find keys that don't respond. He goes on, sad that he cannot keep his flock awake, humiliated for himself, pitiful for the congregation, and all the while the trouble and difficulty rests with the twin-brother of the pump-handle operator on the organ loft, the sexton who has taken the contract to supply the house with fresh air and —don't do it.

In our view, whether one "would rather be a door-keeper in the house of the Lord than to dwell in the tents of wickedness" depends very much upon what percentage of loss of good doctrine is to be set down to the account of these "door-keepers" who pay no regard to the ventilation of their respective churches. We can easily imagine that some we wot of, in this view, are deeply in arrears, and would fare better in the "tents."

Churches, too many of them, are built in the first place to save fuel by being air-tight. Then an ingenious stupidity is exercised, tenderly to shut in the impure atmosphere left by a crowded congregation at the end of Sabbath service, to be "warmed over" on the ensuing Lord's day. Is it a wonder sleepy auditors listen to sermons sleepily delivered. We could particularize and mention a splendid church, but we wont, which seems to have been built after the model of one of the Hermetically Sealed Fruit Cans of the esteemed Mr. Arthur, where not a breath of air stirs of a Sunday, save at the fluttering of palm leaf fans.

Where shall the indignation meeting be held to call the sextons to their duty? How shall this great public grievance be ventilated, to the end of ventilating the churches? Pastors cannot get out of temper and say to the sextons, "Why the blank don't you give my hearers fresh air," yet this is the need of the church audience room as of the organ loft. What is to be done about it?

A Chapter of Accidents.

—The infant son of Jacob Berge, twenty months old, was drowned in a tub of water at his father's door, on Hubbard street, near Clybourn avenue, Thursday afternoon.

—A singular accident, that came near being of most serious consequences, took place at Russell's foundry, on West Kinzie street, on Thursday afternoon, by the carelessness of a boozy workman who spilt a part of the contents of a ladle filled with molten iron, into the boots of a comrade, who, dropping his own ladle splashed the fiery fluid [illegible] in a stream of molten lava upon the floor. There was then and there much hurrying to and from a smell of burnt boots, and a general endangering of the whole premises. Some of the workmen were severely burned, but none fatally.

—A drayman named Daniel Smith, fell from his loaded dray on South Water street, a day or two since, and his leg was crushed beneath the wheel.

—A pair of noble bays took a flying excursion in their own behalf, on West Washington street yesterday morning, wrecking the carriage against a lamp-post, and creating a general smash up. Under the same class of stirring events is the spirited runaway of a horse attached to a buggy belonging to Chas. Hare, which took fright Thursday evening and came tearing down Madison street at a frightful rate. It was stopped on Market street without much damage to the vehicle, and no person injured.

The Children's Home.

MESSRS EDITORS: The attention of the public was called some two months since, to an institution founded by some of our benevolent la- [illegible]

THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS.—H. E. Rounds and Edward Bliss, formerly connected with the Chicago *Leader*, have purchased half of the *Rocky Mountain News*, a paper published in Denver City.

LOCAL MATTERS.

☞ Go to John Jones, 119 Dearborn street and get your clothes cleaned and repaired. They will be well done and at prices to suit the times.

☞ Now is the time to bring your Lard, Astral, Camphene and Fluid Lamps, and have them altered to burn that economical and brilliant non-explosive light—Kerosene Oil—at Noble's Lamp and Oil Emporium—122 Clark street, between Washington and Madison sts. jy28 2w

GAS FIXTURES.—Large invoice of new styles just received by H. M. WILMARTH, 75 South Clark street. jy28-6t

☞ Miller's Hair Invigorator—the best in use. S. T. Hackley, agent, 302 State street. je20-3m.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Rev. Mr. Wolcott's (New England Church) have voted to discontinue the Sabbath evening discourse during the remaining Sabbaths of the summer.

—Miss Ella E. Gibson, (Spiritualist), will lecture at Kingsbury Hall to-morrow (Sunday,) at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 7½ o'clock P. M.

—Church of the Ascension—Protestant Episcopal—on Oak street, near the corner of Wells, N. D., is open for Divine service every Sunday at 10 o'clock, A. M., and 7½ o'clock P. M. Sunday School at 2 P. M. Rev. William [illegible], Rector.

DIED.

July 27th, 1860, ROBERT McLAIN, aged 77 years.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at the Tear House, to-day (Saturday) at 1½ o'clock precisely, as the remains are to be taken to the Rosehill Cemetery on the 2½ o'clock train.

☞ Montreal and Toronto papers please copy.

New Advertisements.

☞ *C. B. SCRIVEN, Advertising Agent, 68 Dearborn st. is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West.* ja1-b894-y

CHAMBERLAIN & SEYMOUR, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, For the purchase and sale of GRAIN, FLOUR, PRODUCE & MERCHANDISE, No. 1 Pardee's Building, corner of Wells and South Water street, Chicago, Illinois. Liberal advances made on consignments. F. V. CHAMBERLAIN, H. W. SEYMOUR. [dc16 '58

WANTED.—A good Piano Teacher, to take charge of the Musical Department of a Female Seminary, in Lafayette, Ky. A gentleman preferred. Inquire immediately at ROOT & CADY'S Music Store. jy28x1t

TO MILL OWNERS.—The undersigned desires to rent a Flouring Mill, or would take a situation as head miller in a first class mill. Good reference given if desired. Address A. F. COLBURN, Jefferson, Wis. jy28x2w

LOST—Two Brass Keys.—Lost yesterday morning, between Lake and Adams, on LaSalle or Wells street, two Brass Keys. Any one finding them and leaving them at this office, will be liberally rewarded. jy28x2t

FOUND—Near the grounds where the Universalist Pic-Nic was held, on the 20th inst., a Gold Bracelet. The owner can have the same by calling at No. 157 West Washington street, and paying for this notice. jy28 c805 3t

WANTED—To Purchase A STOCK OF DRY GOODS Of twenty to thirty thousand dollars. A note addressed to Box 1330, where an interview can be had, will receive attention. jy28x1t

RESIDENCE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A desirable residence on Wabash avenue. Furniture in good order, and will be sold very cheap. Address Post Office Drawer 2893. jy28x3t

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND OTHERS.—A Consignment of MASSILLON PIG IRON, Of superior quality, just received and for sale on favorable terms. THOMAS HALE, jy28x1w No. 2 North Wells st., adjoining the Bridge.

TO MERCHANTS.—A young man who has been engaged in the Commission Business in St. Louis for a number of years, is desirous of locating in Chicago, and wishes to obtain a situation either as Salesman or Book-Keeper. Has a large acquaintance through Iowa, Illinois and Missouri and would have no objection to travel to solicit consignments or orders. Chicago as well as St. Louis references can be given. Address "H," Box 2354, Chicago, Ill. jy28x3t

CAMPAIGN DOCUMENTS.

Bartlett's Life of Lincoln. Price, $1.00.
Wigwam " " and Hamlin; 25c.
Howell's " " $1.
Campaign Impending Crisis; 50c.
Hutchinson's Republican Songster; 10c.
Bob-link Minstrel; 10c. Wide-Awake Vocalist; 10c.
Lincoln Note and Letter Paper.
" Envelopes.
Portraits of Lincoln at $1.50; $1; 50c, and 20c. each.
Lincoln Badges, assorted colors; 10c.
" Medals; 25c.
Douglas Note and Letter Paper. " Candidates.
" Envelopes.
Portraits of Douglas at $1.50, $1, 50c, and 20c each.
Douglas Badges, assorted colors; 10c. Douglas Medals; 25c. Sheahan's Life of Douglas; $1. Flint's Life of Douglas, $1. Campaign Life of Douglas, 30c. Portraits of Breckinridge, 50c. Republican Banner with portraits, 25c. Democratic Banner with portraits, 25c. Lincoln Flags, all sizes. Douglas Flags, all sizes.
Orders for any of the above articles will receive prompt attention. Liberal discounts made to the trade and agents.
We are prepared to fill orders for any campaign documents needed by Republicans or Democrats.
Address [illegible] KEEN, Wholesale Bookseller and Stationer, jy28 148 Lake street, Chicago.

CAMPAIGN DOCUMENTS.

LIVES OF LINCOLN AND HAMLIN. Authentic Edition. By Wm D. Howels and John L. Hayes. 404 pages, with Steel Portraits. Price, $1 00.

A SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN. By J. Q. Howard. For general circulation. 60 pages. Price, 10 cents.

DEBATES OF DOUGLAS AND LINCOLN IN ILLINOIS IN 1858. 25,000 copies of this have been sold. 1 volume of 270 pages, royal octavo. Cloth, 50 cents; paper, 35 cents.

THE CAUCUSES OF 1860: A Complete History of the National Political Conventions. Reprinted from the Correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial. By M. Halstead. 232 pages. Cloth, 50 cents; paper, 35 cents.

THE EXILES OF FLORIDA. By Joshua R. Giddings. [illegible]

Wanted.

WANTED.—By a man who has had six years experience in Mercantile business IN THIS CITY, a situation in either a whole sale or retail or commission house, as salesman or traveling agent. Good city reference given. Address "W. W.," box 1261 Post Office. jy28 1t

WANTED—To exchange, a good Livery Stock, consisting of Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Harnesses, &c., for a small improved Farm within forty or fifty miles of Chicago, or a good House and Lot in Chicago, South Side preferred. Address WALKER SHERMAN, Box 569, or call at 76 Randolph street, Chicago. jy14-c731 1m

WANTED—A Lady from New Haven, Conn., who has been engaged several years as a Governess at the South, desires a situation in the West as GOVERNESS or TEACHER in a family. Is competent to teach English branches and the French language; also, young pupils in music and drawing. Satisfactory references given. Address "W. H." Press and Tribune Office. jy21-c756-3w

WANTED—Agents Wanted.—201 active Agents wanted through Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Iowa and Wisconsin, to sell ten new and saleable articles that afford from 100 to 300 per cent profit. Papers giving this two insertions will receive one of Mendel's Great Portraits of Lincoln. Size 21 by 28 inches. Address with stamp, GARRISON & CO., Post Office Box 3871, Chicago, Ill. jy25 c818 1m

WET NURSE—Wanted, by a healthy young woman a situation as Wet Nurse. Also, a situation for an Englishman and his wife.—The man to do farming, gardening or to take charge of horses; the woman, cooking. Can be heard of at MRS. BATES', 171 Washington street. jy21x3t

MILLER WANTED.—A Single Man competent to fill the post of second miller, can hear of a desirable situation in a new Water Mill in Kalamazoo, Mich., by applying to ARTEMAS CARTER, 15 & 17 South Wells street. jy21 c782 2w

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY. Wanted for service on our Frontiers, young, able bodied men, of good character, to whom will be given good pay, board, clothing and medical attendance. Also, Musicians for the third Infantry Band. Pay ranging from **$11 to $22 per Month**, ACCORDING TO MERIT. Recruiting Rendezvous at 156 South Clark street, Chicago. [illegible]

For Sale.

FOR SALE—At a very great bargain, a handsome Rosewood, full Iron Frame New PIANO FORTE, made with all the latest improvements, will be sold very cheap if applied for soon. Apply at 136 West Madison st., upstairs. jy28x1w

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A Warehouse in the country, where two hundred thousand bushels of grain will be purchased this year. The warehouse is complete, horse power and sheller on. Apply through P. O. Box 2336. jy21 c770 1m

PIANO FOR SALE.—A Second-Hand six and a half octave Piano, nearly new, by one of the best makers, of fine tone, very heavy and handsome case. For sale at much below its original cost. Apply by letter, addressed to P. O. Drawer No. 4493, Chicago. jy21-c764-2w

FOR SALE.—Get up in the world. EVERY ONE WANTS A LADDER. I have on hand a lot of first quality LADDERS of Eastern Manufacture, made from best of New York Spruce Timber. They are from 12 to 24 feet in length. To close them out I will sell them in lots of 100 feet or more at 9c per foot, and by the single Ladder at 10c. T. M. HIBBARD, 113 Kinzie street, Chicago. jy17-c752 1m

TO BUTCHERS.—I offer to sell my butchering establishment, containing a market, smoke house, ice room, slaughter house, fat room, yards, horses, wagons, steam chopper, &c., doing the best business in the place. Address box 113 Galesburg, Knox county Illinois. jy12a1m

WABASH AVENUE.—FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN. Fifty feet with an east front on Wabash avenue, a few rods south of Twelfth street. The larger part of the purchase money on four years time at 8 eight per cent. Address S. J. LEARNED, Post Office Box 2969, Chicago. jy25-c791-1w

FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—A gentleman wishing to depart for Europe is desirous of selling his new large Dwelling House and lot on very easy terms. The house was built in May this year, has all the modern improvements, is surrounded by handsome garden trees, etc. On the lot is erected a stable and carriage shed. The ground is in one of the most beautiful localities; fronting 66 feet on Cottage Grove avenue, near Douglas' Place, and has the same front on Ellis avenue by 300 feet deep. Purchasers will apply to LOEB & BAUM, Room No. 7 Metropolitan Block. jy21x1w

COMO MILLS FOR SALE.—The above property, situated in Como, Whiteside County, Illinois, is offered for sale on easy terms, in consequence of the decease of one of the partners. The Mill is on the banks of the Rock River, has six pairs of 4½ feet burrs, and a fall of 15 feet. Its power is supplied by the Elk Horn Creek, **A Never Failing Stream.** It is situated in one of the best wheat growing regions in the West, with railroad communication to Chicago and Fulton. For further information apply to Messrs. D. L. QUIRK & CO., Chicago, or to S. LEHMAN SMITH, on the premises. [illegible]

FLOURING MILL FOR SALE! PEORIA, ILLINOIS. This Mill has been newly built and contains every modern improvement. The most complete mills in the State, and fitted with two pairs of Ramil's Patent Burrs, each of which will make 10 barrels per hour, making great yield and better quality of flour than can be made by the old process, wheat for wheat. THE WHOLE OR PART INTEREST is for sale on the Premises [illegible] business part of the city, on Water street, Peoria, on the bank of the Illinois River, with a railway passing in front, in the centre of a large grain growing district and easy access to the Eastern and Southern markets. The crops in the surrounding neighborhood promise great abundance and offer an opportunity to make a large fortune to a man of enterprise and sufficient means to stock it. [illegible] Patent Burrs may be seen at work, and patent rights obtained [illegible] jy1x1m

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A Steam Flouring Mill in Fulton City, Whiteside County, Illinois. The Mill has three run of 4 feet 9 inch French Burrs—two pair for wheat and one for corn. The two run can make one hundred barrels of Flour in twenty-four hours; and the husk is fitted up for the fourth run of burrs. This Mill has a large Custom Work, and any amount of wheat can be bought at the Mill. The Chicago Railroad right to the Mill door, and the Mississippi River to St. Louis and New Orleans. This Mill was built by and for one of the firm of Thomas Bradford & Co., who has been in the mill business for over twenty years, and is one of the BEST ARRANGED AND MOST CONVENIENT Mills of its size in the West, and everything in the best of order. Part payment will be taken in real estate in Cincinnati or vicinity. For further information apply to JOHN FLACK, at the Mill, or to JOHN BRADFORD, jy9x3w 59 Walnut street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STEAM FLOURING MILL For Sale at a Bargain! ON EASTERN ACCOUNT. A new Mill, built of stone in the most substantial manner; Engine new, and cost $2,000; all the machinery, bolts, &c., &c., in good order; wood cheap, and in the midst of a Wheat growing region—both of spring and winter wheat. The Mill has been run by water and can be adapted for [illegible]

PRESS AND TRIBUNE ADVERTISING SCHEDULE.

The following are the rates of advertising in the DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE: One Square, (8 lines), one insertion; each subsequent day, (3t $1; $2); two weeks, (2w $7); one month, (1m $9); three months, (4m $15); six months, (9m $25); one year, 30.00.

☞ A Schedule of Prices for more space than one Square can be seen at the Counting Room.

☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.

☞ All changes charged 50 cents per Square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE: $1.00 per Square, each week, for first month. 2.00 " " for each subsequent month. 26.00 " " full year.

Auction Sales.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON—Auctioneers, 82 Lake street. *A Fine Invoice of Hardware direct from the Importer, at Auction.* We will sell on THIS (Saturday) MORNING at 9½ o'clock, at our salesroom, 82 Lake street, a fine assortment of Hardware all in perfect order, and direct from the Importer, consisting in part of Table and Pocket Cutlery, Butts and Screws, Locks of various kinds, Candle Sticks, Tin Locks, Tea and Table Spoons, Hand Saws, Trace Chains, Axes, Augers, Chisels, Scissors, Shears, Sad Irons, Horse, Scrub and Blacking Brushes, Bed Cords, &c., &c., all of which is to be sold for cash without reserve. Also, a fine lot of Teas in metallic caddies. jy28-c808 1t GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auctioneers, 82 Lake street. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Carpets, Bedsteads, Washstands, &c., AT AUCTION. On SATURDAY, July 28th, at 9½ o'clock, we will sell at our salesrooms, No. 82 Lake street a large and superior assortment of Mahogany, Walnut and Oak PARLOR, BEDROOM AND DININGROOM FURNITURE, In variety of styles. Enameled Cottage Chamber Setts, almost ten pieces, Plain and full Marble Top Chamber Suits, in Rosewood, Oak, Walnut and Mahogany. Carpets of various kinds and in any quantity. BEDSTEADS AND WASHSTANDS. Forty Chairs and Walnut Bedsteads, Thirty-four Walnut Washstands, and many other articles will be offered at the same time. Sale positive and without reserve. jy27 c802 t GILBERT & SAMPSON, Auct'rs.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., GENERAL AUCTIONEERS, 46, 48 & 50 DEARBORN STREET, Directly opposite the Tremont House. [illegible]

Amusements.

FLORAL FESTIVAL.—The Norwegian Society "NORA," will give an entertainment at GERMAN HALL, Wells street, on *Friday Evening, July 27th.* Music, Singing and Dancing will be the principal features of the evening. Admission of gentleman and lady $1 00. Refreshments are provided for. jy26 c [illegible]

THE TENTH EXHIBITION OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURES AND MECHANIC ARTS, Including Agricultural Implements and Products, under the direction of the **Chicago Mechanic's Institute**, Will be opened at the WIGWAM, in Chicago, on Tuesday Evening, August 28th, 1860, and continue until Thursday Evening, September 6th. N. B.—Competition open to the entire country. All articles for exhibition should be directed to "The Exhibition of Mechanic's Institute, Chicago, Ill." jy20 c767 6w JAMES HOLLINGSWORTH, Superintendent of Exhibition.

GREAT VICTORIA BRIDGE OPEN. This immense iron structure, nearly two miles in length, (the longest in the world) erected across the RIVER ST. LAWRENCE At Montreal, at a cost of Six and a half Millions of Dollars, to connect the Eastern and Western divisions of the *Grand Trunk Railway* OF CANADA, Is now open for public traffic. This road, of nearly 1,100 miles in length, is operated under ONE MANAGEMENT FROM DETROIT, MICH., TO PORTLAND, ME. And there is only ONE CHANGE OF CARS From Chicago or the Mississippi River to Portland or Boston. Quickest and most convenient route for travel between the South & West and Canada and New England. Passengers and freight booked through to all parts of Canada and the New England States, also to and from **Chicago and Liverpool,** And the Continent of Europe, at considerably reduced rates by the only regular weekly line of UNITED STATES AND EUROPEAN MAIL STEAMERS, sailing from Quebec every Saturday, and from Liverpool every Wednesday throughout the year. For further particulars apply to WALTER SHANLY, General Manager, Montreal. JAS. WARRACK, Gen'l Western Agent, No. 12 Lake street, jy1-latpg Under the Adams House, Chicago.

UNITED STATES MAIL,—Only Weekly Line to **CORK, LIVERPOOL,** And all the principal cities of Great Britain and the Continent of Europe, calling at Queenstown, (Cork) Ireland. THE MONTREAL MAIL **Ocean Steamship Company's** First class full powered Clyde built steamers in connection with the GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY of Canada, sail every Saturday from Quebec, carrying the United States and Canada Mails and passengers.

Bohemian, McMaster	Nova Scotian, Capt. Borland	
North Briton " Grange,	N'th American, " Arion,	
Anglo Saxon " Balantine,	Canadian, (new)	

Two new ships, (building)

Quickest, Cheapest and most comfortable sea passage. Fare from Chicago or Milwaukee to Queenstown (Cork) or Liverpool:

First Class, according to stateroom .... $89 and $103.
Steerage, found with cooked provisions .... $45.
Return Tickets, First Class, good for 6 months, $160 and 204.
Steerage .... $58 and 96.

Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns of Great Britain and Ireland, [illegible] very reduced rates. For freight or passage apply to the Company's General Agents, Sibel & Searle, 19 Water street, Liverpool, Cork and Dublin, and 23 Broadway, New York, Wm. Graham, Detroit & Milwaukee R. R., Milwaukee, or to JAMES WARRACK, Grand Trunk Railway Office, dy1atp 12 Lake-St., under Adams House, Chicago.

Fire, Marine and Life.

SPRINGFIELD F. & M. INS. CO., OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS. Capital and Surplus $448,517.00

MASSASOIT FIRE INS. CO., OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS. Capital and Surplus $212,196.31

HOPE FIRE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus $215,576.61

HANOVER FIRE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus $244,666.01

KNICKERBOCKER LIFE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK. Capital and Surplus $234,289.49

CARLILE BOYD, T. G. VAN BUREN, } Agents. No. 1 Dole's Building, cor. South Water and Clark streets. [dc23 b882-9m 1st pl

SEWING MACHINE AGENTS. [illegible]

PRESS AND TRIBUNE
Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly.
OFFICE NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

The Press and Tribune.

VOLUME XIV. | CHICAGO, SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1860. | NUMBER 23.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE ADVERTISING SCHEDULE.
The following are the rates of advertising in the DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

Press & Tribune.

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1860.

HON. E. B. WASHBURNE.

This faithful and able representative of the people was re-nominated for Congress by the 1st District Convention, at Rockford, on Thursday—receiving a majority of all the votes cast on the second ballot.

AFTER HARVEST.

We understand that measures have been taken to secure the presence and services of a number of the most distinguished speakers in the United States, in Illinois, after the harvest is off the hands of the people. Appointments will then be made for them as rapidly as is consistent with their other engagements. The farmers are now struggling with a bountiful crop. After that is secured, Northern Illinois will be shaken up to a majority for Old Abe which will cut and Republicans themselves.

PENNSYLVANIA.

"Secession" is the order of the day in Pennsylvania. A portion of the Douglas members of the Democratic State Executive Committee a short time since called a State Convention and mass-meeting to be held at Harrisburg on the 26th inst., to nominate a new electoral ticket. Another portion of the Douglas faction of the same Committee protested loudly against the movement, and denounced Haldeman and Forney for their agency in it. Nevertheless the Convention was held, the ticket nominated, and everything is now at sixes and sevens in the Douglas camp. There are now three electoral tickets in the field: 1. Lincoln Republican; 2. Breckinridge and Douglas Democratic; 3. Douglas Democratic pure and simple. Is any one so blind as not to see the November issue of this medley?

HON. I. N. ARNOLD.

After a struggle between him and his competitor which is without precedent, in this district, for its length, and we had almost said, bitterness, Mr. I. N. Arnold was nominated for Congress by the Republican Convention at Dixon, on Thursday last. The nomination was made in accordance with party usage, and expresses the will of the Republicans of the district, as it certainly does the will of the party in Cook county. We take it for granted that the bad blood which has been engendered in the preliminary canvass of the rival candidates will not be remembered by either party now that the struggle has come to an end; but that the Arnold men and Farnsworth men will engage in a new but friendly strife to determine who will do the most for HONEST OLD ABE and the Republican ticket. The great interests that are staked on this campaign do not admit of lukewarmness on the part of any of the friends of Republican principles; and the party will not hold him guiltless who imperils the success of a great cause by moping over a small disappointment in the choice of men.

THE MOBBING BUSINESS.

The Douglasites of Southern Illinois have taken revenge on the mobbing of their candidate for Vice President at Macon, Ga., by mobbing Rev. J. J. Ferree, at Cairo, on the occasion of his making a Republican speech in that city a few days since. We learn these facts from the Cairo *Gazette*, the Douglas organ of Alexander county. Mr. Ferree is an old resident of "Egypt," has for a long time been a clergyman of the Methodist Church in Wayne county, and lives now in the town of Lebanon, St. Clair county. He was assaulted while speaking at Cairo, with a shower of eggs, one of which, says the *Gazette*, struck him squarely in the face. ...

A CORRECTION.

We have received an angry and abusive letter from Hennepin, from a person signing himself "T. F. Greble," in relation to the sale of the *Standard* of that place to the Squatters. ...

Political Discussion at the Wigwam.

The Two Slave Code Parties.

Hon. F. A. Hoffmann.

THE ZOUAVES.

Their Visit to Boston and Salem.

The New York Herald on the Crisis.

THE CITY.

Auction Sales this Morning.

HELD TO BAIL.—The boy burglars have been held to bail in $300 each.

PIKE'S PEAK.

WATCH-STUFFING.

POWDER LICENSES.

OTTIGNON IN MILWAUKEE.

THE CADETS.

METROPOLITAN GYMNASIUM.

ANOTHER PORTRAIT OF LINCOLN.

INQUEST.

TO-DAY'S EXCURSION TO COLD SPRING GROVE.

MASS SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT.

REMEMBER THE WIDOW AND THE FATHERLESS.

DOCKET FOR THE RECORDER'S COURT.

The Home Field of Missions.

A Chapter of Accidents.

The Children's Home.

The Solemn Responsibility of Sextons.

THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS.—H. E. Rounds and Edward Bliss, formerly connected with the Chicago *Leader*, have purchased half of the *Rocky Mountain News*, a paper published in Denver City.

LOCAL MATTERS.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

DIED.

New Advertisements.

CHAMBERLAIN & SEYMOUR, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, GRAIN, FLOUR, PRODUCE & MERCHANDISE.

WANTED—A Piano.

TO MILL OWNERS.

LOST—Two Brass Keys.

FOUND—Near the grounds where ...

WANTED—To Purchase A STOCK OF DRY GOODS

RESIDENCE TO LET AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND OTHERS.—MASSILLON PIG IRON.

TO MERCHANTS.

CAMPAIGN DOCUMENTS.

CAMPAIGN DOCUMENTS.

Wanted.

WANTED.—By a man who has ...

WANTED—To exchange, a good ...

WANTED—A Lady from New ...

WANTED—Agents Wanted.

WET NURSE—Wanted, by a ...

MILLER WANTED.—A Single ...

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY. $11 to $22 per Month.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—At a very great bargain ...

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A ...

PIANO FOR SALE—A Second-hand ...

FOR SALE.—Get up in the world.

TO BUTCHERS.—I offer to sell ...

WABASH AVENUE. FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

COMO MILLS FOR SALE.

A Never Failing Stream.

FLOURING MILL FOR SALE!

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

STEAM FLOURING MILL For Sale at a Bargain! ON EASTERN ACCOUNT.

Auction Sales.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON— Auctioneers, 81 Lake street. A Fine Invoice of Hardware direct from the Importer, at Auction.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Carpets, Bedsteads, Washstands, &c., AT AUCTION.

WM. A. BUTTERS & CO., GENERAL AUCTIONEERS, 46, 48 & 50 DEARBORN STREET.

Amusements.

FLORAL FESTIVAL.

THE TENTH EXHIBITION OF AMERICAN MANUFACTURES AND MECHANIC ARTS. Chicago Mechanic's Institute.

GREAT VICTORIA BRIDGE OVER THE RIVER ST. LAWRENCE. Grand Trunk Railway OF CANADA. ONE CHANGE OF CARS

Chicago and Liverpool.

UNITED STATES MAIL.—CORK, LIVERPOOL, THE MONTREAL MAIL Ocean Steamship Company's

Fire, Marine and Life.

SPRINGFIELD F. & M. INS. CO., OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

MASSASOIT FIRE INS. CO., OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

HOPE FIRE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK.

HANOVER FIRE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK.

KNICKERBOCKER LIFE INS. CO., OF NEW YORK.

SEWING MACHINE AGENTS.

The Douglasites of Southern Illinois have taken revenge on the mobbing of their candidate for Vice President at Macon, Ga., by mobbing Rev. J. J. Ferree, at Cairo, on the occasion of his making a Republican speech in that city a few days since. We learn these facts from the Cairo *Gazette*, the Douglas organ of Alexander county. Mr. Ferree is an old resident of "Egypt," has for a long time been a clergyman of the Methodist Church in Wayne county, and lives now in the town of Lebanon, St. Clair county. He was assaulted while speaking at Cairo, with a shower of eggs, one of which, says the *Gazette*, struck him squarely in the face. If anything exhibits the degeneration of the Democracy in this State more fully than the sale of the Chicago *Times* to the Chicago *Herald*, it is this infernal outrage on the person of a peaceful and law-abiding clergyman. We assure the Cairo lynchers that they are laying up for themselves wrath against the day of wrath!

Simultaneously with this news comes the report of an assault on a number of Republicans in Occoquan, Va., who were engaged in the peaceful business of raising a Lincoln banner. It is gratifying to know that the parties assailed defended themselves manfully, and at last accounts stuck to their colors. It would seem that the time has come when the first principles uttered in the Declaration of Independence, and the most sacred rights guaranteed to the American people in the Constitution of the United States, are again to be fought for and again to be lost or won.

A Correction.

We have received an angry and abusive letter from Hennepin, from a person signing himself "T. F. Greble," in relation to the sale of the *Standard* of that place to the Squatters. A recent editorial paragraph on the subject, is alleged by this individual to have done the "editor" of the sheet in question, injustice.

It appears from what we can gather from Mr. Greble's ill-natured letter, that the publisher and editor of the *Standard* were different persons—that the former owned the concern, and the latter was merely employed to edit it, and had nothing to do with the sale of the sheet to the Squatters.

We supposed that the owner was also the editor. Hence the error into which we fell. We regret having confounded the employee, who still claims to be a Republican, with the person who sold himself, as we were only after the fellow who is described in the Secretary of the Rep. Club's letter, as "one of those erratic "characters whose political whereabouts is at all "times extremely problematical; as having no "settled, well defined principles, and by common consent, he was dubbed 'scattering,' and "consequently not the man to conduct a Republican paper."

We presume this is all the explanation that is necessary in the case.

The Dixon Resolutions.

At the Congressional Convention at Dixon, Mr. Larned, of Cook, by leave, offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the Republican party of the First Congressional District, in Convention assembled, again express their loyalty to the great principles of liberty and the rights of man embraced in that noble political platform adopted by the National Convention at Chicago.

Resolved, That we congratulate the Republicans of the State and throughout the Union, upon the nomination of that noble son of Illinois, Abraham Lincoln, for the office of President of the United States, recognizing in him the man of the people, whose incorruptible integrity has never known a stain, whose distinguished talents fit him to adorn any station, and whose unfaltering devotion to the cause of free principles make him the fitting leader of the party of Freedom in the great contest which is impending.

Resolved, That we congratulate the Republican party on the auspicious prospects of the approaching canvass, and look forward with assured conviction to the election of Lincoln and Hamlin by an overwhelming majority in November next.

Resolved, That we recognize in Hannibal Hamlin a pure and true leader in the Republican party, whose distinguished services entitles him to the confidence of the party, and a fit nominee for the office of Vice President of the United States.

Resolved, That we heartily indorse the nominations for State offices of our late State Convention, recognizing in Richard Yates a glorious champion of the great cause of free labor and the rights of man, who will lead us to a glorious victory.

Hoffmann in the Galena District.

The Republican Convention of the First Congressional District met at Rockford, day before yesterday. The following resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That the Hon. Francis A. Hoffmann be requested to reconsider his resignation, and to allow his name to be used as Republican candidate for Lieut. Governor.

Attempt at Burglary.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

DOVER, Ill., July 27, 1860.

Our store was entered by burglars last night, between eleven and half-past one o'clock. They were interrupted by our coming to the store accidentally, and left without being seen, having drilled a hole into the safe-door to the depth of 2½ inches. They left their tools, (bits, chisels, etc.,) which they took from a wagon shop in town, also half a pound of powder and a package of edibles collected in the store.

A similar affair occurred in Tiskilwa, recently, when a safe was opened with powder, and two hundred dollars taken; two horses were stolen from that vicinity the same night. If these things continue, it stands men in hand to brush up their revolvers and keep their powder dry; also to deposit their money or spend it as fast as received, which we intend to do in future. Yours truly,

STEELE & HUBBARD.

deception.

The New York Herald on the Crisis.

[From the Herald, July 26th.]

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM PENNSYLVANIA—DOUGLAS ABANDONED BY FORNEY, HICKMAN & CO.—The anti-Lecompton Democracy of Pennsylvania, led by Forney, Hickman & Co., are showing themselves in their true colors, as will be seen by the highly important speech in another column, delivered by John Hickman, in the Concert Hall, Philadelphia, on Tuesday evening, the 24th inst., in which he formally announces the abandonment of Douglas, and comes out boldly for Lincoln.

Mr. Hickman declares Douglas far inferior to Breckinridge; he gives a scathing record of the Illinois Senator's career, and pronounces that the only safety for the country lies in supporting Lincoln.

This is all for the better. It will narrow the contest to the only two issues involved in it, and will strip it of all the ambiguity and humbug with which it has been invested. We always predicted that the anti-Lecompton Democracy would come to this. We knew that Forney, having received his office as Clerk of the House from the Republicans, should give them his support, tacitly, if not openly; but Hickman is an honest, outspoken man, and he comes out in this speech frankly and above board for anti-slavery and the Black Republican candidate. By thus abandoning Douglas, and going bodily into the Republican camp, the anti-Lecompton Democrats have put the stamp upon the true issues of the Presidential battle. With them it is evident that Douglas is to be no longer recognized as a representative of either issue. Opposition to Breckinridge and the Democratic party, and support of Lincoln and the Black Republicans, is the battle cry they have adopted. Douglas must follow them, or be counted out—dropped, abandoned by his quondam friends.

OUTSIDE JOINT STOCK ARRANGEMENTS.—A joint stock electoral ticket between the Bell party and the Douglas party of Georgia has been agreed upon; but it does not appear to create much enthusiasm in the camp of either of the high contracting parties. Indeed, when we consider that the Bell-Everett party is made up from the remains of the late American or Know Nothing party, and that the Douglas party looks with confidence to a very large share of "the Irish vote," we must conclude that all attempts to mix these opposing elements will be very apt to fail. If Mr. Douglas has to be run upon crutches in Georgia it would be best to take him off the track, and if Mr. Bell is so weak in Georgia as to need the aid of Douglas, it would be a wise thing on the part of Mr. Bell to withdraw. The fight is between Lincoln and Breckinridge, and all outside arrangements like this between the Bell party and the Douglas party in Georgia will come to nothing.

MR. DOUGLAS IN THE SOUTH.—It is very evident that from day to day the little party in the South devoted to the interests of Mr. Douglas is diminishing, while that of Breckinridge is gaining strength from all sides. We dare say that all doubts of the ull vote of the South for Breckinridge will soon be removed. We should not be surprised, indeed, if the popular sentiment of the South were to assume in a month or so a shape so decisive in defence of Southern institutions as to render an advocate of Douglas in that section as unpopular as a follower of Lincoln. The issue has already assumed, in several instances in the South, something of this complexion.

The best thing that Mr. Douglas and Mr. Johnson can do, and the best thing that Mr. Bell and Mr. Everett can do, in this crisis, for themselves, their friends and the country, is to withdraw from this Presidential canvass, so as remove all obstructions to a fair fight between Lincoln and Breckinridge, the only two candidates for President who will be heard of in the electoral vote of the Union.

"Fusion" in New Jersey.

[From the N. Y. Tribune, 26th.]

Three State Conventions met at Trenton yesterday to form Electoral Tickets for the Presidential election. First there was one called by the Democratic State Committee; this consisted of 420 supporters of Breckinridge and 120 supporters of Douglas; this body nominated a Fusion ticket, consisting of three Breckinridge men, three Bell men, and one so-called Douglas man; if the vote of the State will elect any one of the three candidates then all these Electors are to go for him; if not, they are to vote as they please, provided that in no event are they to vote for Lincoln. This Convention was very dull and entirely undisturbed.

Next there was the Bell and Everett Convention, where there was a lively time, and where the charge of Commercial Purposes was much dwelt upon. This body nominated a full ticket, giving the State Committee power to fill vacancies.

Finally there was a straight Douglas Convention called by the New Jersey members of the Democratic National Committee, which was by far the most enthusiastic and harmonious of the three. Here a full Douglas ticket was nominated, *not* including the so-called Douglas man on the Fusion ticket. The voice of this Convention was all for war.

It will be easy to raise a howl against the straight Douglasites as proscriptive and injudicious, but in fact they have done what they must. Mr. Douglas' prospect is so blue that it is almost black; but if he has any chance at all, it must be in his character of Regular Democratic candidate, and in the unity and enthusiasm of his adherents. The moment he abjures his claim to regularity and goes trafficking and dickering with odds and ends of factions, he is visibly "gone in." Whoever may or might be elected in the House, he plainly cannot be; and split tickets can at best only serve to carry the election into the House. Mr. Douglas' friends, therefore, must and will fight their battle squarely, for every trade means that they are counted out. They must go their own road.

And this makes the course of the pretended Bell leaders of this State more indefensible. They pretend to be meditating a speckled electoral ticket; but that cannot be. The Douglas men cannot afford thus to confess judgment. They must run a clean Douglas ticket, and they will. They may support Hunt for Governor and Brooks or some other of the brokers for Congress; but they can put no man on their electoral ticket who is not openly for Douglas. In other words, they may buy the Bell leaders, if they do not hold themselves too high; but they cannot give and take with them.

The mistake of the wireworkers inheres in their forgetting that the people are honest and earnest. While Brooks and Hunt are only anxious to beat Lincoln, no matter with whom, the real Bell men are for Bell, and have hardly a choice among his rivals. The Douglas men, the Breckinridge men, are likewise in earnest.

—in some cases [illegible] high, was [illegible], as $15. Throughout the day this general phrase was "The drill of the Zouaves at the Boston theatre. Everybody is going."

This proved true. Nearly everybody was present, including hundreds of ladies, who appear to have taken wonderfully to the Zouaves and their movements.

THE THEATRE

Presented a fine sight. It was crowded in every part, the distant amphitheatre, where seats were at all desirable, not excepted. Such a gathering has hardly before been witnessed in this famous temple. Among the audience were Mayor Lincoln, various members of the city government, Senator Wilson, Hon. Anson Burlingame, prominent military gentlemen, clergymen and others. Not only were the seats all filled, but every available standing point. Wherever an eye could obtain a glance, or a foot a hold, was to be seen an eager spectator. All classes of our citizens were fully represented. The stage was fully cleared to its entire depth, and presented ample capacity for the display about to take place.

[The description of the drill need not be repeated here.]

SPEECH OF MANAGER BARRY.

At this period of the evening's entertainment Thomas Barry, Esq., the manager of the theatre, came forward and addressed the audience. He said that certain members of the Second Battalion had told him to address the largest audience he had ever seen in the Boston Theatre. His feeble voice, he continued, could hardly reach the more than 3,500 before him; certainly it could not reach double that number which had been disappointed in witnessing one of the finest military displays that had ever taken place in the country. In view of the multitude thus disappointed, said Mr. Barry, the Zouaves have consented to repeat their exhibition in this house to-morrow at 11 A. M.

This announcement is received with applause. The audience now vociferously clamored for Captain Ellsworth, the commander of the Zouaves. After some delay he came forward and responded.

CAPT. ELLSWORTH'S REMARKS.

He said he really did not know what they had called him out for. He did not come to ask their votes; was not a public man, and could not make a speech. His company had returned from Salem at a late hour, when he learned that all the tickets had been sold, and the demand was far from being supplied.

He could hardly imagine how such an exhibition could interest so distinguished an audience since to the company it was an every day and common affair. If the audience, however, were pleased, they (the company) would most certainly be gratified. Their visit to Boston had been one of unalloyed pleasure, and they should carry back to their homes the most grateful recollections. Capt. E. concluded by stating that they would be most happy to repeat their drill on the morrow.

Capt. Ellsworth then retired amid applause. Three cheers and a tiger were called for and given in his honor.

The audience left the house full of rosy compliments to the Zouaves. We fear that if they could have listened to the compliments of some of the ladies they would have been in a melting mood at once.

The Chicago Zouaves at the Boston theatre will be an epoch in our military annals.

THE ZOUAVES IN SALEM.—The Zouave Cadets are making a great sensation to day in Salem. Nothing like it has been witnessed in that venerable and usually slow city for many years. "Fourth of July is a Sunday to it," says one of its citizens, in alluding to the hustle and crowd. People are there from ten and twenty miles about the country.

The Zouaves arrived in Salem last evening at 7 o'clock. The Salem Light Infantry was brought up in line to receive them; at the foot of Hancock street. The two companies marched through Hancock and Lafayette streets, followed by thousands of people and a great number of vehicles, and the windows and doorways of the houses were crowded with spectators.

Upon arriving at the armory of the Infantry, the companies marched up and deposited their arms, and Capt. Devereux welcomed his guests with a short and informal speech, in which he made appropriate allusion to the pleasant associations awakened in his mind by the sight of the familiar faces of his old friends. Col. Ellsworth replied, and the companies cheered each other with great enthusiasm. From the Armory the companies proceeded to the Essex House, where they took their supper.

In the evening there were no formalities, the Zouaves distributing themselves about the city at option. They quartered at the armory, refusing more elegant accommodations. This morning the two companies breakfasted at the Essex House, after which they marched through the principal streets of the city.

About 11 o'clock the battalion received at the Essex House, the members of The City Government, the officers of the Division and Brigade and Regimental Staffs, and other invited guests, under the escort, and marched to the Common, where they gave an exhibition of their matchless skill before one of the largest multitudes that has assembled in Salem for many years.

It excited tumultuous plaudits, and was regarded as a wonderful affair. This afternoon they are to dine at the Essex House with the Infantry, and will leave for Boston at 6 o'clock.

GREAT WILL CASE IN NORTH CAROLINA—ONE HUNDRED NEGROES SET FREE.—We learn from the Iredell *Express* that the case of Solomon Hall's will occupied the Superior Court of that county eight days, and was finally compromised after the jury had retired. Mr. Hall had made a will leaving one hundred negroes and other property to his only child, a daughter, who afterwards married Mr. Neely against his wish, whereupon he made another will leaving his negroes free and bequeathing most of his property to them. This suit was to set aside the last will. An hour after the case had gone to the jury, Mrs. Neely's counsel proposed to receive $18,000 and $2,000 which the will gave her, the estate to pay the court costs, $800, she to pay her own lawyer $5,000. The proposition was accepted. The negroes will be sent to Liberia. The jury stood nine against and three for the will; but it is said the judge would have set aside the verdict if it had been against the will.

PERSONAL.—Father Chiniquy left Kankakee for Scotland on Thursday morning last. He will visit England, and be absent about two months.

—A new article of food of the tubercular kind, has recently been discovered in the neighborhood of Cuenza, New Granada. It is a shrub growing to the height of three feet, its root producing a tubercle, which is juicy, sweet, and edible raw.

MASS SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT.—At the request of many of our citizens, the Chicago Sabbath School Union have determined to repeat their Concert by two thousand children, on Tuesday evening, August 14th at the Wigwam.

Superintendents are requested to call previous to Sabbath at Tomlinson's book store, 91 Randolph street, and procure free rehearsal tickets, which will specify time and place for rehearsals. The tickets used before will not answer. It is hoped that every Superintendent will see that his school is represented on the first rehearsal.

REMEMBER THE WIDOW AND THE FATHERLESS.—We would call attention to the benefit proposed to be given by the German citizens of Chicago to the widow of Anthony Fischer, an Hungarian exile, long a resident of the city—civil engineer by profession, and an active and energetic worker in the Republican cause. He died some three or four weeks since, leaving a widow and two or three children, entirely destitute. The entertainment is to take place at the German Hall, on Monday evening, August 6, and will be of a varied and interesting character—embracing extracts from the most striking scenes in Schiller's Macbeth, and to be followed by a concert—all by able performers. Let there be a full house, as the family are entirely destitute, and well deserving of aid.

DOCKET FOR THE RECORDER'S COURT.—The following cases will come up for trial before Judge Wilson on Monday next. This list includes only the names of parties now in jail:

Dugald McFarland, setting fire to 185 North Clark street; Lawrence Kelly, larceny; Mary Comisky, do; Chas. Proll, do; John McHalea, do; Michael Lottus, burglary; Mary Walter, larceny; John London and Patrick Collins, do; Richard Whiting and David Smith, do; Dennis Sexton, do; Hy Popewell, do; John McCann, do; Hy Harwood, do; Peter Flynn, do; John Quigley, do; Elias R Clark, threatening to kill; John McLevy, burglary; Michael Burns, larceny; Dan McAlister, do; Chas. Boosher, do; Jas. Vandecburg alias John Laosing, burglary; John Jones, do; Jas. Donley, do; Francis Rob and S Retinger, larceny; David Stauton, larceny as bailee; Robert Chewett, burglary; George and Frank Jones, vagrancy. Total, 29 cases.

VAGRANT BOYS.—Three of the gutter-rat population came up in yesterday's Police Court, sixteen years of age, male bipeds, tattered and torn in habits, textile as well as moral. Loafers by day and prowlers by night, the devil's Zouaves, always on drill, and apparently possessing not a single acting tie to honest life, what shall be done with Tim. Murphy, Jim Riley and Dan Howland, and when disposed of, remember they are but a part of large army of just such youths, with a still larger army growing up. They were sent to Bridewell for vagrancy; stone pecking will keep them out of mischief for sixty days, and then,—*da capo*, as the music men say, try it again. Vagrant boys are the raw recruits for our penitentiaries and the gallows. It is a serious question what shall be done with the vagrant boys of our great cities, in the direction of their reformation.

ALL ABOARD.—Fill your baskets with provisions, take your fishing tackle and go to the cars of the Illinois Central road next Thursday at 8.30 a. m., and go with the excursion of the season, to Kankakee city. It is only two hours ride, and on arriving, there is a charming grove within five minutes walk of the depot. There is capital fishing, and the ladies have made arrangements for boating for all who wish it. Then the woods are alive with prairie chickens.

The excursion is under the supervision of the Ladies City Mission of the M. E. Church, and their cause calls for the sympathy of the public.

Besides friend Gradgrind, you have an item of business there, and can go and return for fifty cents, while the regular fare is four dollars.

Tickets 50 cents for adults. Children, accompanied by parents or friends, 25c. They may be had of the Committee, at the Methodist Depository 66 Washington street, and of Goss & Hoag, grocers on North Clark street.

AN INCIDENT ALMOST AN ACCIDENT.—Some little excitement was created on Dearborn street opposite the Post Office, yesterday afternoon, by a fight between some dogs, which for a moment promised to be attended with serious results. Our readers have doubtless noticed about our streets a cart drawn by two dogs, and driven by a deformed man. The cart in question was yesterday afternoon standing in front of the Post Office, the dogs quietly lying down in the harness—the driver selling cigars from his seat. A few of the curious were idly gazing at the somewhat novel team, when suddenly the peace was changed by the appearance of a large black dog upon the ground, who, without a moment's hesitation, "pitched into" one of the dogs attached to the wagon. The other dog, not liking the attack upon his partner, soon joined the melee—and then ensued a scene at once amusing and alarming. The three dogs, locked in a fond embrace, made a plunge down the steps to the sidewalk—the poor driver using frantic efforts to retain his seat and "call off his dog." By the timely assistance of the bystanders, the wagon was prevented from overturning, and the driver was assisted to the ground, with no other damage than a general scattering of his stock of cigars; and after some trouble the combatants were separated, and the team again put to rights—the attacking party, meanwhile, hastily retreating, evidently satisfied that that was too high a team for him to handle. The affair drew together quite a crowd.

The Christian denominations are beginning to understand these things better, far better, and apply a common-sense principle of business, if we may use the term, to the calculation that if souls must be saved, the children and adults of our own teeming population can be more easily reached, and are prepared by intelligence, languages and the ties of our social life, to receive those processes and impressions that are a sealed book to the savage dancing in his war paint, and the mother tossing her child to the crocodile. Mission fields abroad are, as we have said, not being neglected, but new and rich fallows nearer home are receiving attention. We have always like the hearty old pastor, who, after alarming his devoted flock of New Englanders by the intelligence that he was "going to the heathen," at communicated more of comfort he "did not intend to go out of town."

The purpose in and life errand of the Missionary is to advance the interests of his faith, to swell its numbers. The "Great Awakening," with this new view of the home field, has made many hundreds of Missionaries. In our own city there are ten thousand children in our Mission Sabbath Schools, the children of our poor. There is among these a labor to be done of a kind and class identical with the life errand of Martyn, or Scudder, and this work is being done by a corps constantly on the increase. New Mission Schools are formed from time to time and often. The first Sabbath in the new school gives a full house, and the influence of the sweet songs of childhood and an atmosphere of love establish it from thenceforth as a resort childish feet will haste to seek on each returning Sabbath. These are not Otaheitans, but they are nearer to us, and if thoroughly heathenized, have always proved an expensive class, witness the sums paid for our jails, our courts, and other costly institutions supported exclusively for our native born and home nourished heathen.

Among other results of the "Great Awakening," and as a secular journal we are dealing with the open and most salient features, has been the recognition by the various religious denominations, known as Evangelical, of a common bond and a common fellowship the most striking outward symbol of which was shown in the great Noon prayer meetings where, in our cities, thousands assembled daily without a jar of sect or creed. Our city readers remember how Metropolitan Hall was thronged daily at this hour of prayer, hundreds being turned away, unable to gain admission.

We have spoken of these results as permanent, and so they are. The Noon Union Prayer Meeting has since that time been a feature of the religious everyday life of our cities. Fulton street, in New York, has seen no day's assembly intermitted for two years and a half. In Chicago it has been maintained, we think, without interruption save for a brief period, and to day it constitutes one of the most marked and interesting gatherings, in which our religious public unite.

It is a feature of our age and of the change referred to, when these religious movements demand, as they have done, their share of space and mention from the leading secular press. For some time past the meeting in Chicago has been increasing in numbers, and it has now a permanence that will not be lightly abandoned. The following are the face and reverse of a card widely circulated:

Business men's daily Union Prayer Meeting, from 12 to 12½ o'clock, at Young Men's Christian Association Rooms, in Methodist Block, second floor Room No. 16, southeast corner of Clark and Washington streets.

"Prayer is the Christian's vital breath,
The Christian's native air;
His watch-word at the gate of death,
He enters heaven with prayer."

RULES FOR THE "BUSINESS MEN'S DAILY UNION PRAYER MEETING."

This meeting shall be called the "Business Men's Daily Union Prayer Meeting."

The time of meeting shall be held daily, (except Sunday) at twelve o'clock, and continue three-quarters of an hour.

All persons taking part in the exercises of this meeting, either by prayer or exhortation, are requested to be brief, direct and pointed, not occupying in either more than five minutes.

Not more than two prayers, or two exhortations, shall be made in succession, nor more than three verses be sung, consecutively.

All questions of controversy are to be excluded.

It is recommended that the leaders of the meeting at each time of offering prayer, name some one to lead, and request that some other brother lead without being personally called upon.

When special requests for prayer are read by the leader, or made by the audience, let them not be disregarded by the one who next leads in prayer.

Young men are expected to take part.

Perfect freedom in entering or leaving during any part of the service.

Ladies are invited to attend, as in other cities.

These meetings are led in turn by representatives of different denominations, and are located at an hour of the day and in such a section of the city as to best meet the convenience and answer the end of gathering thither numbers from places of business. At times it has been thought that the larger space of some one of our centrally located churches or public halls would be required, but the meeting still occupies the place where it has been so long maintained.

MOZART'S REQUIEM.—On next Sunday, 29th inst., the choir of the Cathedral Church of the Holy Name, under the direction of Prof. Max Girac, will perform the grand twelfth mass of Mozart. Such interpreters as Mrs. Fuller, Miss Gartha, Miss E. Farrell, Messrs. Depassio, L. Mauss, and several other talented ladies and gentlemen, who will join the choir on the occasion. This great work cannot fail to be attractive to an appreciative audience. Miss T. de Palgrom will preside at the organ.

During the service, the great terzett, *Jesu fili Dei vivi*, arranged from Verdi, will be sung by Mrs. Fuller, Messrs. Depassio and L. Mauss.

DISCHARGED.—Young Rogers the alleged embezzling Canal Clerk, has been discharged, the evidence being insufficient to hold him.

get out of temper and say to the sextons, "Why the blank don't you give my hearers fresh air," yet this is the need of the church audience room as of the organ loft. What is to be done about it?

A Chapter of Accidents.

—The infant son of Jacob Berge, twenty months old, was drowned in a tub of water at his father's door, on Hubbard street, near Clybourn avenue, Thursday afternoon.

—A singular accident, that came near being of most serious consequences, took place at Russell's foundry, on West Kinzie street, on Thursday afternoon, by the carelessness of a boozy workman who spilt a part of the contents of a ladle filled with molten iron, into the boots of a comrade, who, dropping his own ladle, splashed the fiery fluid around the while, who in turn let down the "whole bilin'" in a stream of molten lava upon the floor. There was then and there much hurrying to and from a smell of burnt boots, and a general endangering of the whole premises. Some of the workmen were severely burned, but none fatally.

—A drayman named Daniel Smith, fell from his loaded dray on South Water street, a day or two since, and his leg was crushed beneath the wheel.

—A pair of noble bays took a flying excursion in their own behalf, on West Washington street yesterday morning, wrecking the carriage against a lamp-post, and creating a general smash up. Under the same class of stirring events is the spirited runaway of a horse attached to a buggy belonging to Chas. Hare, which took fright Thursday evening and came tearing down Madison street at a frightful rate. It was stopped on Market street without much damage to the vehicle, and no person injured.

The Children's Home.

MESSRS EDITORS: The attention of the public was called some two months since, to an institution founded by some of our benevolent ladies for the assistance of poor laboring women, by taking charge of their children during the absence of the mothers at their daily tasks. A nursery and home under the superintendence of a matron, and the supervision of several ladies, was established, and has become one of our best charities. For the greater convenience of the class to be benefitted, the nursery has been removed to No. 151 North Market street, where children are received for daily care, and where, also, women at service can place their children for permanent board and care at small cost. The ladies trust that a generous public will sustain this excellent charity, and any donations, in provisions or money, sent to Mrs. Samuel Howe, corner of Pine and Erie streets, will be thankfully received.

H.

MEETING OF THE WIDE-AWAKES.—The meeting of the Wide Awakes at their hall last evening was largely attended. E. G. Asay, Esq., made an able speech, showing the falseness of the Douglasites to the freedom of their country, and the plain intention of the Breckinridge party. After him came our fellow-citizen, Alderman J. D. Ward (late from Pike's Peak), who urged the audience to the fulfillment of their duties in the coming campaign. The meetings at the Wide Awake Hall are not intended for discussing the question—which has been already answered—"Ought the Republican party to triumph in the coming campaign?"—for it is a waste of time; and the people only need the truth to be placed before them to embrace it.

GRAND MASS SABBATH SCHOOL CONCERT.—At the request of many of our citizens, the Chicago Sabbath School Union have determined to repeat their concert by two thousand children on Tuesday evening, August 14th, at the Wigwam. Superintendents are requested to call, previous to Sabbath, at Tomlinson's book store, 91 Randolph street, and procure free rehearsal tickets, which will specify time and place for rehearsals. The tickets used before will not answer. It is hoped that every Superintendent will see that his school is represented in the first rehearsals.

This announcement will be received with very general satisfaction, and as before, the little folks will draw a crowded house. We are glad to know that our public appreciate the charm of two thousand childish voices, joining in the beautiful hymns that have introduced a new era in Sabbath Schools.

THE CHICAGO ACADEMY OF SCIENCE—EXCURSION TO ALTON.—Referring to the forthcoming excursion of the Chicago Academy of Science, to their city, the Alton *Courier* says:

If the Chicago Academy of Science make the proposed prospecting trip to this city, our own good name requires that we give the company a most cordial and hearty welcome, and that we do everything to make the day here agreeable to them. To be sure a committee has the matter in hand, but without co-operation on the part of our citizens they will fail. Our scientific men and women, and all others who care that the city have a good name abroad, must interest themselves. Let them hold their houses and pantrys ready to accommodate a hundred.

THE WIGWAM SERMONS.—Owing to sickness, the Rev. Henry Whipple has been compelled peremptorily to leave town to remain over the Sabbath.

Rev. Wilson McCaig of the Jefferson street church has kindly consented to supply his place in the Wigwam services of Sabbath next.

R. M. GUILFORD, Ch'n Com.

☞ We call the attention of our commercial readers to the advertisement "To Merchants" in another column of our paper. He is a man of many years experience at St. Louis and Iowa and is thoroughly posted in the commerce of the West.

FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A desirable residence on Wabash avenue. Furniture in good order, and will be sold very cheap. Address Post Office Drawer 2893. jy25x1t

TO IRON FOUNDERS AND OTHERS.—A Consignment of

MASSILLON PIG IRON,

Of super or quality, just received and for sale on favorable terms. THOMAS HALE, No. 2 North Wells st., adjoining the Bridge. jy25x1w

TO MERCHANTS.—A young man who has been engaged in the Commission Business in St. Louis for a number of years, is desirous of locating in Chicago, and wishes to obtain a situation either as salesman or Book Keeper. Has a large acquaintance through Iowa, Illinois and Missouri and would have no objection to travel to solicit consignments of orders. Chicago as well as St. Louis references can be given. Address "H," Box 2354, Chicago, Ill. jy27x3t

CAMPAIGN DOCUMENTS.

Bartlett's Life of Lincoln. Price, $1.00.
Wigwam " " and Hamlin; 25c.
Howell's " " " $1.
[illegible]
Helper's Impending Crisis; 50c.
Hutchinson's Republican Songster; 10c.
Bob Link Minstrel; 10c. Wide Awake Vocalist; 10c.
Lincoln Note and Letter Paper.
Portraits of Lincoln at $1.50; $1; 50c. and 25c. each.
Lincoln Badges, assorted colors; 10c.
" Medals; [illegible]
Douglas Note and Letter Paper. " Candidates.
Envelopes.
Portraits of Douglas at $1.50, $1, 50c. and 25c each.
Douglas Badges, assorted colors; 10c. Douglas Medals; 25c. Sherman's Life of Douglas; $1. Flint's Life of Douglas; $1. Campaign Life of Douglas, 30c. Portraits of Breckinridge, 50c. Republican Banner with portraits, 25c. [illegible] Banner with portraits, 25c. Lincoln Flags, all sizes. Douglas Flags, all sizes.
Orders for any of the above articles will receive prompt attention. Liberal discounts made to the trade and agents. We are prepared to fill orders for any campaign documents needed by Republicans or Democrats.
Address W. B. KEEN,
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jy28 148 Lake street, Chicago.

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LIVES OF LINCOLN AND HAMLIN. Authentic Edition. By Wm. D. Howells and John L. Hayes. 404 pages, with Steel Portraits. Price, $1.00.

A SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN. By J. Q. Howard. For general circulation. 60 pages. Price, 10 cents.

DEBATES OF DOUGLAS AND LINCOLN IN ILLINOIS IN 1858. 25,000 copies of this have been sold. 1 volume of 270 pages, royal octavo. Cloth, 60 cents; paper, 35 cents.

THE CAUCUSES OF 1860: A Complete History of the National Political Conventions. Compiled from the Correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial. By M. Halstead. 232 pages. Cloth, 50 cents; paper, 35 cents.

THE EXILES OF FLORIDA. By Joshua R. Giddings. 1 volume, 12mo, 338 pages. Price, $1.00.

In German:

THE LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN, including Extracts from his Speeches. By Prof. Wm. Giavert. 1 volume, 102 pages. Price, 25 cents.

☞ Agents will find our inducements very liberal, and these books the best selling.

FOLLETT, FOSTER & CO., Publishers,
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IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE of Andrew McClure, of the City of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, formerly of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, deceased.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of the above named decedent having been granted by the Register of Wills for the City and County of Philadelphia to the undersigned. All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to make known the same without delay. And those indebted to the said estate to make payment immediately to
JOHN McCLURE,
JOHN S. McMULLIN, Executors,
HUGH WARNOCK,
Address JOHN McCLURE, Acting Executor,
jy28x1w No. 605 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

PALM OIL.—10,000 Lbs. of

PALM OIL,

Put up in suitable packages, for sale at the Soap Factory on Cedar street, also, constantly on hand, a good supply of Extra Family Soaps. All orders punctually attended to. THOMAS DOUGALL.
Post Office address Box 1144. jy25x1m

MASS MEETING AT ANAWAN.

The Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Company having through their Agents, levied a tax of one cent per bushel upon all grains shipped from this point, the Farmers, feeling themselves aggrieved, wish to show their resentment at this unjust taxation. The Railroad Company does not allow us the privilege of loading and shipping our own grain unless we pay them $10 upon every thousand bushels sent. We do not object to paying the customary warehouse charges, when we see fit to use their warehouse; but we wish to have the privilege of weighing and shipping our own grain upon the track at any time that we see fit to do so, and not be obliged to pay $10 per thousand bushels for having our grain weighed.

The direct effect of this system is to exclude other buyers than said R. R. Agents from coming among us, as they cannot compete favorably with the Company's Agents. Other Companies grant us the privilege of loading upon the track free of charge, and they give to buyers the same privilege. Thousands of bushels of grain of the crop of 1859, that would have been shipped upon this Railroad (were it not for this tax,) have gone to the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R., and almost the entire crop of 1860 will be carried to the other Railroads unless this tax is removed.

We have had several meetings at this point, and the feeling of indignation against this system is intense and universal. In fact, there is not a single individual that pretends to vindicate or defend the system except said Company's Agents; and they, forsooth, would like to take from the farmers a sum equal to 5 per cent, of their crop for simply weighing their grain! When the price of oats is twenty cents per bushel (and that perhaps has been the average the last year,) they receive one twentieth part of the proceeds, which is equal to 5 per cent.

In view of these facts we have adopted the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, The C. & R. I. R. R. Co. have, through their Agents Messrs. Wright & Carrol, subjected us to an unjust tax of one cent per bushel on all grain shipped at this Station over this Railroad,—

Therefore we, the undersigned, hereby agree not to ship, or sell to be shipped, any grain on said Railroad.

We will not order or cause to be shipped any freight on said Railroad.

That we will not patronize any Merchant, Mechanic, or business man of whatever occupation, doing business in Annawan, who ships or receives his freight over said Railroad, or who travels over said Railroad, and that we will faithfully adhere to the above resolutions until the tax of one cent per bushel on grain is wholly removed.

Resolved, That the above resolutions take effect from and after this day, June 23d, 1860.

To these resolutions the names of 150 of the citizens of the township of Annawan are attached, and the owners of 10,037 acres of grain, which will be shipped upon the C. & R. I. R. R. if this tax is removed. This list of names are all residents of the township of Annawan, and it would be safe to say that it does not comprise one-fifth of the amount of freight that this Railroad Company will lose from the Station at Annawan. The principal part of our business men,—Merchants, Mechanics, &c.,—have already entered into the above contract. jy27-c8d3t

FOUND—A SORRELL HORSE, on South Clark street, on Monday. The owner will please call at the Barn on the north side of West Polk st., between Clinton and Canal streets, prove property and pay charges. JOHN CAROLIN.
jy28-x3t

$10.00 REWARD.—Lost, between Hoffman's Bank and Post Office, a BLACK LEATHER WALLET, containing $26 in cash, one letter with receipts for notes, which are only valuable to the owner; also other notes and papers. To be left at this office, or at P. Hoffman's, under Hoffman's Bank. jy28-x2w.

[illegible] was built in May this year, has all the modern improvement, is surrounded by handsome garden trees, etc. On the lot is erected a stable and carriage shed. The ground is one of the most beautiful localities, fronting 66 feet on Cottage Grove avenue, near Douglas' Place, and has the same front on Ellis avenue by 200 feet deep. Purchasers will apply to LOEB & RAHM, Room No. 7 Metropolitan Block. jy21x1w

COMO MILLS FOR SALE.—The above property, situated in Como, Whiteside County, Illinois, is offered for sale on easy terms, in consequence of the decease of one of the partners. The Mill is on the banks of the Rock River, has six pairs of 4½ feet burrs, and a fall of 16 feet. Its power is supplied by the Elk Horn Creek.

A Never Failing Stream.

It is situated in one of the best wheat growing regions in the West, with railroad communication to Chicago and Fulton. For further information apply to Messrs. D. L. QUIRK & CO., Chicago, or to S. LEHMAN SMITH, on the premises. je-c843 1m

FLOURING MILL FOR SALE!

PEORIA, ILLINOIS.

This Mill has been newly built and contains every modern improvement. The most complete mills in the State, and fitted with two pairs of Ramil's Patent Burrs, each of which will make 10 barrels per hour, making great yield and better quality of flour than can be made by the old process, wheat for wheat. THE WHOLE OR PART INTEREST is for sale as the Proprietor is unable to attend to business part of the city, on Water street, Peoria, on the bank of the Illinois River, with a railway passing in front, in the centre of a large grain growing district and easy access to the Eastern and Southern markets. The crops in the surrounding neighborhood promise great abundance and offer an opportunity to make a large fortune to a man of enterprise and sufficient means to stock it. Apply to [illegible] rights on [illegible] Burrs may be seen at work, and patent [illegible] jy1x1w

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—A Steam Flouring Mill in Fulton City, Whiteside County, Illinois. The Mill has three run of 4 feet 9 inch French Burrs—two pair for wheat and one for corn. The two run can make one hundred barrels of flour in twenty-four hours; and the mill is fitted up for the fourth run of burrs. This Mill has a large Custom Work, and any amount of wheat can be bought at the Mill. The Chicago Railroad right to the Mill door, and the Mississippi River to St. Louis and New Orleans. This Mill was built by and for one of the firm of Thomas Bradford & Co., who has been in the mill business for over twenty years, and is one of the

BEST ARRANGED AND MOST CONVENIENT

Mills of its size in the West, and everything in the best of order. Part payment will be taken in real estate in Cincinnati or vicinity. For further information apply to JOHN FLACK, at the Mill, or to
JOHN BRADFORD,
jy9x3w 59 Walnut street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STEAM FLOURING MILL

For Sale at a Bargain!

ON EASTERN ACCOUNT.

A new Mill, built of stone in the most substantial manner; Engine new, and cost $7,000; all the machinery, bolts, &c., in good order; wood cheap, and in the midst of a Wheat growing region—both of spring and winter wheat. The Mill has been run by water, and is adapted to that power whenever desirable. It is situated near the Pecatonica, at Winslow, Stephenson county, Illinois, within 12 miles of Ill. Cent. R.R. at Lena or Nora Stations.

TERMS—¼ Cash, balance at one, two and three years if wanted.

Proposals for the purchase may be addressed to H. D. SHARP, care of T. K. Curtiss, Esq., Chicago.

Further inquiries concerning the Mill may be made of J. K. BREWSTER, at Racine R. R. Depot, Freeport, Illinois. jy11c-1m

STEAM FLOURING MILL AT LECLAIRE, IOWA,

FOR SALE OR RENT.

The valuable property known as the "Sarah Mills," is now offered for sale at a great bargain, or will be rented to a responsible tenant. These Mills are located on the bank of the Mississippi River, in the heart of the greatest grain producing region of the State. Have three run of stone capable of turning out 200 barrels of flour per day, and the machinery has recently been put in thorough repair. For terms, &c., apply to
HOWARD DARLINGTON,
jy4x1m Davenport, Iowa.

HANNIBAL CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

AT A BARGAIN.

I offer for sale at a Great Bargain, my Hotel property, known as the "TONCRAY HOUSE," situated on Front street, between Hill and Bird streets, Hannibal, Missouri.

This Hotel is built of brick and stone, is three stories high, fifty feet front, sixty feet deep, with an ell twenty by thirty feet, and contains thirty rooms. The lot is one hundred and fifty-two feet deep, with alley in the rear to the back part.

This house has always done and is now doing an A No. 1 business, it being the best location in the city for making money. My only reasons for selling this property, is that my health is such that I cannot attend to business.

Also, my house and lot situated on Fourth street, between Hill and Bird streets. The house is a good two-story frame, with stone basement, and contains six rooms, with a first rate cistern, smoke-house, &c. Fruit bearing trees and shrubbery on the lot. JNO. C. TONCRAY.

☞ For particulars address or apply to ALEX. C. TONCRAY, No. 1 Levee, Hannibal, Mo.

REFERENCES:—Lamb & Lukenan, Thomas A. Harris, Attorneys at Law, Hannibal, Mo. jy4c692 1m

DAIRY FARMS FOR SALE,

Within 30 Miles of Chicago.

THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY have 20,000 acres of high, rolling Prairie Land, within 30 miles of Chicago, well adapted to grazing, which they offer for sale on the most liberal terms.

To those who wish to engage in the business of supplying the city with fresh Milk, Butter, Vegetables, &c., no more eligible region can be selected; and the trains are so arranged that their products can be delivered early in the morning and late at night. Every facility will be offered to those who desire to examine these lands. Apply to LAND DEPARTMENT, I. C. R. R. Central Depot, Chicago. je23c84-3m

IMPORTANT TO GRAIN BUYERS. FOR SALE—A Grain Warehouse, with steam elevators and large capacity for storage. Located at a flourishing town, and in one of the best Grain Stations in Illinois out of Chicago. Will be sold low and possession given immediately. For particulars address "G. H.," Box 367 [illegible]

To Rent.

TO RENT.—The Store now occupied by us, 19 South Water street, corner Wabash avenue. Possession given September 1st. Also, Store No. 47 South Water street. Apply to M. LAFLIN & CO. H. & L. LAFLIN jy16-c789 1m

NEW AND SECOND HAND Pianos for sale low. Pianos and Melodeons to Rent. Orders for Tuning Pianos, Melodeons, Organs, and all kinds of Musical Instruments promptly attended to at short notice. [illegible]

Boarding.

BOARDING.—A neatly furnished and very pleasant Bedroom, suitable for two Gentlemen Friends, with board, can be had by applying at 110 Wabash avenue. jy21x1w

BOARDING.—An unfurnished room, with board, to let at a moderate rate for a gentleman and lady. Also, a few day boarders wanted at the pleasant and central locality, 74 Wabash avenue. jy18 c709-2w

BOARDING.—Two front rooms with or without furniture, to rent with board, and other pleasant rooms to let. Also, eight or ten day boarders can be accommodated at 15 Michigan avenue. jy7x1m

SAFES! SAFES!! SAFES!!!

$75 WILL BUY A GOOD

FIRE PROOF SAFE,

Former Price $115.

$90 will buy a larger one, such as other houses sell for $130, still larger sizes in same proportion.

Parties wanting Safes should not let the Sun go down on their heads until they secure one at these prices.

PRATT & WORCESTER, Agents,
jy23-c777-1w1stp 197 South Water street.

[illegible] JAS. WARRACK, Gen'l Western Agent, No. 12 Lake street, Under the Adams House, Chicago.
1y-1stpg

UNITED STATES MAIL.—Only Weekly Line to

CORK, LIVERPOOL,

And all the principal cities of Great Britain and the Continent of Europe, calling at Queenstown, (Cork) Ireland.

THE MONTREAL MAIL

Ocean Steamship Company's

First class full powered Clyde built steamers in connection with the GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY of Canada, sail every Saturday from Quebec, carrying the United States and Canada Mails and passengers.

Bohemian,	McMaster	Nova Scotian,	Capt. Borland
North Briton	Grange.	N'th American,	"
Anglo Saxon	Balantine.	Canadian, (new)	Arion,

Two new ships, (building)

Quickest, Cheapest and most comfortable sea passage.

Fare from Chicago or Milwaukee to Queenstown (Cork) or Liverpool:

First Class, according to stateroom, ... $89 and $103.
Steerage, found with cooked provisions, ... $45.
Return Tickets, First Class, good for 6 months, $160 and $200.
Steerage .... $56 and $6.
Certificates issued for bringing out passengers from all the principal towns of Great Britain and Ireland, at very reduced rates.

For freight or passage apply to the Company's General Agents, Sabel & Searle, 12 Water street, Liverpool, Cork and Dublin, and 23 Broadway, New York, Wm. Graham, Detroit & Milwaukee R. R., Milwaukee, or to
JAMES WARRACK,
Grand Trunk Railway Office,
d1y1stp 12 Lake-St., under Adams House Chicago.

Fire, Marine and Life.

SPRINGFIELD F. & M. INS. CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus $449,617.08

MASSASOIT FIRE INS. CO.,
OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.
Capital and Surplus $212,194.31

HOPE FIRE INS. CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus $218,576.61

HANOVER FIRE INS. CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus $244,646.81

KNICKERBOCKER LIFE INS. CO.,
OF NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus $234,299.09

CARLILE BOYD, T. G. VAN BUREN, Agents.
No. 1 Dole's Building, cor. South Water and Clark streets.
[illegible]

SEWING MACHINE AGENTS.

Wanted in every County throughout the Western States to sell

Young's Improved $30 Sewing Machine.

These Machines are adapted to all varieties of work, Family Sewing, Tailoring and Boot and Shoe Making. They have met with a very large sale during the past year, giving universal satisfaction. Address
WM. B. YOUNG & CO.,
jy19 1y1stp Manufacturers, Chicago, Ill.
CHICAGO SALESROOM, 132 LAKE STREET.

SEARCH THE COUNTRY through and where will you find a Machinist who has not been troubled to obtain a good Oil for lubricating fast motions, such as

JOURNALS, CYLINDERS, SMALL COGS and FINE MACHINERY in general.

Those who desire an Oil which will not Gum, at a moderate price, will be suited if they inquire for

"Fine Spindle Machinery Oil,"

AT THE

LAMP AND OIL EMPORIUM,

122 Clark street, between Madison and Washington.

CHAS. L. NOBLE, Manager.
[illegible]

225 · LAKE STREET. · 225

Corner of Franklin.

"HOTSPUR,"

LARGE OVEN AIR TIGHT COOKING STOVE!

For Wood or Coal, and adapted for city or country use. The best, surpassing all other cooking inventions in its superior operation and practical economy. Just received by

THOMAS GEORGE,

225 Lake Street, Corner of Franklin,

Winship's Self-Ventilating Refrigerator,

FRUIT CANS,

Self-Sealing Preserve Jars,

In Variety and Cheap.

MASSER'S FIVE MINUTE ICE CREAM FREEZER,
ICE BOXES,
WATER COOLERS,
PUMPS,
GARDEN ENGINES,
RUBBER HOSE,
WEATHER STRIPS,

Wooden and Willow Ware Generally.

PLAIN AND TIN WARE,

At Wholesale and Retail.

JAPANNED WARE.

Tea and Grocer's Canisters, Lamps, Toilet Sets, Chamber Pails &c; old ware re-japanned. Sitting, Plunge and Shower Baths. House Furnishing Goods.

KITCHEN UTENSILS,

Stoves, Ranges, Hot-Air Furnaces, Ventilators and Registers, Tin and Sheet Iron Work. Plumbing and Japanning done promptly. Hardware, Cutlery, Nails, etc., at retail.

THOMAS GEORGE,
225 LAKE STREET, ... COR. FRANKLIN.
[illegible]

LINCOLN BADGES.

LINCOLN BADGES,

With engraved head of Lincoln, on Satin,

Three Colors—Red, White and Blue.

Price 10 cents, sent by mail.
Price 75 cents per dozen.
Price $5 per hundred.
Booksellers and Clubs supplied at above rates.
For sale by W. B. KEEN,
Wholesale Bookseller and Stationer,
jy25 148 Lake street, Chicago.

LINCOLN AND HAMLIN

MEDALS.

Lincoln and Hamlin Medals—with ambrotype likeness of LINCOLN and HAMLIN.
Price 25 cents each, or $2 per dozen.
For sale by B. W. KEEN,
Wholesale Bookseller and Stationer,
jy25 c793 148 Lake street, Chicago.

MRS. BATES' AGENCY OFFICE FOR DOMESTIC SERVANTS,
171 . . Washington Street, . . 171
[illegible]
No Girls sent from the office without a printed card.

Press & Tribune.

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1860.

Republican Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

Presidential Electors,

AT LARGE.

LEONARD SWETT, of McLean,
JOHN M. PALMER, of Macoupin,

DISTRICTS.

1. A. C. FULLER, of Boone.
2. WM. B. PLATO, of Kane.
3. LAWRENCE WELDON, of DeWitt.
4. WM. P. KELLOGG, of Fulton.
5. J. STARK, of Hancock.
6. J. C. CONKLING, of Sangamon.
7. H. P. H. BROMWELL, of Coles.
8. T. G. ALLEN, of Randolph.
9. JOHN OLNEY, of Gallatin.

FOR GOVERNOR:
RICHARD YATES, of Morgan.
FOR AUDITOR,
JESSE K. DUBOIS, of Lawrence.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
OZIAS M. HATCH, of Pike.
FOR TREASURER,
WM. BUTLER, of Sangamon.
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
NEWTON BATEMAN, of Morgan.

FOR CONGRESS.

Ist	District	E. B. WASHBURNE,
IId	"	ISAAC N. ARNOLD,
IIId	"	OWEN LOVEJOY,
IVth	"	WILLIAM KELLOGG,
VIth	"	HENRY CASE,
VIIth	"	J. T. CUNNINGHAM,
VIIIth	"	JOSEPH GILLESPIE

KEEPS IT UP.

Another evidence of the sagacity of the retiring editor of the *Times* is his yesterday's "blow" about the certainty of the election of Douglas. He does well to keep up that sing-song until his contract for the sale of his paper is consummated, and he has the money in his breeches pocket, else the purchaser might rue. Blow, ye trumpets, blow.

SAVE THE UNION.

The Union, which Mr. Keitt of South Carolina threatens, in the event of the election of Lincoln, may, if half that the Douglas men assert is true, be safely turned over to them. They swear that they are Union men in all possible or supposable contingencies, and that they are all powerful in the South. Put this and that together, and we shall be justified in committing the Union to their care, and holding them responsible for its preservation. Let us hear no jeremiads about a probable dissolution, from that quarter!

IS DOUGLAS A CATHOLIC?

We are in receipt of the following from a responsible source:

PRESS AND TRIBUNE:—In answer to your inquiry, "Is Douglas a Catholic?" let me say that he is the renter or owner of a pew in a Catholic Church in Washington; that the door of the pew has on it a large plate inscribed with his name, "S. A. Douglas," and that whenever he goes to church in Washington city, he sits in that pew. There he is believed to conform to the ceremonial requirements of the Catholic Church and to endorse its policy.

Yours, WASHINGTON.

The evidence accumulates. Did Mr. Douglas join the Catholic Church in Europe during his tour in that country? If not, why do all the journals, bishops, priests and laymen of that Church support his claims for the Presidency? What have they to gain by his election that they should be for him to a man?

THE POSITION OF THE CHICAGO HERALD.

It will be remembered by the editors of the Chicago *Herald* that that newspaper was started in hostility to Mr. Douglas, and as the special organ of his bitterest enemy, Mr. Buchanan. They will recollect that long after it had passed under its present editorial control, and up to a very recent date, it continued such hostility, and in its entire contents expressed its strong and uncompromising preferences for that policy which is now represented by Mr. Breckinridge; that its daily endeavor was, at least so far as its readers understood and [illegible] the suffrages of the voters of Illinois, as the only one consistent with the constitutional rights of all sections of the country. They will recollect that after the final division of the Democracy at Baltimore, and the nomination of two tickets, many indications were given that the original preferences of the *Herald* remained unchanged, and that the paper would enthusiastically enlist in aid of Breckinridge and Lane. They will also recollect that it very soon became evident that the last named ticket, as opposed to that of Mr. Douglas, could obtain no effective support in Illinois, and that the only result that could possibly follow its continuance in the field, would be the division of the Democratic vote, the surrender of the State, beyond hope, to the Republicans, and the election of Mr. Lincoln by the people. They will bear in mind as [illegible] to understand it, if they do not already, the *Herald's* readers and supporters will also have an opinion. If in the end, the judgment of all is not that indicated by us to-day, we will acknowledge we have over-estimated the intelligence, the independence and the respect for honorable dealing residing in the Democratic voters of Illinois.

A SCHEME TO DEFRAUD THE STATE.

About the first of February, 1859, Ex-Gov. Joel A. Matteson was found to be in the enjoyment of about $230,000 which had been stolen by some one from the State. The discovery was accidental, the result of a set of circumstances which no one could have foretold, and which seemed to be the work of an inexorable Providence for the unmasking of a stupendous crime. Matteson protested his innocence; but being hard-pressed, and unable to name any man or men of whom he honestly received a dollar of it, he proposed refunding the money to the State, provided he was allowed five years time in which to do it. The time was allowed, and the State now holds his obligation, with security, for the amount of stolen Canal Scrip. But the Legislature can, at any time, release him from the payment of this sum; and the tax-payers of Illinois had better bear this in mind, and look closely to the election of members of the Legislature.

Standing before the world as the investigation by the Legislative Committee and the Grand Jury at Springfield left him, no one can now hold social intercourse with Matteson without the consciousness of giving countenance to a man suspected of a great crime. It is fair, therefore, to infer that whoever goes about him for any other purpose than business, thinks of this in advance, and would avoid it were he not impelled by something more than an ordinary motive. What is that motive?

Matteson has a great deal of Money—that in his possession belonging to the State, is, of itself a very large sum. Money is convenient in many ways—it is supposed to be somewhat available in carrying elections. Matteson can well afford to pay a great deal—$100,000 even—for the election of a Legislature which would release him from $230,000. He can well afford to put $500 into a Douglas Democratic Wigwam, give $500 for a Douglas demonstration at Alton, $1,500 for a Douglas demonstration at Springfield, including a serenade and visit of the crowd at his palatial residence, known as Scrip Villa—and other sums as the exigencies of the Douglas party may seem to require, to the extent of the sum named above, or even more, if by so doing he secures his release as a debtor to the State. It is only bribing the people with the lesser half of their own money to let him keep the larger half.

Is there not evidence that an enterprize for releasing Matteson is actually on foot?

Last January, when the Douglas State Convention which appointed delegates to Charleston, was in session, the members of that Convention, very generally, attended a party at Matteson's house. He was not appointed a delegate to Charleston, but when the time came he went along as an outside disciple of Douglas, carrying the bag—with perhaps the State's money in it. The bag, it is understood, was very convenient to many of the starvelings who went from this State to bluster Douglas into the nomination for the Presidency; and it would be very rash to conclude that Matteson is not yet to be recompensed.

Again it has become the custom at every important or even trivial Douglas demonstration at Springfield, to make a visit to Scrip Villa and pay court to Matteson. Of course the men who do this, either believe, or have made up their minds to the pretence of believing, that Matteson is innocent, and ought to be released from paying back the State this stolen money traced to his possession, and for the possession of which he is unable to give any satisfactory or honest account.

But are the tax-payers of Illinois ready for this? Do they wish to be bribed with the small part of their stolen money, to let the larger half stay in those coffers where it all would have remained but for an accidental discovery? After having their money stolen from them, are they for reinstating the man in whose possession it was found, and every subsequent movement of whom has but tended to confirm the suspicion which first attached to him? If they are, it is their own [illegible]. If they are not, they will not be blind to what is now going on before their own eyes. They will take cognizance of the efforts which Matteson is now making to secure the election of a Douglas Legislature, knowing that with his heavy liability to the State, he would make no such expenditures of money as he is making, if he had not the assurance of ultimate recompense.

We sound the alarm for the benefit of the tax-payers. Let them look at the signs.

RECIPROCITY—MR. HATCH'S REPORT.

We are indebted to some unknown friend for a copy of the "Report of Hon. Israel T. Hatch upon the operation of the Revenue Laws and the Reciprocity Treaty upon the Northern Frontier," which we have carefully read. We [illegible] been influenced in the slightest degree by the Treaty of Reciprocity. On the contrary, without that Treaty all the facts cited by Mr. Hatch would be of a still more aggravating character in their effects upon our commercial relations with Canada. The differential duties of which so much is said in the report, imposed by Canada upon foreign goods passing through the United States, with the view of encouraging direct importation by her own merchants, would be quite as severely felt as they now are, were there no such treaty in existence. So, also, the Grand Trunk Railway would make the same herculean effort to secure a portion of the carrying trade of the great West, that now marks its management, were the recommendation of Mr. Hatch to abrogate the Treaty at once acted upon by Congress.

In fact the entire spirit of the report is in behalf of compulsory non-intercourse with Canada. It ignores the great agricultural and commercial interests of the Northwest and the Southwest, assuming that the policy of the Government ought to be made to conform to the local commercial necessities and advantage of a few New York towns. It is an effort to run a Chinese wall along our Northern boundary, to compel the products and the commerce of the country to pass through certain places and over certain routes of transportation. We are prepared to admit that New York is a very great State; but cannot concede the point that her selfishness is to prescribe the policy of the Federal Government.

Kidnapping—A Correction.

Some days ago we gave an account of a case of kidnapping which occurred near Dongola, Union county, in which—having been misled by the kidnapper's advertisement—we erroneously implicated the Postmaster at that place. We are glad to publish the following note from that gentleman, setting the matter in its true light, so far, at least, as he is concerned:

DONGOLA, Union Co., Ill., July 24th, 1860.

Editors Press and Tribune:

Let me call your attention to an article in your paper of July 19th, headed "Last Kidnapping Case in Egypt." I have many old friends and acquaintances in other parts of the State, readers of your paper, who were sorry to hear, no doubt, that I had turned my attention to kidnapping. I never engage in anything of the kind, or approve of it in others. Mr. Dodson has nothing to do with the Post Office here, and neither he nor any other like him, can have while I have it in charge. No doubt, you will make the necessary corrections.

The arresting of that negro here was a disgraceful affair, and I would write you a statement of the whole, only it was promised to be done by an abler hand, which you have probably received. The negro was probably free, and did not appear to be running away. He is now said to be in jail in Jackson, Mo.

E. LEAVENWORTH, P. M.

Progress of the Slave Trade.

The African Slave Trade was probably never more active than it has been within the last fifteen months. Vessel after vessel has been fitted out in American ports—chiefly in New York—the object of which could not be mistaken, but which were permitted to go unmolested upon their infernal errand. There seems to be either a great defect in the laws for the suppression of this traffic, or a very culpable remissness in enforcing them. Probably something is to be attributed to each cause for the inefficiency which attends all pretended efforts to put a stop to it. A writer in the New York *Evening Post* states that the bark Orion, after having been captured as a slaver and sent into New York, was released by the U. S. Commissioners for the want of proof against her. She immediately sailed again for the Congo River, and was captured by a British vessel and sent to St. Helena, with 800 negroes on board. The Emily was also captured off Loango, sent to New York, and she too was released for want of proof. It is now said that the bark Bogota, captured off the coast of Cuba on the 23d of May last, having five hundred negroes on board, is none other than the Emily. The same writer states, upon what he conceives to be perfectly reliable data, that during the last fifteen months thirty-one slavers have cleared from the port of New York alone, capable of carrying an average of five hundred negroes each, or an aggregate of fifteen thousand five hundred! Commenting on these facts the *Post* remarks:

"The only measure which Mr. President Buchanan can boast of having carried during his entire Administration, is the practical repeal or nullification of the restrictions upon the slave trade. By putting the peaceful relations between [illegible] a pretended violation of England's right upon high seas, he has succeeded in discouraging English cruisers, while at home his officers and agents are of a class who are too sagacious to execute the laws in a spirit hostile to the chief policy of the Administration. Hence, with justice, [illegible] New York city, the great commercial metropolis of this continent, now boldly stigmatized by the foreign press as "the first slave-trading port in the world."

"Forty Thousand."

The boast of the telegraph operator at Springfield that there were 40,000 persons at the Douglas Ratification Meeting in that city the other day, proves to be gas, of which the operator and his employees should be ashamed. The *Journal* says that an actual count of the vehicles and persons in the procession footed up as follows:

Number of wagons, buggies and carriages	304
" people, at an average of 6 persons to the team	1824
"Douglas German" club	64
"Hickory" club	80
Number of people in procession	1968

We are inclined to believe, however, that a full count of all the wagons would give a fraction over 400, containing about 2,500 men, women and children. Two gentlemen, counted the people in the wagons: one figured up 2,580, and the other 2,538. Another gentleman enumerated only those who appeared to be voters, and found about 1,200. If the whole celebration [illegible]

CARL SCHURZ AT BEARDSTOWN.

Progress of the Republican Idea.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

BEARDSTOWN, Ill., July 24, 1860.

Messrs. Editors:

To the constant readers of the PRESS AND TRIBUNE it would appear that almost every county in the State had demonstrated its Republican political character except Cass county, which has been neglected; but this must not be considered as exhibiting a disinterested feeling of our people—for there is no such feeling. There are no people in the State more anxious to succeed than the Republicans of Cass county; and there is no ticket more adapted to their wishes than that of Lincoln and Yates. Through the brief period of four years our progress has been good, and our relative increase very near equal to any other county in the State. Since 1856, nearly all the Fillmore men have come over to Lincoln, and since his nomination there has been a positive gain from the Democratic party, and our vote for Lincoln in November will be greater than it was in 1858. In 1856, Cass county had no regular Republican political speakers, there are now more than a dozen active debaters, quite a number of well organized Republican clubs, one substantial Republican newspaper, (*The Central Illinoisian*,) and a strong probability of another in a few days. With all these essential elements at work, we expect to make a distinctive impression next November. But the work is not yet complete, nor are we willing to let it rest as it is, notwithstanding the character of our gains. I know of no man in this county that has gone from the Republican to the Democratic party, but I do know of several talented and influential men who have left the ranks of the Democracy and joined the Republicans. I will mention a few names. The first to desert the sham Democracy in our midst, was John Habermehl, Esq., a young, intelligent and industrious German lawyer. Mr. Habermehl left Ohio about a year ago and came to Beardstown to engage in practice. During the greater part of his stay here he has been an active supporter of Douglas and has made speeches over the county for the Democracy. But he has changed, "there was one thing needful, and he has chosen the good [illegible] to aid in the triumph of the Republican cause. His services will tell by next November.

Next in order is Mr. Thompson, a prominent lawyer of Beardstown, who, from his earliest manhood, has supported the Democratic party up to the repeal of the Missouri Compromise. Since then, he has been unsettled as to his political opinions. Very recently he came out in a speech and exposed the false pretensions of the Democracy, and declared himself in favor of Lincoln and the Republican ticket. Mr. Thompson is an able debater, possessing superior oratorical powers and has entered manfully into the work. Next in order to give his support to the Republican cause is H. E. Dummer, Esq., who is too well known a prominent lawyer through this part of the State to gain any personal merit from newspaper notices. Mr. Dummer has always been a true, consistent, conservative, uncompromising Clay Whig; yet always disposed to confine himself to his professional business rather than to go aside for political notoriety or political gain. He has always been true to the old Whig doctrine, choosing rather to withhold his vote from the ballot box in '56 than to encourage the success of what he supposed to be a political faction. Not pleased with the political organizations, he still disavowed his identity with any party until the second national enunciation of the Republican doctrines at Chicago. Satisfied with those doctrines, and satisfied with Abraham Lincoln as the chosen representative man of the party, he heartily acknowledged the nationality of the party and the genuineness of the cause; and has showed his faith by his works. He addressed a large audience a few days ago, and is ready to do so again. Such men, together with some of our merchants and other prominent citizens, have come to our party.

"Yet while we bring our offerings to those of our own land shall we not remember the chivalrous spirits of other shores?"

Carl Schurz—this brilliant orator has just filled an appointment at this place. Perhaps it will not be out of place to briefly mention the circumstances of his visit here, in order to expose the dishonesty of the corrupt Democracy of this county. Mr. Schurz's appointment had been announced through the newspapers and otherwise some time in advance of his coming. The Democracy fearing the effect that might be produced among the Germans, sent for Arentzen, of Quincy, Democratic candidate for State Auditor, to come and speak the same day. Notices were posted up for a speech, then the Democracy proposed a joint discussion, which was accepted, on conditions that Mr. Schurz would be willing. Both men came. Mr. Schurz, desirous of exposing Mr. Arentzen and the Democracy, challenged him to a joint discussion, but Arentzen declined and would not even come and hear him speak, such is the ignorant and audacious conduct of the sham Democracy everywhere. What a presumption to bring such a whiffet to confront Schurz.

But Schurz spoke. His genius towered among his people like a monument. He possesses a logical comprehensive and poetic mind, and when his spleen shall have become fully expended, he will truly be a representative man of the age. There was no effort made to get out any but a German audience, yet, early in the day, delegates with music and banners [illegible] ing counties, who, together with [illegible] citizens and a fine display of the Wide Awake company, made a grand reception. At the place of speaking, at two o'clock, a large and intelligent audience assembled to hear the doctrines of the Republican party expounded by this man. He spoke for two hours with superior vigor and marvelous logic. He had a copy of Mr. Arntzen's stereotyped speech, which he first reviewed with the most cutting sarcasm and logic; then he proceeded to expose the rottenness of the sham Democracy in the severest manner; after which he set forth the doctrines of the Republican party so that a wayfaring man, though fool, could not fail to see the superiority of the latter over the former, with a final appeal to his German friends in behalf of liberty, which was said to be one of the master efforts of his life. His speech made a fine impression upon the Germans of this place, converting quite a number to our cause.

But I will leave the review and look for a moment at the prospect ahead. Every succeeding day, and every coming mail gives new encouragement, and brightens the path to success. Egypt has reconsidered the issue at hand, and old Whigs have refused to plunge themselves head-long into the ranks of that foul party, that once raised its hydra-head against their great Captain, Henry Clay. L. W. REAVIS.

Prospects of the Crops in Knox Co.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

MOVEMENTS OF THE PEOPLE.

HENDERSON COUNTY.—A friend at Burlington, Iowa, sends us the following account of a Republican rally in Henderson county, this State:

BURLINGTON, Ia., July 26, 1860.—At the meeting of the Wide Awake Republican Club, held on [illegible] invitation was sent to us [illegible] Republicans of Olena Henderson county, Ill., to attend a mass meeting there the next day. Therefore, yesterday noon, fifty Wide Awakes, in uniform, with music, accompanied by Hon. J. W. Grimes, Mayor French, and other citizens, with the Wide Awake Glee Club, took a special train furnished by the P. & O. R. R., and went to Oquawka Junction, where the Republicans of Olena met us and took us to that place, a distance of seven miles. There we found a large gathering of people listening to Capt. Prentiss, of Quincy, Ill.; he had then spoken about two hours, to the entire satisfaction of the crowd. After Mr. Prentiss had concluded, Hon. J. W. Grimes was introduced, and spoke over an hour and a half with his usual convincing power. Mr Grimes's speech abounded in eloquent allusions to our candidates, and in hard, logical hits at all our opponents. The best of attention was given him, and all were eager to hear him longer, but his health is poor and he spoke as long as his physical powers would admit. The Burlington Wide Awake Glee Club then sang a song so acceptably that the crowd would not let them off until they had sung "Poor Little Dug," which brought out the enthusiasm to its fullest extent. The Wide Awakes re-formed and marched through the town, giving cheers for our candidates, and delighting the multitude, (which numbered at least 2,000, and probably 2,500,) with the skill displayed in their various changes, and with their good deportment. It was a day long to be remembered by Republicans. There is immense enthusiasm among the farmers for "Old Abe," and they are determined to hold their position until November shall see this country redeemed from the power of lecherous Democracy. Careful estimates of the vote of this State, we think, will give us nearly ten thousand majority. B.

WABASH COUNTY.—A very large and enthusiastic meeting of the Republicans of Wabash county was held at Cabbage Corner, on Thursday of last week, which was ably addressed by Peter Clark, Esq., and Dr. Moro. We are gaining ground very fast in Wabash county, and they talk of carrying the county for Lincoln and Hamlin.

CARL SCHURZ [illegible] Carl Schurz addressed the largest meeting ever assembled in the City Hall at Alton, on Wednesday night last, first in German, and then in English. Both nationalities were wrought to the highest pitch of enthusiasm by his eloquent words. Previous to and at the close of his speeches, the Germans and Wide Awakes had splendid torch-light processions. Mr. Schurz is doing a noble work in the centre of this State.

CARL SCHURZ AT SPRINGFIELD.—Carl Schurz addressed the German citizens of Springfield in the State House on Tuesday evening. Although but limited notice of the meeting had been given, the Hall of the House of Representatives, floor and galleries, was filled to overflowing, with mostly Germans. A procession of Wide Awakes, numbering over three hundred, escorted Mr. Schurz, accompanied by Mr. Lincoln, to the State House. Mr. Schurz spoke to the Germans until a late hour, and in a manner that produced a marked effect.

THE CHANGES.—A Douglas Democrat from Pekin, in this State, stated to a gentleman in Peoria, that since Mr. Schurz's speech in the former place, at least *one hundred* Germans had left the Douglas Democracy and joined the Republican ranks.

MORE OF THE SAME SORT.—The Moline *Independent* says that some thirty Germans in the upper part of Rock Island county, who have hitherto been Democrats, will vote for Lincoln and Hamlin this Fall. The *Independent* predicts that nearly the entire German and Swedish vote of Rock Island county will be given for Lincoln and Hamlin.

REFUSES TO BET.—Last week the editor of the *Democrat* undertook to alarm the Republicans of Princeton, by offering to stake $25 that Douglas would carry Illinois; but when W. A. Fisher, Esq., came forward with the money, the editor's courage failed, and he refused to come up to the scratch.—*Princeton Republican.*

XII CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, INDIANA.—The Republican Convention met at Terre Haute on Wednesday last, and nominated Col. Thomas H. Nelson, of Vigo county, for Congress. D. W. Voorhees is the Douglas candidate, and the prospect is that Col. Nelson will lay him out.

—Henry W. Rogers, who may be regarded as the leading Democrat of Buffalo, has deserted Douglas, and announced himself hereafter for Breckinridge and Lane.

MINNESOTA.—The first number of the new Breckinridge paper at St. Paul has made its appearance. It is called the "*Star of the North*," and is edited with much spirit.

THE IOWA STATE REPORTER.—The Davenport [illegible] announcing the defection of the *State Reporter*, says: "The *Reporter* has heretofore been a warm and consistent supporter of Democratic principles, and throughout the State it bore a most excellent reputation." The following is Mr. Harrison's card announcing the change:

After mature deliberation, I have arrived at the conclusion, that I cannot give my assent to the platform of either wing of the late Democratic party, nor longer yield my support to Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson as candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States. I therefore announce to the readers of this paper, and the public generally, that the names of Douglas and Johnson will no longer remain at the head of our columns, and that hereafter the columns of the Reporter will be devoted to the dissemination of Republican principles, and the advocacy of the election of Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin, the candidates of the Republican party for President and Vice President of the United States.

EDMUND HARRISON,
Proprietor of Weekly Iowa *State Reporter.*

—The Pittsburg *Gazette*, a well posted and candid paper, gives some quotations, showing how the Democratic tides run in Pennsylvania, and thus sums up the matter:

IMPORTANT TO DOUGLAS MEN.

Policy of the Breckinridgites as Seen from a Douglas Stand-Point.

LETTER FROM "OCCASIONAL"

[Correspondence of the Philadelphia Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 23.

The friends of the Southern sectional candidate for President profess to be uncommonly sanguine. They now claim every Southern State, except Maryland and Missouri. Two of the leading politicians of this city have been dispatched to the South, and to other quarters, fully accredited, to raise money for the most active prosecution of the campaign. Breckinridge is to speak in Kentucky, for himself, and Jo. Lane is now in North Carolina, his native State, addressing crowds in very bad English. The Breckinridgites claim that in two weeks there will not be twenty leading Democrats in the South opposed to them, and that the South Americans themselves are coming over to the Disunion flag in platoons. The *Constitution* of Sunday has a letter from Georgia, stating that any Douglas man attempting to speak in a certain locality in that State would be surely mobbed, and that the State will be anti-Douglas by five to one. I recapitulate these assertions for the purpose of pointing out the process by which the South is being sectionalized. Many of the assumptions as to the strength of the Disunionists are false and fabricated; but it is in vain to close our eyes to that which is passing before us. They begin to believe they have a chance to capture the next Administration of the Government, and so perpetuate the present dynasty of tyranny and fraud. They boast that they have killed off Douglas, by aid of Mr. Buchanan's office-holders in the free States; that they have emasculated the Bell and Everett party in the Southern States, by exciting the hatred of the Southern people against all who are not for Breckinridge and Lane in that quarter; and finally that they have now only to convince the country that the only way to defeat Lincoln is to rally around the Secession, pro-slavery, slave-code platform. In my opinion, no calamity equal to the election of the Breckinridge ticket could befal our country. It would utterly and forever break up the Democratic party, solidly sectionalize the free States, and practically destroy the Government. *The whole effort of the Disunionists is to have no election by the people.* They know they cannot triumph at the polls if they carried the whole South, and Oregon and California to boot. What next? Why, to throw the Presidential election into Congress, by a fusion between the Breckinridgers, the Douglasites, and the Bell-ringers in the States of New York, and New [illegible] ulated by these sly magicians. Her Democracy are for Douglas *alone*, and will have a clean Douglas ticket, on the 26th inst., untainted by coalition of any sort. The next step is to prevent the House from electing a President, before the 4th of March, 1861, by violent debate and persistent motions, so as to give the Senate the chance of electing Jo Lane, the Disunion candidate for Vice President, *President of the United States for four years!* You ventilated this plot some weeks ago. Every day makes the justice of your views more correct. Take the following from the Baltimore *Sun* of this very morning, in the letter of "Ion," written from this city, and speaking for the Breckinridge organization:

"I have become impressed with the belief while in New York, a few days ago, that the movement commenced recently at the Twelfth Avenue Hotel, by a few gentlemen, towards the formation of Union conservative electoral and State tickets, will be carried, knowing those who have taken hold of this subject are men who do not often interpose directly in party politics, but who never move prematurely, nor without a sound basis, nor without effect.

"The article in the *Journal of Commerce* of the 19th instant, from the pen of the senior editor, who has taken a leading part in this movement, presents the plan of action, and gives urgent reasons for its adoption.

"I learn further that some of the leading Douglas Democrats, heretofore hostile to any fusion, now favor it upon the terms proposed, and that Mr. Breckinridge himself has written a letter to a personal and political friend in New York, advising conciliation and co-operation between the two wings of the Democratic party in that city and State. Further, the Bell and Everett men have come cordially and promptly into the plan, and are zealous in its promotion, viewing it, as Governor Hunt stated in a recent speech, as the best means by which the Union Whigs and Americans can promote their own principles. Their first and most imperative duty they regard as the defeat of Mr. Lincoln, and of his party.

"If the Democratic State Convention which is to be held on the 15th of August, favor this plan of united conservative action, they will choose an electoral ticket consisting, in fair proportion, of Douglas Democrats, Breckinridge Democrats, and Bell and Everett men. The committee charged with the call of a Breckinridge State Convention will not call one to be held prior to that date, and when held it will affirm the action of the Douglas Convention, should that body embrace the fusion scheme. The Bell and Everett party are ready to approve it also. The plan embraces not only co-operation of conservative elements in reference to the Presidential election, but of the State election. It will not be known till after the 15th of August whether this union can be effected; but if it be made it will rescue the State from Republican misrule and defeat the Republican candidate for the Presidency."

Mark the use that is to be made of the friends of Douglas in New York! They are to unite with the Breckinridge Disunionists on one electoral ticket, while in the South their leader is burnt in effigy, and his gallant champions insulted and assailed! Some of the New York politicians are proverbially cunning. The action of part of the New York delegation at Charleston and Baltimore was characterized by many expedients, though in the end the majority behaved well. The leaders of the Democratic party there went to carry their State at all hazards. They would rather lose the Presidency itself than the control of their State Legislature and the State Government and the dispensation of the vast patronage of the city. I was not, therefore, surprised to see it intimated—though I cannot believe it—that the Albany *Argus and Atlas*, a paper that has so ably supported Judge Douglas since his nomination, favored this league with the friends of Breckinridge on a single electoral ticket. But the attempt will be a failure. The friends of Douglas in New York will never touch a fusion ticket. They know that they cannot do it with honor, and although they may be called upon to do so on the appeal that they can thus defeat Lincoln, let them remember that there is a much more grievous calamity than this in the election of the Disunion candidate, and this latter would be the certain result of any fusion with the friends of Breckinridge and Lane. The friends of Judge Douglas in the South are making a fearless struggle against powerful odds. They confidently expect to carry Missouri, and will roll up an immense vote in most of the other Southern States, if they do not carry them. These men ought to be encouraged by their Northern allies, and they can alone be encouraged by the refusal in every free State [illegible]

MOB LAW RAMPANT!

DESTRUCTIVE RIOT LAST NIGHT.

Twenty Houses of Ill-Repute Sacked.

[From the St. Louis Democrat, 26th.]

At ten o'clock last night, some forty or fifty persons simultaneously appeared on the levee near the foot of Almond street, armed with axes, crowbars, sledge hammers, and similar implements, with which, and with a rush and hurrah, they proceeded up Almond street, attracting an additional crowd as they advanced. The object of this apparently sinister, certainly ominous, and decidedly startling movement, was soon made evident beyond the slightest peradventure. It was to clean out, smash-up, tear in pieces, stave to atoms and burn to ashes whatever was cleanable, smashable, tearable, staveable, combustible, in the notorious nests of bawdy houses which cluster on Almond and neighboring streets. A den kept by a Mrs. Hopps, on Almond between Second and Main streets was riddled with astonishing speed and effectiveness. Another on Second between Poplar and Almond, and one below Almond on Second, were successively attacked, despoiled, and their contents destroyed. The entire row on Almond between Third and Fourth streets, some six tenements, shared the same fate. The property of Madam Haycraft, on the southwest corner of Almond and Fourth was next assaulted, and similarly rifled. Madame Belle Beason's notorious hole on the north side of Almond, between Second and Third streets had previously been visited by the destroyers.

As the work of devastation progressed, multitudes of citizens assembled, hundreds of whom joined assiduously in aiding the enterprise. At first a party of the police offered resistance, but were attacked with rocks, one of which struck policeman Friese upon the stomach, inflicting a wound which may prove fatal. The police succeeded in arresting three of the rioters, John Wickmer, Leonard Lambers and Charles Hellard.

In the affray, some twenty shots were fired by the "stars," to intimidate the crowd, but happily no one was hit. A large crowd accompanied the officers and their prisoners to the police station; and a disposition is said to have been evinced to effect a rescue, but the attempt was not made.

The path of the destroying mob was marked by blazing bonfires, in which were consuming the wreck of the smashed furniture of the houses just sacked. At Second and Almond, on Almond, between Third and Fourth, on Fourth at Almond, on Myrtle near Eighth, and at still other localities, these fires were successively [illegible] the scenes of sack and destruction, and attracting additional multitudes of wondering citizens and women, and even children. The police yielded the point, and the mob were left to accomplish their work without further molestation, so far as we could discover, until at least 11 o'clock. At that hour the excitement continued and the work was still progressing. Before we left the district, not less than twenty tenements had been "cleaned out," and it was in contemplation to finish ten or twenty more.

So far as we could learn, the prevalent sentiment was one of regret that so lawless and wholesale a destruction of property was permitted, while the salutary effect of breaking up these establishments was undisputed. But it was thought disgraceful that it should be deemed necessary for the mob to do the work which should in some manner be effected, so far as was desirable, by the enactment and enforcement of law.

The tenement at the southwest corner of Fourth and Almond, was Bill Oloxton's noted South Fourth street Exchange. Adjoining it was a house and a cigar store, kept by some fancy Frenchwomen. Both these establishments were thoroughly riddled. In the rear, a defence was made by parties inside, who fired several shots into the crowd, but without injuring any person, so far as we learned.

The feminine denizens of these destroyed rookeries were seen fleetly scattering in all directions, and their passage through the thronged streets was made the occasion of very uncomplimentary shouts, while nothing like personal violence toward them was thought of.

The lesson of these disgraceful scenes is, that when an intolerable nuisance is left unsuppressed by the authorities, when remonstrances, protests, and prayers fail to arouse easy officials to a sense of their duties, the mob will assume the function of the police, and will do for the city what the law has failed to accomplish.

We should add to the above that the fire department was promptly called out, to prevent a destruction of buildings by fire.

LATER.—The police mustered in force at half-past eleven o'clock, and effected the arrest of about fifty of the rioters. At one o'clock the mob was still at work, but less violently, and the arrests were continuing.

Policeman Kennedy suddenly dropped dead at Fourth and Market streets, from heat exhaustion.

Cattle Disease Near Home.

From the Henry County Dial.

We are sorry to learn that quite a number of fatal cases of cattle disease have appeared in this neighborhood during the last week or two. At the south, toward Toulon, some ten or twelve head have died, and three or four more only a mile or two north of town. So far as we can learn, the symptoms have not indicated pleuro-pneumonia, the disease seeming to be confined principally to the head. In one or two cases the horns became so loosened that they could be easily pulled from the head.

Our neighbor, Mr. William King, lost a fine calf last week, though apparently from a different disease. It frothed at the mouth, and its limbs were convulsed like those of a dog suffering from strychnine, suggesting to some who saw the animal, poison; to others, hydrophobia. It died in about two hours after being found in this condition, which was in the morning, but it might have been attacked some time before.

We should deprecate the idea of creating a panic on the subject; and we trust that the cases referred to are only sporadic manifestations of disease to which cattle are at all times more or less liable; but farmers having animals so attacked cannot be too careful in keeping them from communication with healthy ones, so as to guard against the possibility of contagion, in case the disease should prove of an epidemic character.

North Atlantic Telegraph.

The *London Times* of the 5th inst. has some information respecting this project. It says, the late Arctic cruiser Fox, which is about to be despatched on survey service in connection with this undertaking, is now lying in the Southampton Docks for the purpose of undergoing the necessary refitment. She will be commanded by Captain Allen Young and will be accompanied by an adequate staff of electricians, geographers, geologists, and surveyors, and a marine painter. The Danish Government takes a warm interest in the project, and will send out two commissioners in the Fox to report upon the survey. The paddle steamer Bulldog, appointed by the British Government to take the soundings, has already sailed on her mission, and it is expected she [illegible]

FALL TRADE.—1860.

FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,
NO. 81 & 83 SOUTH WATER STREET,
Importers and Jobbers of Goods FOR
MENS' WEAR.

They are now daily receiving their usual large and varied stock for the Fall Trade, to which they invite your attention. Their stock consists in part of Broadcloths, of all colors and grades, Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Black and Fancy Doeskins, Blue and Black Pilots, Black and Colored Moscow Beavers,

BROWN, BLACK, BLUE AND ALL COLORS OF
CASTOR BEAVERS.
SILK AND VALENTIA VESTINGS of all grades and styles.
SATINETTS of all grades and styles.
ALSO
A full and complete stock of
Tailor's Trimmings.
Agents for
SCOTT'S REPORT OF FASHIONS.

SKIRTS,
SKIRTS, SKIRTS,
Skirts, Skirts, Skirts,
SKIRTS, SKIRTS, SKIRTS, SHIRTS,
—AT—
20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75, 100, 125, 150 CENTS.
THE CHEAPEST EVER OFFERED IN THE CITY
AT T. B. CARTER'S,
No. 136..........Lake Street..........No 136
CHICAGO, ILL.

Smith, Pollard & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
191 SOUTH WATER STREET, 191
Have now in store a large stock of
GROCERIES,
Which we offer to purchasers at a very
SMALL ADVANCE FROM COST.
Our stock consists in part of
TEAS, COFFEE, SUGARS, SYRUPS,
And ALL OTHER ARTICLES
Usually Kept in a Grocery Store.
COUNTRY MERCHANTS WISHING TO PURCHASE GROCERIES
Will please give us the pleasure of showing them our goods and prices.
SMITH, POLLARD & CO.,
191..........South Water Street..........191

ICE PITCHERS,
Water Coolers,
FRUIT JARS,
—AND—
JELLY CANS,
IN GREAT VARIETY,
At the City Crockery Store of
Bowen Brothers,
No. 72..........LAKE STREET..........No. 72

No. 37 Lake St., | IRON BLOCK | No. 43 Wabash av.
REMOVAL.
PEAKE, MARSH & DE LONG,
Compelled by their increasing business to seek larger quarters, have removed from their old stand, nearly opposite, to the above spacious stores in
Burch's Iron Block,
Where they will be able to offer at wholesale, a still larger and more varied stock of
Dry Goods, Hosiery, Notions.
Customers will always find us with full lines of known brands of HEAVY DOMESTICS, bought at first hands, and offered at a small advance, together with a large stock of
Woolens, Shawls, Dress Goods, &c.
We shall continue our motto,
"LOW PRICES WIN,"
And invite the attention of all close, prompt paying buyers.

BARNUM'S GREAT
VARIETY STORE
Re-opened at 138 Lake Street,
With an ENTIRE NEW STOCK of
TOYS, FANCY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
WILLOW WARE,
FISHING TACKLE,
Worsteds of all Kinds, &c., &c., &c.
WHOLESALE BUYERS
SUPPLIED AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Barnum Brothers,

177 - RANDOLPH-ST. - 177
Third Store East of Briggs House.
NEW GOODS AT REDUCED RATES.
I have now on hand and to arrive, a large and varied stock of Crockery, China and Glassware, Parian, Marble and Terra Cotta Vases,
SILVER-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY

W. W. KIMBALL,
DEALER IN
PIANO FORTES & MELODEONS,
99 . . Clark Street. . . 99
HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'S
Premium Piano Fortes, which have been awarded thirty-two First Premiums in Gold and Silver Medals.
GEO. A. PRINCE'S MELODEONS,
PIANOS TO RENT.
Apply at Music Store, 99 South Clark street.

FANS! FANS! FANS! FANS!
Pearl Stick, in White, Blue, Cherry, Red.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Pearl Stick, Plain, Spangled, Silvered, Embroidered,
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Ivory Stick, in White, Blue, Cherry, Red.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Ivory Stick, Silvered, Painted, Embroidered.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Sandal Wood Stick, in Silk, Crape Linen
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Sandal Wood, Cane, Straight, Round and Broad Stick.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Plain Linen, Spanish and Mourning Fans.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Opera, Bridal and Party Fans, all Patterns.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
Palm Leaf, Plain Palm Leaf, Trimmed, all Styles.
Fans. Fans. Fans. Fans.
All Kinds, All Prices, from 5 cents to $25.00.
AT PARK'S, 124 LAKE-ST

Garters. Garters. Garters.
Embroidered in Silk and Velvet.
Garters. Garters. Garters.
Wire Elastics, in Kid, Linen and Cotton.
Garters. Garters. Garters.
In Pink, in Blue, in White, in Red.
Garters. Garters. Garters.
All Sorts and Sizes, All Patterns and Prices.
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TO GRAIN DEALERS.
WAREHOUSE RECEIPT BOOKS,
Manufactured and for sale by JONES, PERDUE & SMALL.
GRAIN CONTRACT BOOKS,
Manufactured and for sale by JONES, PERDUE & SMALL.
GRAIN ORDER BOOKS,
Manufactured and for sale by JONES, PERDUE & SMALL.
OAR GRAIN BOOKS,
Manufactured and for sale by JONES, PERDUE & SMALL.
WAREHOUSE RECEIVING AND SALES BOOKS,
Manufactured and for sale by JONES, PERDUE & SMALL.
RAILROAD, CANAL AND LAKE SHIPPING BILLS,
Manufactured and for sale by
Jones, Perdue & Small,
STATIONERS, BLANK-BOOK MANUFACTURERS AND JOB PRINTERS,
122..........LAKE STREET..........122

HUGHES, DUPUY & CREHANGE,
IMPORTERS OF FANCY GOODS,
341 Broadway, New York, 341,
OFFER to the Trade, a LARGE, FRESH, AND WELL-SELECTED assortment of PARIS FANCY GOODS, to which they will receive constant additions, by steamers, during the season. Among their stock may be found nearly all the New styles and full lines of
SILK BRAID, CAPS, HAIR NETS AND COIFFURES, FANCY HAIR PINS, COMBS AND ORNAMENTS, SLIDES, BELT BUCKLES AND CLASPS, GILT, &C. SILK WATCH GUARDS, FINE PLATED CHAINS, SHAWL PINS, BRUSHES, GARTERS, DRESS BUTTONS, FANCY BELTS, STEEL AND GILT JEWELRY, BUSSON'S ACCORDEONS, &c., &c.,
All of which they offer to the Trade at the lowest market prices and on the most liberal terms.

VOLK'S STATUETTE
—OF—
DOUGLAS,
(Patented February 14th, 1860,) and
BUSTS OF LINCOLN,
(Patented June 12th, 1860.)
Beautifully finished in Composition to bear water and washing when soiled, and finished at the following greatly REDUCED PRICES in the Western States:—
[illegible]

SCALES! SCALES!
SAFES! SAFES!!
The largest and best stock of the above articles are always to be found at the DURYEE & FORSYTH Manufacturing Company's Western Depot,
183 So. Water St., Chicago, Ill.
They have also on hand
HAY, PORK, FLOUR, DORMANT, PORTABLE PLATFORM, and all other description of SCALES, and a full assortment of TRUCKS, LETTER PRESSES SUGAR MILLS, &c., &c.
The Company will sell at the lowest possible rates and all will do well to call at 183 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois.

50,000
STARK MILL BAGS
At $23.75 Per Hundred.
P. PALMER,
112, 114 AND 116 LAKE STREET.

GO TO

of the pew has on it a large plate inscribed with his name, "S. A. Douglas," and that whenever he goes to church in Washington city, he sits in that pew. There he is believed to conform to the ceremonial requirements of the Catholic Church and to endorse its policy.

Yours, WASHINGTON.

The evidence accumulates. Did Mr. Douglas join the Catholic Church in Europe during his tour in that country? If not, why do all the journals, bishops, priests and laymen of that Church support his claims for the Presidency? What have they to gain by his election that they should be for him to a man?

THE POSITION OF THE CHICAGO HERALD.

It will be remembered by the editors of the Chicago *Herald* that that newspaper was started in hostility to Mr. Douglas, and as the special organ of his bitterest enemy, Mr. Buchanan. They will recollect that long after it had passed under its present editorial control, and up to a very recent date, it continued such hostility, and in its entire contents expressed its strong and uncompromising preferences for that policy which is now represented by Mr. Breckinridge; that its daily endeavor was, at least so far as its readers understood and believed [...] the voters of Illinois, as the only one consistent with the constitutional rights of all sections of the country. They will recollect that after the final division of the Democracy at Baltimore, and the nomination of two tickets, many indications were given that the original preferences of the *Herald* remained unchanged, and that the paper would enthusiastically enlist in aid of Breckinridge and Lane. They will also recollect that it very soon became evident that the last named ticket, as opposed to that of Mr. Douglas, could obtain no effective support in Illinois, and that the only result that could possibly follow its continuance in the field, would be the division of the Democratic vote, the surrender of the State, beyond hope, to the Republicans, and the election of Mr. Lincoln by the people. They will bear in mind as a fact, whatever admissions of it they may or may not choose to make, that from the hour of that Baltimore division, it was and is manifest that without the intervention of a special miracle in his aid, neither by the people, nor the House of Representatives, nor the Senate, can Mr. Douglas be elected the next President. They will recollect that just at this point, in the light of these facts, in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, the *Herald* relinquished, so far as all outward manifestations enabled us to judge, its Breckinridge proclivities—unsaid by one act the principles it had been urging, and bowed itself to receive the livery, and to advocate, as against all other candidates, the Presidential claims of Mr. Douglas.

Now, gentlemen of the *Herald*, where are we to find the solution of all this? Are we to believe that you have in good faith renounced your former allegiance and gone forth in sincerity to the worship of strange Gods? Or are we rather to believe that the motive was an entirely different and less worthy one—one utterly inconsistent with any dealing, which, even in politics, can be called fair or honorable? Is not this the solution—that you at once detected that a Republican victory in Illinois would be the destruction of Breckinridge? that therefore, and because you had no fear of Mr. Douglas as a competitor, and because you knew, although the people did not, that under the peculiar combinations of the canvass, every vote cast in Illinois for Douglas would in effect be one for Breckinridge, you decided to support Mr. Douglas? Is not this the sole and only reason why the Douglas ticket is now at the head of your columns, and the badge of his service on your breasts? If this is so, do you approve, as fair men, of your course? Is it a creditable and self-satisfactory one, or is it a deep laid and treacherous one—a fraud upon the people—a conspiracy against the Democratic party in Illinois, of which you are soon to be the leading local organ, and the preferences of the large majority of which you know are not nominally alone, but heartily, as against Mr. Breckinridge, in favor of Mr. Douglas? Do you not know that the large majority of Illinois Democrats have no sympathy with Mr. Breckinridge, or the views he represents, and that if they knew, as you know, that the contest is indeed narrowed to that between the latter and Mr. Lincoln, very many of them would prefer to vote for Mr. Lincoln? If this is so, is not your course *designed* to deceive the people,—and if so, we ask again, is it a creditable one, or one which any honest man ought to be willing for one hour to pursue? Is there any mode by which, standing as you do, you can escape a charge of inconsistency, which, if fastened, would forfeit the respect of every intelligent man, except by an admission of double dealing which would forfeit the respect of every honorable man? Would it not be just to let your readers know where, and with what design you are seeking to conduct them? Do you esteem the rank and file of your party tools—machines, and nothing more—so much mere bulk with which leaders may speculate, and into whose personal keeping you deem it unsafe to commit the motives and true ends—the scriptures of your political creed?

About all this, we and yourselves have already an opinion. About it, when they come [...]

Douglas, carrying the bag [...] State's money in it. The bag, it is understood, was very convenient to many of the starvelings who went from this State to bluster Douglas into the nomination for the Presidency; and it would be very rash to conclude that Matteson is not yet to be recompensed.

Again it has become the custom at every important or even trivial Douglas demonstration at Springfield, to make a visit to Scrip Villa and pay court to Matteson. Of course the men who do this, either believe, or have made up their minds to the pretence of believing, that Matteson is innocent, and ought to be released from paying back the State this stolen money traced to his possession, and for the possession of which he is unable to give any satisfactory or honest account.

But are the tax-payers of Illinois ready for this? Do they wish to be bribed with the small part of their stolen money, to let the larger half stay in those coffers where it all would [...] but for an accidental discovery? After having their money stolen from them, are they for reinstating the man in whose possession it was found, and every subsequent movement of whom has but tended to confirm [...] which first attached to him? If they are, it is their own business [...] they are not, they will not be blind to what is now going on before their own eyes. They will take cognizance of the efforts which Matteson is now making to secure the election of a Douglas Legislature, knowing that with his heavy liability to the State, he would make no such expenditures of money as he is making, if he had not the assurance of ultimate recompense.

We sound the alarm for the benefit of the tax-payers. Let them look at the signs.

RECIPROCITY—MR. HATCH'S REPORT.

We are indebted to some unknown friend for a copy of the "Report of Hon. Israel T. Hatch upon the operation of the Revenue Laws and the Reciprocity Treaty upon the Northern Frontier," which we have carefully read. We find it to consist of a carefully prepared and elaborate argument against the principle of Reciprocity, and indeed against any kind of commercial intercourse with Canada which it is possible to prevent through prohibitory legislation. Instead of setting forth the practical working of the Reciprocity Treaty, and leaving Congress and the public to form their own conclusions, it abounds in ex parte statements of facts, and in arguments suggested by viewing the subject solely from a local stand-point uninfluenced by any broad or comprehensive view of the subject which it professes to discuss. As a special plea for the interests of Buffalo and for the Canals and Railroads of New York, it is a very creditable production; but considered with reference to the duties supposed to have been entrusted to Mr. Hatch by the War Department—the preparation of a simple statement of facts showing the bearing of Reciprocity upon the interests of the whole country—it is scarcely deserving of respectful consideration.

The chief point made in the Report against the Treaty is, that under its operation there has been a falling off in revenue upon our imports from Canada—or in other words, had we imposed a duty upon Canadian goods made free by the Treaty, our treasury would now be the richer by some millions of dollars, provided always that the importations from Canada would have been as large under the exaction of a duty, as if admitted free. Now here are two very grave fallacies. First, it is not true that our revenue on Canadian importations is a true measure of the value of reciprocical free trade with that country; and secondly, it is simply absurd to base the amount of revenue to be derived from impost duties, upon the aggregate value of importations under a free list. A falling off in the revenue derived from Canadian importations was undoubtedly expected to result from the adoption of the reciprocity principle with that country. That could have been as easily foretold when the treaty was made, as it is for Mr. Hatch to demonstrate it now by a parade of the figures. But the Reciprocity Treaty was not entered into as a revenue measure. Its objects were to increase the trade carried on between the two countries, to encourage fraternal feelings between neighboring people, and to give to this country, in short, the principal commercial advantages that would flow from the annexation of Canada, without the accruing burthens. We can find no evidence in the report of Mr. Hatch of its having failed in any one of these objects.

The proof that the revenue derived from Canadian importations is less than the cost of collection, would be a good argument in favor of enlarging the free list indefinitely and abolishing the Custom Houses; but can have no bearing against the principle of Reciprocity. Neither in the fact that the Canadian government has increased the tariff on articles not enumerated in the Treaty, can an argument be derived in favor of abolishing it. The same thing could be done, and doubtless would be, were there no such treaty in existence; only in that event the tariff would be made to include those articles which, under the Treaty, we now export to Canada free of duty. And so with regard to all other facts relative to Canadian legislation designed to promote Canadian interests and to augment British commerce, embodied in the report. There is no evidence to show that this legislation has [...]

Evening Post states that the bark Orion, after having been captured as a slaver and sent into New York, was released by the U. S. Commissioners for the want of proof against her. She immediately sailed again for the Congo River, and was captured by a British vessel and sent to St. Helena, with 800 negroes on board. The Emily was also captured off Loango, sent to New York, and she too was released for want of proof. It is now said that the bark Bogota, captured off the coast of Cuba on the 23d of May last, having five hundred negroes on board, is none other than the Emily. The same writer states, upon what he conceives to be perfectly reliable data, that during the last fifteen months thirty-one slavers have cleared from the port of New York alone, capable of carrying an average of five hundred negroes each, or an aggregate of fifteen thousand five hundred! Commenting on these facts the *Post* remarks:

"The only measure which Mr. President Buchanan can boast of having carried during his entire Administration, is the practical repeal or nullification of the restrictions upon the slave trade. By putting the peaceful relations between [...] a pretended [...] high seas, he has succeeded in discouraging English cruisers, while at home his officers and agents are of a class who are too sagacious to execute the laws in a spirit hostile to the obvious policy of the Administration. Hence, with justice [...] New York city, the great commercial metropolis of this continent, now boldly stigmatized by the foreign press as "the first slave-trading port in the world."

"Forty Thousand"

The boast of the telegraph operator at Springfield that there were 40,000 persons at the Douglas Ratification Meeting in that city the other day, proves to be gas, of which the operator and his employees should be ashamed. The *Journal* says that an actual count of the vehicles and persons in the procession footed up as follows:

Number of wagons, buggies and carriages	304
" people, at an average of 6 persons to the team	1824
"Douglas German" club	64
"Hickory" club	60
Number of people in procession	1963

We are inclined to believe, however, that a full count of all the wagons would give a fraction over 400, containing about 2,500 men, women and children. Two gentlemen, counted the people in the wagons: one figured up 2,580, and the other 2,536. Another gentleman enumerated only those who appeared to be voters, and found about 1,200. If the whole celebration had been confined to the procession there would not have been enough people to constitute a respectable camp meeting. Many Republicans in the city took a holiday for the purpose of "looking around;" many more from the country came in to see the sights; and, as we said before, the spectators were about as numerous as the actors. As an illustration of this, we may mention the fact that a vote was taken on a train on the Great Western Railroad, between this city and Dawson, and Mr. Lincoln received a handsome majority of all the votes cast. A vote was also taken on the train from the north on the St. Louis, Alton & Chicago Railroad, the result of which showed a Republican majority of 45.

This particular meeting had been advertised far and wide for a long time before the appointed day. The mathematicians of the party estimated that at least 25,000 of the "bone and sinew" would be on hand: pot-house politicians indulging in flights of imagination and fancy created solely out of their frequent imbibations of "Old Bourbon," prophesied 40,000, without flinching; and diminutive Douglas papers in obscure localities all over this great State, trusting implicitly in the genius of the "Grecian Orator" and the magnifying powers of the *Register* man, saw nothing to prevent the conclusion that at least 50,000 people would assemble in the city of Springfield, on a hot day in July, to dance the Douglas war-dance and pass around the Douglas bottle.

But instead of all this, there met the eyes of the people who came [...], and the people who came to be seen, a comparatively beggarly concourse of 7,000 or 8,000 men, women, boys, girls, horses and mules. In this count, of course, we include only the Douglas element. The procession, which was the principal feature, though not [...] was long, and at times quite [...]. The speaking was generally tame. None of the big guns from abroad, who were advertised to be on hand, came to time. Even Morrison and Cushman staid away, and the speaking was conducted by Jim Allen, John M. Krum, of St. Louis, Dr. Roe, Joe Ledlie, "Dirty-work" Logan, Richardson, etc., most of them of exceedingly small calibre.

The Disunion Bugbear—Opinion of a Douglas Organ.

"Occasional," the famous correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, has the following—the opinion of a Douglas organ—on the disunion bugbear:

Suppose Mr. Lincoln fairly elected President, and suppose him to arrive in Washington for the purpose of assuming the office and discharging its duties, and an armed resistance be made to his taking possession of the Government! What then? It is made by a minority—made without the slightest provocation, but made because those who make it pledged themselves to such a resistance in the event of a Republican triumph. Mr. Buchanan is in the Presidency, or, rather, he is just going out, and he, too, is bound to yield to the policy of the Fire-eaters, and doubtless will hold on to the treasury and the other departments of the Government, in order to assist his good Southern friends. What effect such a demonstration will have upon the Northern people, of all parties, need not be anticipated. Of course, the end must be a bloody revolution, and the utter overthrow of the present pro-slavery despotism.

I look forward, however, to a peaceful solution of this difficulty. The moment the conservative people in the slave States are convinced that Mr. Keitt, Mr. Breckinridge, and others who agree with them in their present Disunion scheme, are resolved to resort to force rather than allow a Northern man, duly chosen President, to take his seat, they will turn upon those who are now leading them, and put them into hopeless oblivion.

There is much more danger should the Presidency go into the House. There a collision would be almost certain, particularly if the House should be stopped in its efforts to elect a man unacceptable to the Fire-eaters. Let a personal conflict take place under such circumstances on the floor of the popular branch of Congress, and there is no telling where the evil will end.

NORTH CAROLINA.—North Carolina votes for Governor and Members of the Legislature on the 2d of August. The candidates for Governor are John W. Ellis, the present incumbent, Democrat; and John Pool, Opposition. The vote of the State, two years ago, was Ellis, Democrat, 56,222; McRae, Independent, 39,965. Gov. Ellis has declared for Breckinridge. Mr. Pool is for Bell and Everett. The result will test the strength of the latter ticket in the South.

Carl Schurz—this brilliant orator has just filled an appointment at this place. Perhaps it will not be out of place to briefly mention the circumstances of his visit here, in order to expose the dishonesty of the corrupt Democracy of this county. Mr. Schurz's appointment had been announced through the newspapers and otherwise some time in advance of his coming. The Democracy fearing the effect that might be produced among the Germans, sent for Arentzen, of Quincy, Democratic candidate for State Auditor, to come and speak the same day. Notices were posted up for a speech, then the Democracy proposed a joint discussion, which was accepted, on conditions that Mr. Schurz would be willing. Both men came. Mr. Schurz, desirous of exposing Mr. Arentzen and the Democracy, challenged him to a joint discussion, but Arentzen declined and would not even come and hear him speak, such is the ignorant and audacious conduct of the sham Democracy everywhere. What a presumption to bring such a whiffet to confront Schurz.

But Schurz spoke. His genius towered among his people like a monument. He possesses a logical comprehensive and poetic mind, and when his spleen shall have become fully expended, he will truly be a representative man of the age. There was no effort made to get out any but a German audience, yet, early in the day, delegates with music and banners [...] ing counties, who, together with [...] zens and a fine display of the Wide Awake company, made a grand reception. At the place of speaking, at two o'clock, a large and intelligent audience assembled to hear the doctrines of the Republican party expounded by this man. He spoke for two hours with superior vigor and marvelous logic. He had a copy of Mr. Arentzen's stereotyped speech, which he first reviewed with the most cutting sarcasm and logic; then he proceeded to expose the rottenness of the sham Democracy in the severest manner; after which he set forth the doctrines of the Republican party so that a wayfaring man, though fool, could not fail to see the superiority of the latter over the former, with a final appeal to his German friends in behalf of liberty, which was said to be one of the master efforts of his life. His speech made a fine impression upon the Germans of this place, converting quite a number to our cause.

But I will leave the review and look for a moment at the prospect ahead. Every succeeding day, and every coming mail gives new encouragement, and brightens the path to success. Egypt has reconsidered the issue at hand, and old Whigs have refused to plunge themselves head-long into the ranks of that foul party, that once raised its hydra-head against their great Captain, Henry Clay. L. W. REAVIS.

Prospects of the Crops in Knox Co.

Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.

ONEIDA, KNOX COUNTY, ILLINOIS, July 26th, 1860.

The crops in this vicinity may be said to be good. This has not been the case before for three years. You may suppose then that the farmers are now lighter of heart than they have been since the crops failed.

The wheat is all harvested, and some little of it threshed. The heads are mostly long and the berry plump. It will average from ten to sixteen bushels to the acre—perhaps more—certainly not less. Some goes as high as twenty bushels; though as a general thing there will not be much as high as that. The Canada Club and Siberian are mostly raised in this vicinity, and I think generally throughout the county. The Club is mostly shorter headed than the Siberian, though the berry is fully as plump.

Corn was seldom ever in better condition than it is this season. It is well forward and looks very fine. Apples in this immediate vicinity will yield, probably, about the same as last year, though early apples are better than they were last season.

Judging from present indications we shall have a very fine yield of potatoes. Those dug for early consumption, though rather small, are very plenty in the hill. CHARLES.

The Wheat in Iroquois.

[Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.]

CHEBANSE, Iroquois County, Ill., July 25, 1860.

Wheat, oats, rye, and barley are nearly all cut, but not one-fifth of it is yet in the *stack*. We had very fine weather for cutting and binding our grain; but a week ago it began to rain, and it has rained almost every day since, and the grain is almost wet through in the bundles. Yesterday and this morning it dried up a good deal, but it is now pouring down again. Ten days ago our prospects were excellent. Rye and oats were very good, spring wheat, fall wheat and barley, very fair, much better than the past two years. Chinch bugs threatened to do great damage, but no very serious injury was done by them. *Smut* has been the greatest pest, taking nearly one-fourth of the spring wheat. Corn is very forward and looks well, though the late rains have favored the weeds too much. On the whole, the farming prospect is better than it has been for several years past, should the weather clear up that the small grain may be secured. Already the sheaves have begun to mildew inside the band, and unless we have fine weather soon, a great portion of it will be spoiled. CHEBANSE.

Another Speech by John Hickman.

We printed portions of Mr. Hickman's late speech in Philadelphia in the PRESS AND TRIBUNE of yesterday. We copy the following from the Philadelphia *Press*, a Douglas organ:

After the adjournment of the meeting, Mr. Hickman proceeded to his rooms at the Continental Hotel, where he received a number of his friends. At eleven o'clock the "Invincibles," accompanied by a large crowd of citizens and the Pennsylvania Cornet Band, complimented him with a serenade. In answer to loud and repeated calls, Mr. Hickman made his appearance upon the balcony.

Mr. Hickman said he was very sorry that the condition of his health, and the condition of his voice, alike prevented him from the pleasure which he should have felt in addressing them. He would endeavor, on some future occasion, to make a speech. He had not yet attempted to do so, only as he knew they had an altar in their midst inscribed to the unknown god, he proposed to himself to come down and speak of that unknown god—Stephen A. Douglas. He would continue to do so until the November election, after which time they would never hear of Douglas again. [Applause.]

There are thousands now worshiping at his shrine who have not the slightest idea of what his doctrines are; but he assured his hearers that there was no more inveterate enemy to the interests of the North than Stephen A. Douglas, and he would be utterly exterminated by Northern as well as by Southern votes. Thanking them for their kindness, Mr. Hickman retired amid great applause.

[...] dish vote of Rock Island county will be given for Lincoln and Hamlin.

REFUSES TO BET.—Last week the editor of the *Democrat* undertook to alarm the Republicans of Princeton, by offering to stake $25 that Douglas would carry Illinois; but when W. A. Fisher, Esq., came forward with the money, the editor's courage failed, and he refused to come up to the scratch.—*Princeton Republican.*

XII CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT, INDIANA.—The Republican Convention met at Terre Haute on Wednesday last, and nominated Col. Thomas H. Nelson, of Vigo county, for Congress. D. W. Voorhees is the Douglas candidate, and the prospect is that Col. Nelson will lay him out.

—Henry W. Rogers, who may be regarded as the leading Democrat of Buffalo, has deserted Douglas, and announced himself hereafter for Breckinridge and Lane.

MINNESOTA.—The first number of the new Breckinridge paper at St. Paul has made its appearance. It is called the "*Star of the North*," and is edited with much spirit.

THE IOWA STATE REPORTER.—The Davenport announcing the defection of the *State Reporter*, says: "The *Reporter* has heretofore been a warm and consistent supporter of Democratic principles, and throughout the State it bore a most excellent reputation." The following is Mr. Harrison's card announcing the change:

After mature deliberation, I have arrived at the conclusion, that I cannot give my assent to the platform of either wing of the late Democratic party, nor longer yield my support to Stephen A. Douglas and Herschel V. Johnson as candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency of the United States. I therefore announce to the readers of this paper, and the public generally, that the names of Douglas and Johnson will no longer remain at the head of our columns, and that hereafter the columns of the Reporter will be devoted to the dissemination of Republican principles, and the advocacy of the election of Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin, the candidates of the Republican party for President and Vice President of the United States.

EDMUND HARRISON,
Proprietor of Weekly Iowa *State Reporter*.

— The Pittsburg *Gazette*, a well posted and candid paper, gives some quotations, showing how the Democratic tides run in Pennsylvania, and thus sums up the matter:

So far as we are enabled to see, the Democrats of Columbia, Montour, Northumberland, Lancaster, Berks, Dauphin, York and Montgomery, comprising a very large portion of the Democratic vote in the interior, will mainly support Breckinridge; those of the "Tenth Legion," Luzerne and Schuylkill, will support Douglas; the central counties are about evenly divided; while a majority in Philadelphia, the Wilmot district, and Western Pennsylvania generally, will support Douglas. This would give Douglas the preponderance over Breckinridge; but not to so great an extent as is generally believed.

— The Zanesville (Ohio) *Aurora* contains a call for "the friends of equal rights among white men, and among the States of the Union," to meet at Zanesville on the 4th of August, to select delegates to the Breckinridge State Convention, to be held in that city on the 7th of August, for the purpose of making a Breckinridge and Lane electoral ticket.

LICKING COUNTY, OHIO.—The Newark *Advocate* contains a call signed by over a hundred of the Democrats of Licking county, to be held at Newark on Saturday, the 28th of July, for the purpose of organizing a Breckinridge and Lane ticket for the campaign.

— A correspondent of the Boston *Traveler*, writing from Concord, N. H., estimates Mr. Lincoln's vote in the State at 38,500; Mr. Douglas at 31,000; and Mr. Breckinridge's at 2,500. He also gives a rumor that Ex-President Pierce has already engaged to address three political gatherings in the State before election.

— The Secretary of the National Democratic committee, consisting of one member from each State, appointed at the Convention which met at the Maryland Institute on the 23d of June, 1860, deems it proper to publish the names of said Committee for the more ready reference of the Democratic voters in the several States:

Their names and Post Offices are as follows:

Maine	Moses McDonald	Portland.
New Hampshire	Paul R. George	Contoocook.
Vermont	H. E. Stoughton	Bellows Falls.
Massachusetts	Isaac H. Wright	Boston.
Rhode Island	W. B. Lawrence	Newport.
Connecticut	Wm. W. Eaton	Hartford.
New York	Augustus Schell	New York City.
New Jersey	John O. Rafferty	New Germantown.
Pennsylvania	J. B. Florence	Philadelphia.
Delaware	Wm. G. Whiteley	Newcastle.
Maryland	C. S. Stansbury	Rossville.
Virginia	Wm. H. Clark	Halifax, C. H.
North Carolina	Saml. P. Hill	Yanceyville.
South Carolina	A. P. Calhoun	Walhalla.
Georgia	E. J. McGeehee	Perry.
Florida	Geo. W. Call	Fernandina.
Alabama	T. J. Burnett	Greeneville.
Mississippi	Joseph R. Davis	Canton.
Louisiana	F. H. Hatch	New Orleans.
Arkansas	Rob. W. Johnson	Pine Bluff.
Texas	H. R. Runnells	Boston.
Missouri	—— Hunter	
Ohio	W. S. V. Prentiss	Columbus.
Michigan	O. O'Flynn	Detroit.
Wisconsin	Dr. O. Everts	Hudson.
Iowa	Herman H. Heath	Dubuque.
Minnesota	Franklin Steele	St. Paul.
California	D. S. Gregory	Santa Cruz.
Oregon	Lansing Stout	Portland.
Indiana	W. H. Talbot	Indianapolis.
Illinois	Henry S. Fitch	Chicago.
Kentucky	Henry C. Harris	Covington.
Tennessee	John O. Burch	Nashville.

M. W. Cluskey, Washington, D. C., Samuel P. Hill, Yanceyville, N. C., and Franklin Steele, St. Paul, Minn., Secretaries.

M. W. Cluskey to act as Resident Secretary.

— The Hartford (Conn.) *Times*, a leading Democratic journal which still occupies a "fence-viewing" position, says:

It is claimed on one hand, that Mr. Douglas is regularly nominated; on the other, that his nomination was in violation of the usages of the Democratic party, after refusing seats to a large number of delegates who had a legitimate right to participate in the proceedings of the Convention. At the same time Mr. Breckinridge did not get a nomination under the rules and regulations of the Democratic organization, and as President Buchanan suggests, neither having been nominated under the rules of the party, Democrats will not be bound to support either, but will vote for one or the other as their preferences may dictate. Here is a split that all good Democrats must deplore. But still it exists; and it is evident to every impartial observer that Mr. Breckinridge will carry full one-third, if not quite one half, of the Electoral votes of the Union. But in the present condition of the party it is difficult to say where Judge Douglas can get an Electoral vote,

Whigs and Americans can promote their own principles. Their first and most imperative duty they regard as the defeat of Mr. Lincoln, and of his party.

"If the Democratic State Convention which is to be held on the 15th of August, favor this plan of united conservative action, they will choose an electoral ticket consisting, in fair proportion, of Douglas Democrats, Breckinridge Democrats, and Bell and Everett men. The committee charged with the call of a Breckinridge State Convention will not call one to be held prior to that date, and when held it will affirm the action of the Douglas Convention, should that body embrace the fusion scheme. The Bell and Everett party are ready to approve it also. The plan embraces not only co-operation of conservative elements in reference to the Presidential election, but of the State election. It will not be known till after the 15th of August whether this union can be effected; but if it be made it will rescue the State from Republican misrule and defeat the Republican candidate for the Presidency."

Mark the use that is to be made of the friends of Douglas in New York! They are to unite with the Breckinridge Disunionists on one electoral ticket, while in the South their leader is burnt in effigy, and his gallant champions insulted and assailed! Some of the New York politicians are proverbially cunning. The conduct of part of the New York delegation at Charleston and Baltimore was characterized by many expedients, though in the end the majority behaved well. The leaders of the Democratic party there want to carry their State at all hazards. They would rather lose the Presidency itself than the control of their State Legislature and the State Government and the dispensation of the vast patronage of the city. I was not, therefore, surprised to see it intimated—though I cannot believe it—that the Albany *Argus and Atlas*, a paper that has so ably supported Judge Douglas since his nomination, favored this league with the friends of Breckinridge on a single electoral ticket. But the attempt will be a failure. The friends of Douglas in New York will never touch a fusion ticket. They know that they cannot do it with honor, and although they may be called upon to do so on the appeal that they can thus defeat Lincoln, let them remember that there is a much more grievous calamity than this in the election of the Disunion candidate, and this latter would be the certain result of any fusion with the friends of Breckinridge and Lane. The friends of Judge Douglas in the South are making a fearless struggle against powerful odds. They confidently expect to carry Missouri, and will roll up an immense vote in most of the other Southern States, if they do not carry them. These men ought to be encouraged by their Northern allies, and they can alone be encouraged by the refusal in every free State to enter into any combination whatever with the Disunionists. Rely upon it that every step towards such a combination must weaken these bold men. The Disunionists have a single object in view, and that is to make the Democratic party of the country the Disunion party, and to this end to force all men who do not agree with them to assume the position of hostility to what they call their peculiar institution. They confidently calculate upon being able to throw the election into the House, and after that into the Senate, by using the friends of Judge Douglas in the free States, and by frightening them by the cry that those who are for pure and straight electoral tickets are co-operating with the Republicans. Should they succeed in this, they will, as I have just stated, consolidate the North against the South, and henceforward divide the country upon the single question of slavery!

OCCASIONAL.

Sioux Attack the Pawnees and Destroy the Pawnee Village.

[Huntsman's Echo, Wood River Center, N. T., July 12.]

On the 4th of this month 150 Sioux warriors came down upon the Pawnee village at Genoa. The Pawnees had nearly all gone over the Platte on a hunt, only leaving two half-breeds, one Indian and about forty old and decrepit squaws, all of whom at the approach of the Sioux, took refuge among the whites, with the exception of the wife of Battese, the interpreter, whom they found in the cornfield, shot, scalped, and left her for dead. She was, however, alive at last accounts. The Sioux burned the Pawnee village, after packing up what booty they could carry—stole several horses belonging to the whites. They then attacked the houses in which the Pawnees were concealed. "Spotted Horse," and a half-breed named Frank, came out of their hiding place and shot down two of the Sioux, who then fled. In the course of the 4th and 5th they had a "spat" with the whites, who got their horses back.

They also went to the warehouse of Major Gillis, the agent, and undertook to break it open and help themselves. The Major endeavored to rally his *help*, but fear enchained them. The valiant Major, alone, with shot gun loaded, braved the foe, who fled on the first discharge, and were pursued some distance by all hands, who all at once became very brave.

The Sioux were all mounted on good ponies, and made a dashing onset, but went away with feathers trailing, having lost two men, and made little booty, and but one scalp. They were ashamed and did not come past our door, but took some untrodden route to avoid questioning.

It surprises us that the United States Government does not make some provision for the protection of these poor devils from the rapacity of their foes.

Politics in Louisiana.

[From the New Orleans Delta.]

The Breckinridge and Douglas parties both made failures on Saturday. In this city the Democratic ratification meeting fixed for Saturday was postponed on account of the absence of the gentlemen who were set down in the programme for speeches, and also on account of the unsuitableness of the day—it being the one upon which so many of our citizens leave for the country and the seaside.

The Douglasites also made a lamentable failure at our State Capital, where great preparations had been made for a grand ratification meeting. A large and lofty platform had been erected on the boulevards, handbills in big capitals had been issued, announcing that speeches would be delivered by Mr. Soule, Maj. Herron, and other popular orators. Accordingly when the hour of the meeting arrived there was quite a gathering of the people around the platform, and expectation was on tip-toe for the commencement of the entertainment. But no orators came.

The boys shouted and hurraed for their several preferences for the Presidency, and the ladies chatted on the sidewalk, and the Breckinridge and the Bell and Everett men put puzzling queries to the Douglasites, who looked anxious troubled and perplexed. Thus, after waiting until a late hour and nothing having been done towards an organization, the crowd dispersed and the Douglasites went home to their sleepless pillows, agitated by harrowing anxieties as to the whereabout of and whatabout of Messrs. Soule, Herron, Stewart & Co.

—The late Archbishop of York, England, made a point of purchasing every book which the critics and reviewers cut up. His Grace used to boast that, by adopting this rule, he possessed a more valuable collection of the standard national genius than any of his friends who were credulous enough to rely on such vehicles.

[...] city what the mob has failed to accomplish.

We should add to the above that the fire department was promptly called out, to prevent a destruction of buildings by fire.

LATER.—The police mustered in force at half-past eleven o'clock, and effected the arrest of about fifty of the rioters. At one o'clock the mob was still at work, but less violently, and the arrests were continuing.

Policeman Kennedy suddenly dropped dead at Fourth and Market streets, from heat exhaustion.

Cattle Disease Near Home.

From the Henry County Dial.

We are sorry to learn that quite a number of fatal cases of cattle disease have appeared in this neighborhood during the last week or two. At the south, toward Toulon, some ten or twelve head have died, and three or four more only a mile or two north of town. So far as we can learn, the symptoms have not indicated pleuro-pneumonia, the disease seeming to be confined principally to the head. In one or two cases the horns became so loosened that they could be easily pulled from the head.

Our neighbor, Mr. William King, lost a fine calf last week, though apparently from a different disease. It frothed at the mouth, and its limbs were convulsed like those of a dog suffering from strychnine, suggesting to some who saw the animal, poison; to others, hydrophobia. It died in about two hours after being found in this condition, which was in the morning, but it might have been attacked some time before.

We should deprecate the idea of creating a panic on the subject; and we trust that the cases referred to are only sporadic manifestations of disease to which cattle are at all times more or less liable; but farmers having animals so attacked cannot be too careful in keeping them from communication with healthy ones, so as to guard against the possibility of contagion, in case the disease should prove of an epidemic character.

North Atlantic Telegraph.

The *London Times* of the 5th inst. has some information respecting this project. It says, the late Arctic cruiser Fox, which is about to be despatched on survey service in connection with this undertaking, is now lying in the Southampton Docks for the purpose of undergoing the necessary refitment. She will be commanded by Captain Allen Young and will be accompanied by an adequate staff of electricians, geographers, geologists, and surveyors, and a marine painter. The Danish Government takes a warm interest in the project, and will send out two commissioners in the Fox to report upon the survey. The paddle steamer Bulldog, appointed by the British Government to take the soundings, has already sailed on her mission, and it is expected she will be absent three or four months. The Fox would be ready for sea about the middle of July. The Mayor of Southampton is making arrangements to give a grand banquet to Captain Allen Young in celebration of the departure of this expedition to commence the accomplishment of what is hoped and anticipated by a large body of nautical and scientific men will be a successful endeavor to unite the two worlds by a telegraphic communication. Invitations have been forwarded to Lord Palmerston, Lord Ashburton, the President of the Royal Geographical Society, and other persons eminent in science and literature.

The interest taken in this project by the British Government would appear to imply that they have given up all hope of making the first Atlantic Cable at all available.

CENSUS OF PENNSYLVANIA TOWNS.—As far as heard from, the census reports of leading Pennsylvania towns stand thus: Lancaster 20,000; Harrisburg 14,862; Scranton 12,000; York 10,000; Easton 10,000; Allentown, 8,047; Wilkesbarre 6,989. The population of Wilkesbarre borough is 4,200, the township 2,789, making together 6,989. The suburbs of Pittsburg seem to have increased in population very fast. Birmingham and South Pittsburgh are computed by the present census to have ten thousand inhabitants, more than quadruple that of the last census.

☞ Among the novelties which the scientific world has lately heard of is the invention of an Italian—a Florentine monk, it is said—who has devoted many years to the study of electricity and telegraphic matters. He has some extraordinary inventions, which he is submitting to the Emperor of the French. It is stated that among them is a discovery of the means of transmitting *fac similes* of hand writing and manuscripts from station to station, so that a telegraphic dispatch may become a legal document. He can also transmit a likeness by this agency, to be produced at the other end of the wire.

☞ There was a great deal of trouble between the Breckinridge men and the Douglas men at what was called a Democratic meeting at Mayfield, Tenn., on the 16th inst. The Breckinridge men crowded the Douglas men out of the court-house, and thereupon the latter adjourned to the market-house. The Hon. R. K. Williams and Lucien Anderson addressed the Breckinridge meeting. Speeches at both points were very violent and bitter. At one time the worst consequences were feared.

☞ Capt. Miller, of the steamer Bay City, was hung and burnt in effigy by citizens of Cairo, Saturday evening. A series of resolutions, very severe upon Capt. Miller, were adopted, and the utmost severity of language toward him was used. The Arab Fire Company introduced resolutions pronouncing Miller "a most infamous liar," etc. While the effigy of the Captain was burning it exploded, a pound of powder having been placed within it.

WE ARE OFFERING EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN
LACE MANTLES,
Lace Shawls,
BAREGE ANGLAIS ROBES,
Silk Mantles, Parasols, Choice Silks,
And Summer Dress Goods of every kind.
ANY QUANTITY OF
STARK MILL BAGS at $23 50
Per Hundred.
W. M. ROSS & CO.,
167 and 169 Lake street.
Jy14-c697-3m

SUMMER HOSIERY,
GLOVES
(With the exception of Alexandre's Kids,)
AND PARASOLS
AT
COST.
Now is the time for Ladies, Gentlemen, Children and Infants to lay in a Years Stock.
A. GRAVES,
NO. 78 .... LAKE STREET............NO. 78

WE ARE JUST IN RECEIPT
of a few more of those super excellent
WATCH GUARD RIBBONS.
A. GRAVES 78 Lake street.

No. 37 Lake St., | IRON BLOCK | No. 43 Wabash av.
REMOVAL.
PEAKE, MARSH & DE LONG,
Compelled by their increasing business to seek larger quarters, have removed from their old stand, nearly opposite, to the above spacious stores in
Burch's Iron Block,
Where they will be able to offer at wholesale, a still larger and more varied stock of
Dry Goods, Hosiery, Notions.
Customers will always find us with full lines of known brands of HEAVY DOMESTICS, bought at first hands, and offered at a small advance, together with a large stock of
Woolens, Shawls, Dress Goods, &c.
We shall continue our motto,
"LOW PRICES WIN,"
And invite the attention of all close, prompt paying buyers. je30

BARNUM'S GREAT
VARIETY STORE
Re-opened at 138 Lake Street,
With an ENTIRE NEW STOCK of
TOYS, FANCY GOODS,
YANKEE NOTIONS,
WILLOW WARE,
FISHING TACKLE,
Worsteds of all Kinds, &c., &c., &c.
WHOLESALE BUYERS
SUPPLIED AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Barnum Brothers,
my7'60-1y

177 - RANDOLPH - ST. - 177
Third Store East of Briggs House.
NEW GOODS AT REDUCED RATES.
I have now on hand and to arrive, a large and varied stock of Crockery, China and Glassware, Parian, Marble and Terra Cotta Vases,
SILVER-PLATED WARE, TABLE CUTLERY,
with a general assortment of
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.
Also, Oil Paintings, Yankee Notions, Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, which I will sell at greatly reduced prices, and to which I would invite the attention of Merchants, Housekeepers, and others. JOHN RANKIN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer,
my16-1y 177 Randolph street.

FOR IRONING DAY THIS WARM WEATHER,
Van Schaack
Will be sure to please Housekeepers from his great variety of Stoves, Furnaces and Heaters.
CHARCOAL FURNACES of Fire Clay and Cast Iron.
FLAT IRON STOVES, for 4 and 6 Irons.
FLAT IRON STOVES, for 4 Irons and a Boiler Hole.
LAUNDRY STOVES, for 17 Irons.
TAILOR'S BEATERS, for the 3 and 6 Irons.
Westlake's Patent Stove Furnaces,
Cheap, Convenient, Valuable.
Bakes, Broils, Boils and Heats Flat Irons Perfectly.
☞ General Dealer in Housekeeping Articles.
47................STATE STREET................47
Je8c-49-3m

PARENTS AND GUARDIANS!
☞ 1860 ☜
NEW STYLES BOYS CLOTHING at Putnam's.
BOYS CLOTHING AT Putnam's.
NEW STYLES BOYS CLOTHING at Putnam's.
FOR ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING FOR Men and Boys,
GO TO THE
EASTERN CLOTHING EMPORIUM,
116 . . Randolph Street . . 116
ap4b991 4m

MASSER'S FIVE MINUTE
Ice Cream Freezer,
AS IMPROVED FOR 1859-60.
The only Freezer constructed on Scientific Principles, with a REVOLVING Can and SPRING BLADE Scraper. The one HASTENS the freezing of the cream—the other REMOVES it as fast as frozen.
The most rapid in freezing with the least quantity of Ice.
The most ECONOMICAL in cost, as it is the most simple and DURABLE in structure. For sale at
VAN SCHAACK'S,
47..................STATE STREET..................47
☞ General Dealer in Housekeeping Goods. my24

FOR THE BATH,
Lawrence's Bath Straps,
Lawrence's Bath Gloves,
Lawrence's Flesh Gloves,
Flesh and Bath Brushes,
Turkish Bathing Towels,
Bathing Sponges
[...] Toilet Soaps,
Genuine Bay Water,
Lavender Water,
Choice Colognes,
Toilet Water,
Toilet Vinegar.
A large and fine assortment of the best goods.
FOR SALE BY
J. H. REED & CO.,
Apothecaries, 144 and 146 Lake street.
DEALERS IN FANCY TOILET GOODS.

1860. New Crop 1860.
LAKE STREET MILLS will supply orders for New White Winter Flour without advance in price. All of our superior brands of flour at low rates. We have a new run of stone for Corn Meal and Feed, and shall supply orders at low rates. Goods warranted, and delivered in the city free of charge. STEVENS & NORRIS, West Lake and Desplaines streets. ly14

J. D. GOODNO, Surgeon Artist,
And Manufacturer of
Goodno's Improved Artificial Leg,
191 West Lake street, Chicago, Ill.
Letters of inquiry, and all orders will receive prompt attention. ☞ All work warranted to give satisfaction.
Jel4-c567-3m

[...] SILK BRAID, CAPS, HAIR NETS AND COIFFURES, FANCY HAIR PINS, COMBS AND ORNAMENTS, SLIDES, BELT BUCKLES AND CLASPS, GILT, &C. SILK WATCH GUARDS, FINE PLATED CHAINS, SHAWL PINS, BRUSHES, GARTERS, DRESS BUTTONS, FANCY BEADS, STEEL AND GILT JEWELRY, BUSSON'S ACCORDEONS, &c., &c.,
All of which they offer to the Trade at the lowest market prices and on the most liberal terms.
Jy4c690-3m

VOLK'S STATUETTE
—OF—
DOUGLAS,
(Patented February 14th, 1860,) and
BUSTS OF LINCOLN,
(Patented June 12th, 1860.)
Beautifully finished in Composition to bear water and washing when soiled, and finished at the following greatly REDUCED PRICES in the Western States:—
Life size bust of Abraham Lincoln. $5 00
Cabinet, or half size.................................2 00
Full length Statuette (27 in. high) of S. A. Douglas.. 7 00
And superior Photographs of the above by Hesler, $1 per copy. Securely boxed and shipped on receipt of orders accompanied by remittances, or sent by express, if directed, (C. O. D.) Address L. W. VOLK, Portland Block, Chicago. ☞ Agents already established, and who may be hereafter, will sell at the same prices in their respective cities in the West. The above named works will be issued by GEO. WARD NICHOLS, Crayon Art Agency, No. 796 Broadway, N. Y., for the Eastern, Middle and Southern States

SCALES! SCALES!
SAFES! SAFES!!
The largest and best stock of the above articles are always to be found at the DURYEE & FORSYTH Manufacturing Company's Ware Depot,
183 So. Water St., Chicago, Ill.
They have also on hand
HAY, PORK, FLOUR, DORMANT, PORTABLE PLATFORM, and all other description of SCALES, and a full assortment of TRUCKS, LETTER PRESSES SUGAR MILLS, &c., &c.
☞ The Company will sell at the lowest possible rates and all will do well to call at 183 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois. my30c169 6m

50,000
STARK MILL BAGS
At $23.75 Per Hundred.
P. PALMER,
112, 114 AND 116 LAKE STREET.
my12'60-1y

GO TO
JOHN D. PARK'S,
124 LAKE ST.,
FOR
HALL'S BALSAM,
CHRISTIE'S
AGUE BALSAM,
SCOVILL'S
BLOOD AND LIVER
SYRUP,
AYER'S
CHERRY PICTORAL,
AYER'S
SARSAPARELLA,
HOSTETTER'S BITTERS,
AND ALL
POPULAR FAMILY
MEDICINES.
ALSO FOR
PURE SPARKLING
AND
STILL CATAWBA WINES,
GO TO
124 LAKE STREET.

WIDE-AWAKE UNIFORMS.
G. M. SPEARS, Jr., With
J. & A. HERZOG,
HATS, CAPS & FURS,
No. 65 Lake Street,
Continue to supply the Wide-Awake Uniforms complete, and of the very best quality, at the reduced price of $1.75 per sett. All orders from Clubs through the Western States will have prompt attention and be properly shipped, without delay. je19-1y

WIDE AWAKE UNIFORMS.
J. A. SMITH & CO.
No. 118 Lake Street,
Continue to furnish the WIDE AWAKE UNIFORMS, complete, and of the very best quality, at the lowest price they can be made, consisting of the Water Proof Cape, Cap. Also, the Torch Lamp with Flag and Staff ready for use.
We also furnish copies of the Company Drill as adopted by the Chicago Clubs, with printed explanations.
All orders from Clubs through the Western States will have prompt attention, and be properly shipped without delay my25-c435-2m

CHICAGO TYPE FOUNDRY
AND
Printers' Warehouse,
90.......WASHINGTON STREET.........90
CHICAGO.
The subscriber is prepared to furnish Type in large or small quantities, made from a superior quality of metal, for either cash or approved paper. He is also supplied with a large stock of Presses, Ink, Wood Type, and everything necessary for a complete printing office. A new specimen book is now ready for delivery, and will be sent to parties wishing to order on application.
D. L. DODGE, Treasurer,

Press & Tribune.

SATURDAY, JULY 28, 1860.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Trains Depart.		Trains Arrive.
MICHIGAN SOUTHERN		
7.30 A. M.		8.00 A. M.
8.00 P. M.		8.00 P. M.
MICHIGAN CENTRAL.		
7.30 A. M.		8.00 A. M.
8.00 P. M.		8.00 P. M.
PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO.		
6.40 A. M.		8.00 A. M.
7.35 P. M.		8.30 P. M.
GALENA & CHICAGO UNION.		
9.45 A. M.		6.00 A. M.
9.30 P. M.		5.00 P. M.
DIXON AIR LINE.		
9.45 A. M.		5.30 A. M.
9.40 P. M.		5.00 P. M.
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY.		
9.15 A. M.		5.55 A. M.
9.15 P. M.		6.00 P. M.
4.15 P. M.	Mendota Accommodation	
ILLINOIS CENTRAL.		
6.35 A. M.		9.00 A. M.
6.35 P. M.		9.00 P. M.
CHICAGO AND ROCK ISLAND.		
9.15 A. M.		5.50 A. M.
9.15 P. M.		6.00 P. M.
5.30 P. M.	Joliet Accommodation.	
ALTON AND ST. LOUIS.		
9.00 A. M.		6.10 A. M.
9.00 P. M.		7.20 P. M.
4.45 P. M.	Wilmington Accommodation.	
CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN.		
9.45 A. M.		5.15 A. M.
9.30 P. M.		6.45 P. M.
8.00 P. M.	Janesville Acc.	12.55 M.
MILWAUKEE.		
9.45 A. M.		1.55 P. M.
9.00 P. M.		6.45 P. M.
5.25 P. M.	Waukegan Accommodation.	

☞ *Officers of the above roads will please advise us when changes in this table are necessary.*

FOREIGN MISCELLANY.

THE IRISH TROOPS IN ROME.

HOW THEY DEFEND THE POPE—FRIGHTFUL AFFRAY.

The *Nation* of July the 7th, publishes in its second edition a letter from Rome, giving a full and suitable account of the affray which took place in the Eternal City on the 27th of June between the papal troops and a portion of the Irish brigade, enlisted for the purpose of maintaining the Pope's authority against all his enemies. Subjoined is the more material portion of the *Nation's* version of the royal row:

"We had a row on Wednesday evening, which has been the great topic in Rome for the last two days. A young man named Laffan, very respectable and nicely educated, but with not very much discretion, not being satisfied with the position of 'full private' (being like a number of those who seem to have expected officers' commissions to be as plentiful as blackberries), put off his uniform, and turned out in plain clothes. The officer in command, Mr. Howley, ordered him to put on his uniform. He refused. Lieutenant Howley ordered him to be arrested, and called on a sergeant named Wiseman to arrest him. The latter, who was close by, and seems to have had some partiality for Laffan, instead of obeying the order, hailed some men at hand to assist in resisting its execution. Others of the battalion, however, most properly, with alacrity turned out to arrest the insubordinates. These ran off and took refuge in the Irish college. Some French officers, not aware of the rights of refuge, wanted to enter and arrest the men. The college authorities refused to permit this, and the time borrowed thus in representations, etc., allowed the temper of all the parties to cool, and Laffan and Wiseman heartily to repent of their conduct as an offence not merely against military discipline, but against the credit of their native country. So they one and all gave themselves up quietly that evening. Meantime the barracks where the battalion of St. Patrick is stationed was the scene of the greatest tumult, on hearing that some of the men had acted in such a manner as I have described—some saying this, some saying that—some furiously calling for prompt chastisement on those few who had, as they asserted, brought disgrace on the brigade and on Ireland, given a handle to their enemies; others, on the other hand, palliating the conduct of the malcontents, and censuring the great strictness of drill and discipline ordered by General Lamoriciere.

The Irish crowded in groups, excitedly discussing the whole affair, the crowd being swelled by Swiss and French idlers, all waiting to see the upshot of affairs; and at the cross roads, as well as at the Palazzo Aldobrandini, there were crowds of Romans looking on in amazement at what all the noise was about. By this time several officers of the battalion began to arrive on the spot from various parts of the city, and they instantly ordered the men back to their barracks. The men obeyed grumblingly, as the curiosity of all was greatly excited, and they wanted to learn the result of the affair. By a singular and most fortunate chance, that very evening, by the train from Civita Vecchia, who should arrive but the Major of the Irish battalion—Mr. Miles W. O'Reilly, of Knockabbey castle. He barely reached the hotel from the terminus when he heard of what was going on, and off he hurried to the barracks. He came up at the moment while the Irish were all gathered together outside the barracks, about to enter it. He instantly ordered the men to fall in, and put them through their drill, and made them a brief but beautiful address. You never saw any change so sudden and complete. The men became as docile and contented as possible, and everything wore a most cheering appearance, when a deplorable incident changed the aspect of affairs. At the end of the file next the barrack entrance there was a stout athletic Irishman. I forgot to tell you there is one division of Belgians and Romans in the same barracks as our men. The Belgian officer in command had, at the very first outbreak of the row, drawn up his men under arms in front of the barracks. This gave great offence to the Irish, who felt indignant at being, as they thought, guarded over by Belgians, and the man I have alluded to kept saying, with bitter excitement, 'Look at these fellows; they would sell the Pope and join Garibaldi in the morning, and look at them with their bayonets like sentries to terrify us.' The thing seemed to sting bitterly, and the moment Major O'Reilly gave the order to right about face, this private passionately dashed at the nearest of the Belgians or Romans, and with one blow of his fist between the eyes, laid the poor fellow sprawling and kicking in the dust, to the amazement and horror of every one. The Belgian officer, with sad lack of discretion, instantly gave the words, 'Prime and load—make ready—present—fire.' O'Reilly rushed forward, and putting himself between the muzzles of the guns and the position of the Irish, in a voice of thunder countermanded the rash and terrible order. It was a moment of painful excitement. At O'Reilly's voice of thunder—though having so recently arrived he was personally unknown—the Belgians held the leveled guns, but pulled no trigger. Then O'Reilly ordered his men once more into line; but by this time out poured every [illegible]

...ation of the island of Piedmont which only a few days ago he, with his plain common sense and intuitive wisdom, had deemed premature. Torrearsa and his friends have gained the upper hand, and, although their intentions are doubtless the most upright and pure, yet, in the opinion of many clear-sighted persons here, they are deficient in caution and foresight. Garibaldi's mind would seem, indeed, not to be clearly made up yet, for while he removed from his cabinet Crispi, the man who has hitherto stood out against immediate annexation, he still retains the same shrewd adviser by his side as his private secretary.

AID FOR GARIBALDI.—The Washington, the Cagliari, and the Oregon, on the 2d, at night, embarked 3,500 volunteers, mostly young men, from all parts of North Italy, making up the third expedition, bound for Sicily, under the orders of the Neapolitan Sosenz; they set out in the best order, and with admirable silence. The sea was smooth as oil, and the broad moon lent them the aid of her almost meridian light. Genoa poured out all her people, and accompanied them with loud cheers. These "evivas" were not answered from the vessels, whence only occasional strains of national songs broke through the stillness of the air, long after the last farewell had been spoken, and when the dimness of the receding shore made the adventurers aware that the pang of separation was over.

I have to acknowledge the receipt of £3 for the Garibaldi fund, from a lady in Eaton place, Belgrave square.

GARIBALDI'S DANGERS.

[Turin Letter (July 2) to London News.]

Many young men have left Turin this day for Genoa, where they embark for Sicily. A part of them came here from Parma. Two thousand five hundred volunteers will be collected before to-morrow night at Genoa. I regret, however, to say that the latest news received here from Sicily is not good. Since Garibaldi's wonderful triumph, the period has arrived for carrying out the political organization; but the fighter of battles is un adept in politics. Passions, fatal ambitions, and the like, are surging around him, which he, who thinks all men honest and disinterested like himself, is quite unable to allay, and, therefore, discord has begun to show itself even in his camp. I mentioned to you in a former letter that the republican party had gone to Sicily. At first it was thought that the party in question had not a chance of success for any of its plans, but we now see that, if it can do no good under the actual circumstances of Europe, it can do a world of mischief by dividing men's minds. It has taken advantage of La Farina's mission to the island to spread abroad the rumor that there is a party which wishes to deprive Garibaldi of his power. If La Farina really loves his native land, the best thing he can do is to quit it immediately, and so baffle the insidious purport of that rumor.

THE NAPLES CONSTITUTION.

According to the new constitution Naples is to be henceforward an hereditary and constitutional monarchy. The legislative power will reside at the same time in the King and the Parliament, composed of a Chamber of Peers and a Chamber of Deputies, and the executive power will be exclusively part of the Royal attributions. The guaranties relative to individual liberty and to the liberty of the press are inscribed in the constitution. No one can be removed from his natural judges, and the deputies are named forty-five years. In addition to conditions concerning the amount of taxes giving a right to vote, and age, Article 57 of the constitution admits nearly the same categories as were formerly designated in France by the name of "*les capacites*," namely academicians, fixed public functionaries, &c. The ministers are to be responsible, and may be impeached and tried by the Chamber of Peers. The person of the King is sacred and inviolable. He is irresistible; commands the armies; appoints to all employments; and may dissolve the Chamber, on condition of convoking another within three months. It is the same constitution which was given in 1848 to the Two Sicilies by King Ferdinand, but which the Sicilians refused, demanding a separate Parliament. Then, as probably now, the local feelings of the inhabitants of the towns prevented the reforms, which were nevertheless eagerly demanded when they were not possessed, but on which, when they were granted, an immense difference of opinion arose as to the mode of their application.

After the bestowal of a constitution by the King of Naples the greatest difficulty seems to have been for that mighty monarch to find ministers to carry out its execution. Historians, artists—nay, even poets—have been pressed; but all refused the *portefeuilles*, which went for some time begging from door to door, and so his Majesty has been compelled to come down to the nobility after all.—*Correspondence London Star.*

STEAM WAR VESSELS FOR GARIBALDI.

The Italian patriot, in a letter to Mr. Thomas Perke, ship-builder, of Liverpool, expresses his desire to purchase two large steamers, capable of carrying guns of that gentleman, and further states that what he wants are the gunboats "we have in England, or something in that way," fully armed; and then he adds, "Let England remember that she has no really sincere ally except among free people, and that there are but few of these on the continent. An Italy free and united would supply this want, and would be one of the greatest obstacles to the schemes of the Emperor of the French. Send us quick, arms, ships, guns and material, and I vouch for the speedy realization of this great object." The letter is written in English.

A Palermo letter of the 24th ultimo says:

"The plan ordered by Garibaldi, of melting down the church bells to make cannon, continues in active operation. Every one of the churches is to supply at least one bell, and those edifices in Palermo are very numerous. I, this morning, saw twenty-five or thirty of those bells lying in the courtyard of the University, which serves as a barrack, and also seven pieces of cannon and a large pile of balls. The Dictator has published a decree ordering the preparation of the electoral lists, and when a decision on the annexation will be come to, all citizens of twenty-one years of age are to have a vote either in their commune or at their place of residence. All persons who can read and write, and are twenty-five years of age, are eligible. Towns with less than 10,000 inhabitants are to elect one deputy, and those between 10,000 and 20,000 two; Palermo will elect ten; Messina five; Catania five; and the Island of Lipari two."

PERSONAL.

Rev. James Martineau, of England, has accepted an invitation to preach the sermon before the Unitarian Autumnal convention, which will probably be held in Brooklyn about the first of October. Mr. Martineau is well known by his "Rationale of Religious Inquiry," his two volumes of sermons entitled "Endeavors after the Christian Life," and the remarkable articles he has contributed to the leading English reviews for the last twenty years. His connection with the *National Review*, and the brilliant papers from his pen which have appeared in that most masterly of all periodicals, have made him still more prominent of late. The force and depth of his faculties, the richness of his acquisitions, the rare charms of his style, and the extreme catholicity of his temper, [illegible]

safe in the world. One imagines the hapless bewilderment of our late Japanese friends, when, at the command of the dread Tycoon, they shall undertake to explain the mysteries of some of the presents which, to the amount of a hundred cart-loads, encumber the eastward-bound Niagara!

High Prices for Horses.

Agreeable to notice, the sales of horses belonging to R. S. Denny, Esq., of Clappville, Mass., took place on the 6th inst. We were unable to attend, but have been informed by several gentlemen who attended, that the company was large, considering that the day was very rainy, and the sale was satisfactory to all parties. Twenty animals brought an aggregate of $15,267—an average of $793 each. We can only notice a few of the prominent items. Miles Standish, four years old, by Black Hawk, dam Mary Taylor, a very superior colt, entire, sold to E. D. Bush, of Shoreham, Vermont, for $2,400. John Alden, three years old, own brother to the above, was struck off to N. H. Hill, of Boston, for $1,050. Garibaldi, two years old, by Ethan Allen, from the same dam as above, was also bought by Mr. Hill for $1,000. Pocahontas, the celebrated pacing mare, was bought by E. E. Bush, of Shoreham, Vt., for $3,450. Nioon, Pocahontas' yearling filly by Ethan Allen, was sold to E. Sargent, of Leicester, for $2,300. Mary Taylor, eighteen years old, sold to S. F. Bucklin, of Marlboro, for $400—cheap enough, if she rears a few more foals. Narmeoka, a pacing mare, thirteen years old, with a colt at foot by Miles Standish, sold to Joseph Burnett, of Southboro, for $410. Priscilla, a yearling filly from the above, by Ethan Allen, sold to T. S. Lang, of Vassalboro, Me., for $475.—*Boston Cultivator.*

—The Leesburg (Va.) *Mirror* declares for Breckinridge and Lane, and adds:

As to Stephen A. Douglas, a man whom we had at one time politically embosomed, we look upon him at this moment as one of the most heartless, cold and designing demagogues that ever did an injury to our party. To an arrogance unprecedented he united a dictatorial temper which has led him to wade to his chin to rule or ruin his party. As to his Squatter Sovereignty doctrine, we hold it in more absolute contempt and unqualified detestation than we do the principle of the Wilmot Proviso:

Machinery, Hardware, &c.

Bourbon Whisky Bitters.—These popular BITTERS possess all the nourishing and invigorating properties of PURE OLD BOURBON WHISKY, and are considered the most efficacious TONIC and STIMULANT, as well as the most agreeable STOMACHIC ever offered to the public. As a Tonic for Old People, delicate Ladies, convalescent Invalids, and all weakly people, they cannot be surpassed; in all cases of Weakness or Debility they will give immediate relief, and impart a strong healthy tone to the system. A trial will establish their merits over all other Tonics now in use. For LUNG COMPLAINTS, BRONCHITIS, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DISEASES AND LIVER COMPLAINTS, they are an invaluable Remedy; and are a certain preventive of CHILLS and FEVERS.

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[illegible] LANDON, Agent. ap27'60-daw1y

Those who are Curious to witness the wonderful perfection to which A. Ohswa dt (late manager at Batchelor's, N. Y.) has brought the manufacture of Wigs and Toupees, are invited to visit his Wig and Hair Dying Rooms, at No. 100 Lake street and examine these curious productions of art. No scrutiny can detect the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head.

Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. mh14-b098m

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Congress Water.—Much spurious mineral water has been imposed on the public as "CONGRESS WATER" by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, when they dare not use that name, call it "Saratoga" Water; which many persons suppose to be the real title of the Congress Water, although it is only the name of the town in which the Spring is situated.

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O. W.
WATER.

Any one not having those words and letters on the Corks, is counterfeit; and the purchaser should prosecute the seller for swindling.

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Messrs. Onge, Bro. & Drake, Tremont House; Gale Bros. J. H. Reed & Co.; Penton, Robinson & Smith; F. A. Bryan, Esq.; W. F. Tucker & Co., of Chicago, Illinois, are supplied with the genuine Congress Water direct from our house; and we would recommend them favorably to persons in Chicago, or vicinity, who desire to purchase GENUINE Congress Water. CLARKE & WHITE.
my7c271 4m

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Medicines, &c.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

says the St. Louis, Mo., Democrat: Below we publish a letter to Dr. Wood, of this city, from a gentleman in Maine, which speaks glowingly of the superior merits of his hair tonic. Such evidence must have its effect, when coming from a reliable source. If certificates are guarantees of truth, the Dr. needs no encomiums, nor useless puffery from the press:

BATH, MAINE, Jan. 20, 1858.

Professor O. J. Wood & Co.—Gentlemen: Having my attention called a few months since to the highly beneficial effects of your hair restorative, I was induced to make application of it upon my own hair, which had become quite grey, probably one-third white; my whiskers were of same character. Some three months since I procured a bottle of your hair restorative, and used it. I soon found it was proving what I had wished. I used it about twice a week. I have since procured another bottle, of which I have used some. I can now certify to the world that the grey or white hair has totally disappeared, both on my head and face, and my hair has resumed its natural color, and I believe more soft and glossy than it has been before for twenty-five years. I am now sixty years old; my good wife at the age of fifty-two years, has used it with the same effect.

The above notice I [illegible] due to you for your valuable discovery. I am assured that whoever will rightly use, as per directions, will not have occasion to contradict my statement. I am a citizen of this city and a resident here for [illegible] fifteen years, and am known to nearly every one here and adjoining towns. Any use you may make of the above, with my name attached, is at your service, as I wish to preserve the beauties of nature in others as well as myself. I am truly yours
A. C. RAYMOND.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 23, 1858.

WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1854, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.

The undersigned, Rev. J. K. Bragg, is a minister in regular standing, and pastor of the Orthodox Church at Brookfield, Mass. He is a gentleman of great influence and universally beloved, WM. DYER.

BROOKFIELD, Jan. 12, 1858.

Professor Wood—Dear Sir: Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect [illegible] excellent in removing [illegible] inflammation, dandruff and [illegible] itching with which I have been [illegible] a constant tendency [illegible] troubled from my childhood; and has also restored my hair which was becoming grey, to its original color. I have used no other article with anything like the same pleasure or profit. Yours truly, J. K. BRAGG.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment,) and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo. And sold by all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

RUPTURES CURED BY THE Hard Rubber Riggs Truss.

This Truss is unlike all others ever used, both in construction and material. Does not constantly press on the rupture, and thereby give a call for a Truss for life, like most trusses in use, but presses in four places, bringing the parts together, giving nature a CHANCE to cure, which it does in nearly all cases. Does not press UPON THE CORD, or obstruct circulation; never soils or corrodes and is always clean and new. Young persons and recent cases always cured. Physicians say it is the ONLY PHILOSOPHICAL TRUSS IN USE. None but those who have suffered with the miseries of rupture can appreciate the value of the "Riggs Truss." An illustrated pamphlet, containing all particulars, sent free to any one, by addressing I. B. SEELEY, Exclusive and Sole Agent for the Western States. Office 194 Lake street. Post Office box 4355 Chicago, Illinois.

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Co-Partnership Notices.

THE CO PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm name of HEYWORTH, BRIERLY & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. O. Heyworth will sign the firm name in settlement.
J. O. HEYWORTH,
J. F. BRIERLY.
Chicago, June 26, 1860.—je28,1mx.

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LOUIS MAUSS, Practical Optician,

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Mathematical Instruments, etc., etc., constantly on hand. All kinds of instruments and spectacles repaired, and glass inserted into old frame la9

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ap2,y GEO. T. ABBEY, 156 Lake street.

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[SUCCESSOR TO D. EATON & CO.,]

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Free Buss to and from the House.
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He has had an extensive practice and wonderful success in the treatment of

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Remember, the Doctor does not promise to cure all stages of Diseases. While ALL Diseases are CURABLE, if taken in season, all STAGES are not. Your case may be curable this week, not next—to-day, not to-morrow; hence, the danger of delay.

Consultation free. Office hours from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m.
OFFICE 178 SO. CLARK STREET,
ap24-60-1y Cor. Clark and Monroe-sts., Chicago, Ill.

[illegible] this, some saying that—some furiously calling for prompt chastisement on those few who had, as they asserted, brought disgrace on the brigade and on Ireland, given a handle to their enemies; others, on the other hand, palliating the conduct of the malcontents, and censuring the great strictness of drill and discipline ordered by General Lamoriciere.

The Irish crowded in groups, excitedly discussing the whole affair, the crowd being swelled by Swiss and French idlers, all waiting to see the upshot of affairs; and at the cross roads, as well as at the Palazzo Aldobrandini, there were crowds of Romans looking on in amazement at what all the noise was about. By this time several officers of the battalion began to arrive on the spot from various parts of the city, and they instantly ordered the men back to their barracks. The men obeyed grumblingly, as the curiosity of all was greatly excited, and they wanted to learn the result of the affair. By a singular and most fortunate chance, that very evening, by the train from Civita Vecchia, who should arrive but the Major of the Irish battalion—Mr. Miles W. O'Reilly, of Knockabbey castle. He barely reached the hotel from the terminus when he heard of what was going on, and off he hurried to the barracks. He came up at the moment while the Irish were all gathered together outside the barracks, about to enter it. He instantly ordered the men to fall in, and put them through their drill, and made them a [illegible] but beautiful address. You never saw any change so sudden and complete. The men became as docile and contented as possible, and everything wore a most cheering appearance, when a deplorable incident changed the aspect of affairs. At the end of the file next the barrack entrance there was a stout athletic Irishman. I forgot to tell you there is one division of Belgians and Romans in the same barracks as our men. The Belgian officer in command had, at the very first outbreak of the row, drawn up his men under arms in front of the barracks. This gave great offence to the Irish, who felt indignant at being, as they thought, guarded over by Belgians, and the man I have alluded to kept saying, with bitter excitement, 'Look at these fellows; they would sell the Pope and join Garibaldi in the morning, and look at them with their bayonets like sentries to terrify us.' The thing seemed to sting bitterly, and the moment Major O'Reilly gave the order to right about face, this private passionately dashed at the nearest of the Belgians or Romans, and with one blow of his fist between the eyes, laid the poor fellow sprawling and kicking in the dust, to the amazement and horror of every one. The Belgian officer, with sad lack of discretion, instantly gave the words, 'Prime and load—make ready—present—fire.' O'Reilly rushed forward, and putting himself between the muzzles of the guns and the position of the Irish, in a voice of thunder countermanded the rash and terrible order. It was a moment of painful excitement. At O'Reilly's voice of thunder—though having so recently arrived he was personally unknown—the Belgians held the leveled guns, but pulled no trigger. Then O'Reilly ordered his men once more into line; but by this time out poured every Irishman in the barracks, and a strange scene ensued. Though utterly unarmed, they rushed at the armed Belgians, and a regular hand to hand conflict ensued—the Irish, however, merely desiring to disarm the others—wresting away the guns, twisting the bayonets off like twigs, and tossing them in the air by dozens. The Belgian officer drew his sword and made a stroke at an Irishman, which, however, wounded him very slightly. This was the first actual blow struck. On this another Irishman flung a stone at the officer, which missed him, but hit one of his men. These, notwithstanding the serious nature of the whole affair, proved to be the only blows given throughout. O'Reilly's tact, energy and presence of mind were above all praise. He soon, assisted by his officers, succeeded in bringing the men to their obedience, and in a few minutes had order once more restored, and by nine o'clock everything was as orderly as if nothing had occurred.

Upon all this I must make one observation. One of the evils always and inevitably attendant on volunteering is here seen. Men seem to imagine, that, because they volunteer, they must in a measure be their own masters, and dictate, and choose, and criticise, instead of obeying discipline. The Irish here display this exacting spirit. They underrate all others, and imagine that they must be treated in a special manner. In a special manner, no doubt they will evidently be treated, in so far as to be deemed the "crack" brigade of Italy; for already the quick eye of Lamoriciere has marked them out for that; but at present their special treatment is especially strict drill and discipline. Lamoriciere sees that that is all they require to be the first soldiers in Europe. This, however, is not to the taste of many among them, especially the young officers, who cannot at all understand or "stomach" Lamoriciere's order that they must (French fashion) take their place in the ranks till they learn their drill, &c., reserving for them, of course, however, their positions as officers. In my opinion the Commander-in-Chief looks on the Irish brigade as a man would on a young horse of incomparable mettle and bottom, needing, however, great trouble to break in, but if once broke in, worth a score of ordinary stuff. Of 1,500 out here, only 40 have been rejected on presenting themselves for enrollment. Some natives from Youghal modestly asked £14 bounty, and 2s. a day. Of course they were spurned. Some twenty men from Limerick seem to have come out in the same mercenary scheme. These, in all about 80, are the only mercenaries that have reached this country from Ireland.

MURATIST INTRIGUES OF NAPOLEON.

[Correspondence of the London Times.]

TURIN, July 6.

The plot thickens at Naples. We shall soon, too, probably hear of a sanguinary outburst. The king hopes to come to terms with his subjects; the ministers endeavor to negotiate with Sardinia; the state of siege has been raised; the storms are lulled for a time. Many of the Neapolitan exiles leave these parts of Italy, availing themselves of the amnesty, some with a view to accept a compromise, some with the hope to hatch a revolution. Count Cavour's cabinet is in a painful dilemma, and the king has been summoned from his hunting-box at Pollenzo to attend their deliberations.

Meanwhile, it has come to my certain knowledge that dark intrigues are afloat to turn this Neapolitan movement to the advantage of a French prince, and there are men who have traced the clue of these plots to a very high personage in France. He has at least a full knowledge of what is going on, and it is only doubtful whether he forwards the views of the Murat party, or whether he simply watches them for the ultimate purpose of thwarting their manœuvres. What is quite positive is, that secret agents have left Tuscany with arms and money, and all of them are well known partisans of the Murat family. The national idea of Italian union or unity runs far greater danger in the south of Italy from outward than from internal opposition. The members of the directing committee at Naples, are all Unitarians and Annexationists, to a man. Baron Bellelli, at Florence, and his friend Camillo Carracciolo, Marquis of Bella, are staunch to this principle. So are avowedly Baron Poerio and Mancini, in Turin; but many of those who left or are leaving Turin and Genoa, harbor thoughts and feelings quite at variance with these, and look upon annexation as the most unpractical chimera. All this bodes no good. Garibaldi has suffered what many think his better judgment to be overruled by some of the worthy Sicilian patriots, and is hastening with all his might that annex-

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After the bestowal of a constitution by the King of Naples the greatest difficulty seems to have been for that mighty monarch to find ministers to carry out its execution. Historians, artists—nay, even poets—have been pressed; but all refused the portefeuilles, which went for some time begging from door to door, and so his Majesty has been compelled to come down to the nobility after all.—Correspondence London Star.

STEAM WAR VESSELS FOR GARIBALDI.

The Italian patriot, in a letter to Mr. Thomas Perke, ship-builder, of Liverpool, expresses his desire to purchase two large steamers, capable of carrying guns of that gentleman, and further states that what he wants are the gunboats "we have in England, or something in that way," fully armed; and then he adds, "Let England remember that she has no really sincere ally except among free people, and that there are but few of these on the continent. An Italy free and united would supply this want, and would be one of the greatest obstacles to the schemes of the Emperor of the French. Send us quick, arms, ships, guns and material, and I vouch for the [illegible] speedy realization of this great object." The letter is written in English.

A Palermo letter of the 24th ultimo says:

"The plan ordered by Garibaldi, of melting down the church bells to make cannon, continues in active operation. Every one of the churches is to supply at least one bell, and those edifices in Palermo are very numerous. I, this morning, saw twenty-five or thirty of those bells lying in the courtyard of the University, which serves as a barrack, and also seven pieces of cannon and a large pile of balls. The Dictator has published a decree ordering the preparation of the electoral lists, and when a decision on the annexation will be come to, all citizens of twenty-one years of age are to have a vote either in their commune or at their place of residence. All persons who can read and write, and are twenty-five years of age, are eligible. Towns with less than 10,000 inhabitants are to elect one deputy, and those between 10,000 and 20,000 two; Palermo will elect ten; Messina five; Catania five; and the Island of Lipari two."

PERSONAL.

Rev. James Martineau, of England, has accepted an invitation to preach the sermon before the Unitarian Autumnal convention, which will probably be held in Brooklyn about the first of October. Mr. Martineau is well known by his "Rationale of Religious Inquiry," his two volumes of sermons entitled "Endeavors after the Christian Life," and the remarkable articles he has contributed to the leading English reviews for the last twenty years. His connection with the National Review, and the brilliant papers from his pen which have appeared in that most masterly of all periodicals, have made him still more prominent of late. The force and depth of his faculties, the richness of his acquisitions, the rare charms of his style, and the extreme catholicity of his temper, are admired by all who know the man or are familiar with his writings. He has long been regarded with great reverence and affection by many of the more liberal class of theologians and religionists on this side of the water, who will give him a warm welcome. We regret that Mr. Martineau's engagements as professor of moral and metaphysical philosophy in the London University will permit him to tarry among us but a very short time.

Baden-Baden still remains the residence of a great number of German sovereigns and princes. The Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Baden gave a tea-party lately, at which the King of Bavaria, the Crown Prince of Saxony, the Prince of Hohenzollern, the Princess Mary of Baden, (the Duchess of Hamilton,) and the Princess of Furstenberg, were present. The Prince Regent of Russia arrived in the evening.

We are told that Napoleon and Eugenie were to set out from Paris on July 16th for Nice, Savoy, Corsica and Algiers; and that the tour will not occupy more than twenty or twenty-five days, and that on their return they will take up their residence at Biarritz for the autumn.

At the London Mansion house, on the 7th instant, the Lord Mayor stated that he had pleasure in publicly acknowledging the receipt of £200, which had been placed in his hands by the Moorish ambassador, Seed Mohammed Shamee, for charitable purposes.

A lady direct from Paris has left Turin for Genoa, and thence for Sicily, taking with her a present to Garibaldi from a French armorer. The gift is a coat of mail, dagger proof and bullet proof. Its workmanship is perfect, and it is valued at upwards of five thousand francs. It may be worn under the uniform like a shirt, for it is extremely flexible, light and portable.

Joseph Mayer, of Hanley, England, whose death took place lately, left upwards of £200,000. Mr. Mayer left handsome legacies to several public institutions—namely, to the British and Foreign Bible Society, £5,000; to the London Missionary and Church Missionary societies, £2,500 each; to Gray's Inn Lane Free Hospital, £1,000; to the Brompton Hospital for the cure of Consumption, £500; and to the North Staffordshire Infirmary, £1,000.

G. Leighton Ditson, the traveler and author, has been elected a member of the Geological Society of France. His name was presented by the learned D'Orbigny, author of Cours Elementaire de Paléontologie et de Géologie, &c.

Madame Ristori will spend the winter in Russia, and on her returning to Paris next spring, it is said she will adventure a part in French, in a tragedy, by M. Legouve, which is about to be produced at the Odeon theatre.

Presents to Princes.

The "hopeful" subjects of the Prince of Wales in Nova Scotia, desirous to give him a taste of their quality, have prepared a grindstone for his Highness, with a loyal inscription reminding him of his destiny. The people of Newfoundland, not to be backward, have selected an enormous black dog of that ilk, which, with a collar costing three hundred dollars, is to be presented to the Prince. What the Canadas will do doth not yet appear. The dog, we can easily conceive, may find a place in his Highness' kennels, but what he will do with the grindstone should not be asked. Some of those Nova Scotia grindstones are ponderous things. We trust that one of moderate size has been selected, in which case, the donors, made happy by gracious acceptance, will do well not to follow their gift with solicitudes. Kossuth was presented with a precious cannon-ball dug up at Bunker Hill. He received it appropriately, and, it is supposed, had it quietly dropped overboard on the voyage from Brooklyn to the city. We doubt that the Nova Scotia grindstone will be more highly honored.

This mania for making presents to great folk is ludicrous. We confidently expect that sewing-machines, potent reapers, baby-jumpers, mammoth turnips, and splendidly embossed bibles, will be tendered to the royal visitor while in this country. There is nothing too useless, too inappropriate, or too sacred, to be made a gift to the much-enduring magnate who falls into our hands. When Kossuth was here, the workmen in Herring's safe factory, carried away by sympathetic enthusiasm, worked at nights, and, as the labor was performed con amore, probably produced the best safe that ever was made which they presented to the great Hungarian, as "a means for the safe keeping of his valuable papers and money." Kossuth made much of them, and immediately sold their safe to the shrewd Genin, who, for some four or five hundred dollars, thus became possessed of the be[illegible]

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HART & MUNSON'S
PATENT FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS.
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Corner of Clinton and Fulton streets, West Side.
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PIG LEAD, PUMPS AND HYDRAULIC RAMS.
Orders from the trade solicited. CASH paid for Old Lead and Flax Seed. P. O. Box 1526.
[fe6] E. W. BLATCHFORD

STEWART'S COOKING STOVE [illegible] AHEAD.—The acknowledged superiority of the Stewart Stove has given rise to several imitations. The genuine article for sale only by C. METZ, Agent, at 180 State street, between Monroe and Adams. Also, a good assortment of Housekeeping, Hardware and Tinware. [illegible]

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BANK OF FOND DU LAC, FOND DU LAC, WISCONSIN.
E. LEFFERTS, Cashier..........A. G. BUTLER, Prest.
Collections made free of charge, and remitted promptly at current rates of exchange. no3-1y

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MARINE BANK, CHICAGO MARINE AND INSURANCE CO.
Capital $500,000.
E. F. CARVER, Cashier and Secretary.
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DEWITT C. MARSHALL. STEPHEN DRURY.
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EXCHANGE & DEPOSIT Bank of WEARE, CARPENTER & CO., CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA.
JOHN WEARE, S. D. CARPENTER, H. D. STIBBS
Refer to Am. Exchange Bank, N. Y.; Homans & Co., Bankers, Cincinnati; F. G. Adams, Chicago; Read, Drexel & Co., Bankers, New York. ja20c11 1y

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Exchange on all parts of Europe.
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Collections made in Marshall and adjoining counties and proceeds remitted promptly on day of payment.

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44 & 46 LASALLE STREET.

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Deposits received on Current Account from parties in city or country, and the usual accommodations granted to regular depositors and correspondents.
Interest on balances can only be allowed in cases where special agreements have been made to that effect.
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Deposits, in sums not less than five dollars, received and Certificates of Deposits issued. Interest at six per cent. will be allowed on deposits of this description after the funds have remained in our hands a specified time. All certificates made payable on demand, and in like funds as deposited.

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We draw Sight or Time Bills on the principal cities of the Union, available in any part of the United States or Canada, and have made arrangements by which we are enabled to order by Telegraph the payment of Notes, Acceptances, Accounts, &c., in New York.

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We buy and sell on Commission either at Chicago, or through our Agents, at New York, State, City, County, Railway, &c., Bonds and Stock. Our connections in New York are such as to insure prompt and judicious attention to any order entrusted to our care.

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Our business connections with Europe being DIRECT, VERY EXTENSIVE, and MOST INTIMATE, we feel safe in assuring the public that all foreign banking transactions can be effected through our house with promptness and efficacy, equal to any house in the Union. Drafts and Letters of Credit in sums to suit, on terms on our correspondents in London, Paris, on the Main, Hamburg, Berlin, Bremen, Leipsic, Heidelberg, Bale, Berne, Dresden, &c., &c., &c.
Being particularly desirous of promoting direct commercial intercourse between the West and Europe, we cheerfully, and on terms most favorable, extend [illegible] facilities by opening credits, &c., &c., to responsible Western Importers. Collections of Drafts, Orders, Notes, Acceptances, Inheritances, &c., &c., payable in any part of Europe, made with promptness and dispatch.
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Real Estate, unincumbered...... 82,000 00 | 82,000 00
Miscellaneous Items...... 75,996 00
Cash on hand and deposited on call and in agents hands...... 87,789 56
834,746 28
$2,194,100 09
Claims unadjusted and not due......$179,987 65

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Insure also in
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jy19-c761-2m Three doors above Lasalle, Steel's Block.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.,
January 1st, 1860.

CASH CAPITAL		000 00
SURPLUS		188,825 91
ASSETS.		
Cash on hand, and in Bank		$87,879 92
Cash in the hands of and due from Agents		84,181 88
Real Estate unencumbered		6,500 00
Loaned on Mortgages of Real Estate		86,200 00
Amount loaned on pledge of Bank Stock		46,500 00
Amount loaned otherwise secured		1,000 00
	Par Val.	Mk't V.
50 Shares U. S. Trust Co's Stock New York	$5,000	$6,100
New York Bank Stock	135,100	140,762
Hartford "	150,600	215,175
Waterbury "	11,900	13,209
Stafford " Stafford	400	412
Holyoke Water P'r Co's Stocks	10,000	10,335
New Britain Water Bonds	10,000	10,700
Hartford City Bonds	10,000	10,600
Col., Peq. and Ind. R. R. Bonds	10,000	7,800
Accumulated interest on investments		6,471
Total Assets		$582,825 91
Total Liabilities		$40,704 53

H. KELLOGG, Secretary.

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HOWARD INSURANCE COMPANY, Cash Capital and Surplus..........$385,241 71
MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE CO., Cash Capital and Surplus..........$330,000 00
ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE CO., Cash Capital and Surplus..........$288,149 02
INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Cash Capital and Surplus..........$174,478 44
LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE CO., Cash Capital and Surplus..........$348,049 53
MARINE INSURANCE: PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., Total Assets..........$1,605,956 89
LIFE INSURANCE: MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE CO., NEWARK, N. J., Total Assets..........$3,400,582 59
PHILLIPS & VAN WAGENEN, AGENTS.
188..........SOUTH WATER STREET..........188
fe9'60 ly

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Insurance Against Loss by Fire Only.
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100 Hhds. N. O. SUGARS, Common to Choice, in store and for sale by
PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY,
16 South Water street.

[illegible] which said mortgage is recorded in the Recorder's Office of Cook County, State of Illinois, in Book 46 of Mortgages, at Page 418; and, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and the same is now wholly due and unpaid.

Now therefore, public notice is hereby given that I shall, in pursuance and by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by said mortgage, and for the uses and purposes therein expressed, on Monday, the twenty-seventh day of August, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the premises in said mortgage described, to-wit:—The southeast fractional quarter of Section four, and the west third of the northeast fractional quarter of Section nine, in Township 40, North Range thirteen, east of the Third Principal Meridian, in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois containing sixty-six acres, more or less, with all the right and equity of redemption of the said Nathan Squires and Rosetta, his wife, their heirs and assigns therein.
MARCELLUS B. SMITH, Mortgagee.
Chicago, July 23d, 1860. [illegible]

MORTGAGE SALE.—Whereas, Joseph F. Brabrook, of the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, did on the tenth day of November, A. D. 1857, execute and deliver to J. Young Scammon, of the same place, a certain indenture of mortgage, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of October, A. D. 1857, to secure the payment of one thousand one hundred and thirty four and 56-100 dollars ($1,134 56-100), secured to be paid by three certain Promissory Notes of the said Joseph F. Brabrook, all of even date with the date of said mortgage; one of the said notes being for the sum of three hundred and sixty-two and 06-100 dollars ($362 06-100) and payable on the first day of May, 1858; one of the said notes being for the sum of three hundred and ninety seven and 50-100 dollars ($397 50-100), and payable on the first day of May, 1859; and the other one of said notes being for the sum of three hundred and seventy-five dollars ($375 00) and payable on the first day of May, 1860; and all of said notes being payable to J. Young Scammon or order; and, whereas default has been made in the payment of each and every of said notes, and the same being now due and remaining unpaid, the undersigned, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, will, on Saturday, the fourth day of August, A. D. 1860, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the north door of the Court House, in said City of Chicago, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lands and premises, situate, lying and being in the city of Chicago, County of Cook, and State of Illinois, to-wit:—Lot numbered sixteen (16), in Block twenty-one (21), of the Canal Trustee's Subdivision of the west half of Section twenty-seven (27) in Township thirty-nine (39), north of Range fourteen (14), east of the Third Principal Meridian, and all the right and equity of redemption of the said Joseph F. Brabrook, his heirs and assigns in and to the said premises, being the premises described in said mortgage.

Said mortgage was duly filed for record in the Recorder's Office of said County of Cook, on the tenth day of November, A. D. 1857, and recorded in Book 34 of Mortgages, Page 446, reference being had to said record for further information. J. YOUNG SCAMMON, Mortgagee.
Chicago July 20th, 1860. jy23-c778 1d.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County, SS.—Circuit Court of Cook County, September Term, A. D. 1860.—William E. Doggett, Henry D. Bassett and D. Hobart Hills, vs. Columbus S. Marshall, Attachment.

Public Notice is hereby given to the said Columbus S. Marshall that a writ of attachment issued out of the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Cook County, dated the fourth day of June, A. D. 1860, at the suit of the said William E. Doggett, Henry D. Bassett and D. Hobart Hills and against the estate of the said Columbus S. Marshall for the sum of four hundred and forty-four dollars and 75-100 directed to the Sheriffs of Cook and Ogle Counties, one of which said writs has been returned executed. Now therefore, unless you, the said Columbus S. Marshall, shall personally be and appear before the said Circuit Court of Cook County on or before the first day of the Term thereof, to be holden at the Court House in the City of Chicago, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1860, give special bail, and plead to the said plaintiffs' action, judgment will be entered against you and in favor of the said William E. Doggett, Henry D. Bassett and D. Hobart Hills, and so much of the property attached as may be sufficient to satisfy the said judgment and costs, will be sold to satisfy the same.
WM. S. CHURCH, Clerk.
GALLUP & HITCHCOCK, Plff's Att'ys. je27c650 4w

MASTER'S SALE.—State of Illinois, Cook County, S.S.—Circuit Court of Cook County—In Chancery. Mary Anna Schreiner and Anna Schreiner, by their Guardian, George A. Fleischman, vs. Catharine Weyer et al.—For Partition and Assignment of Dower.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of the mandate in a decree entered in the above entitled cause on the 16th day of July, A. D. 1860, I, the undersigned, Master in Chancery of Cook County, in the State aforesaid, will, on the ninth day of August, A. D. 1860, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, sell at public auction, at the north door of the Court House, in the City of Chicago, County of Cook aforesaid, to the highest bidder, all of the following described parcel of land with the hereditaments and appurtenances, to wit:—The east half of the south half of Sublot one (1) of Lot No. ten (10), in Block nineteen (19), in Fractional Section fifteen (15) Addition to Chicago, in said City of Chicago. Terms cash on the day of sale. A Deed will be executed to the purchaser by the undersigned as Master in Chancery. L. C. PAINE FREER, Master in Chancery of Cook County.
Chicago, July 18th, 1860. jy19-c760-1d

ESTATE OF GEO. W. DOLE, deceased. Public Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of Geo. W. Dole, late of Cook county, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement, at a regular term of the County Court of Cook county, to be holden at the Court House in the city of Chicago on the third Monday of September, A. D. 1860, being the 17th day thereof.
GEO. F. RUMSEY,
JULIAN S. RUMSEY,
Executors and Trustees.
Chicago, July 3, 1860. jy4c891-6w

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BUTLER & HUNT, 48 State st., have now on hand the following sizes of print:
28x47 18x23 20x44 26x40 26x42 23x38
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And are receiving a large assortment of BOOK PAPER, 8,000 reams of Wrapping Paper, of different sizes, 1,000 reams Manilla do, 200 reams Cap and Letter, and a general assortment of Printer's Stationery, 1,000 kegs of Mather's celebrated Book and News Ink.
All of which will be sold for cash at the lowest possible rates.
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I am now prepared to manufacture Blank Books of every description, ruled and bound to any desired patterns, with or without printed headings. Particular attention paid to orders from County Officers, Banks, &c.
Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Shipping Bills, &c., Ruled and Printed to order. Magazines, Periodicals, etc., bound in any style. Old Books bound and rebound. All kinds of Printing done with neatness and dispatch. Terms moderate.
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Northeast corner of Clark, (entrance on Clark street, Post Office Box 3684. my25 ly d891

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Cash paid for Rags. jy21 1y d947

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Brown & Wilder,

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Gas Fixtures.
The richest assortment in the city, comprising all Late Patterns.
Pipe 40 per cent discount from list prices. Fitting 20 cents per pound. sels-1y-a247

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54....LASALLE STREET, CHICAGO....54
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Gas Fixtures and Iron Furniture,
PRACTICAL PLUMBER
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TO THE TRADE

The trade supplied with tools and every article in the Gas Steam Fitting and Plumbing Business. Re-Gilding and Bronzing done to order.
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Have on hand, at all times, every style and finish of Wood, Lead and Zinc Coffins; also, Shrouds. And are prepared with Hearses and Carriages, and everything requisite for Funerals; and may be found on hand and ready to give prompt attention to their business at all hours.
They also have a Chapel and Vault in the Cemetery.
ap12 WRIGHT & McCLURE.

NO. 32..........LAKE STREET..........NO. 32
CHICAGO, ILL.,
Have in store a large and desirable stock of goods which they will sell very cheap to cash and prompt paying trade.
We are Agents for the sale of
Mitchell's Patent Metalic Tipped Shoes,
In all the States without exception.
After the 10th of June we shall be found at the magnificent store, No. 32 Lake street, corner Wabash avenue.
my5-1y d183 C. M. HENDERSON & CO.

S. C. COOK & CO.,
(Successors to Satterlee, Cook & Co.,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND DEALERS IN
WOODEN WARE,
Dried Fruits and Fish.
16 & 18....State Street....16 & 18
CHICAGO.
mh17'60-1y

WILLIAM BLAIR & CO.,
No. 176 Lake Street,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
[illegible]
NAILS, TIN-PLATE, SHEET IRON, COPPER,
Zinc, Copper Bottoms, Block Tin,
—ALSO—
A full assortment of Tinner's Tools and Machines, Japanned and Pressed Tin Ware, Rivets, Ears, etc.
se8-1y

LELAND & MIXER, IN FLANDER'S BLOCK,
Opposite Michigan Central Depot, foot of South Water st
PREMIUM HAMS!
They now offer for sale their Premium Sugar Cured Hams, on which they obtained the FIRST PREMIUM at the recent United States Fair. Also, Smoked Beef, Pork and Lard constantly on hand.
P. O. BOX 4276. CHICAGO.
WINDSOR LELAND,..........C. H. S. MIXER

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO DEALERS IN BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Celebrated Copper Toe!

BOSTON, March 22, 1860.
TO MESSRS. WADSWORTH & WELLS, Chicago, Ill.:
GENTLEMEN—To correct an error which appears to exist among some parties dealing in Mitchell's Patent Metallic Tipped Boots and Shoes, we hereby state that we claim no right whatever to deal in said goods within the States of Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota. The exclusive right to deal in said Tipped Boots and Shoes in the above States having been sold by the patentee before we purchased the invention and patent of him. Respectfully yours,
CHASE, McKINNEY & CO.

WADSWORTH & WELLS,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
60 . . Lake Street. . . 60

We own the exclusive right for the sale of

MITCHELLS PATENT METALLIC TIPPED BOOTS AND SHOES,

for and within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota, and hereby give notice that all parties dealing in these goods within the above States, without having first arranged with us and by our consent, are and will be direct infringers upon our EXCLUSIVE rights, and that as soon as we are advised of any infringement, shall demand proper and immediate redress.

We have made extensive arrangements with the most celebrated manufacturers whereby we can fully supply the increasing demand with the best qualities of these Tipped Boots and Shoes from our store in Chicago, each pair of which will be stamped or labelled with our name.

We shall recognize no Tipped goods within either the above States but such as are thus stamped and supplied by us.

We will warrant in all instances one pair of child's copper-tipped shoes to out wear two and oftentimes three or four pairs of equal quality without tips, as can be shown by very many testimonials, while the expense is but a trifle more, making an actual average saving to the consumer of near two hundred per cent.

We also own the right (not exclusive) for the sale of these patented goods into all territory of the owners of the patent and are in no way subjected to a patent commission of over to seven and a half per cent. paid by all other dealers.

We particularly solicit the attention of dealers in these goods within the States of Illinois, Michigan and Indiana to our advantages under this patent, and the quality of our goods will be unsurpassed by any stock in the Union which we aim, quality considered, to offer at competing prices with goods without Tips.

We shall give undivided attention to this branch of our business in connection with our general stock, and respectfully solicit orders for our goods and due respect for our rights.

That dealers may not be misled by the advertisements of others in Chicago and elsewhere, outside the States of Wisconsin, Iowa, and Minnesota, who advertise themselves as agents for the sale of

MITCHELL'S PATENT METALLIC TIPPED GOODS

we state that all such agencies do not extend to or in any way whatever appertain to the sale of said goods within the States of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota.
ap10-1y WADSWORTH & WELLS.

STRAW GOODS FOR JUNE TRADE.

WEBER, WILLIAMS & YALE,
25 LAKE STREET,
Have a very large stock of Mens, Boys, Misses, and Children's
STRAW GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of CITY and COUNTRY Dealers. fel8 a506 teu30 '60

CROCKERY, FINE CHINA, GLASSWARE
Silver Plated & Brittania Ware,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
THOMAS P. BYRN,
[illegible] 170 LAKE STREET.

PARKER & RAYMOND,
(SUCCESSORS TO SAWYER, PARKER & CO.,)
General Commission Merchants,
No. 274 South Water-st., Chicago, Ill.
R. S. PARKER. [ja21'60-1y] E. D. RAYMOND.

G. H. & L. LAFLIN, WHOLESALE PAPER WAREHOUSE,
48 South Water Street,
Are now receiving their spring stock of Fine Papers and Eastern Book Papers, which they offer at low prices.
Printing paper of every size and best quality. oc7-b169

GRAIN ELEVATOR AND WAREHOUSE.—Having rented the Grain Elevator and Warehouse formerly occupied by Gibbs, Griffin & Co., at the corner of Franklin and North Water streets, I am now prepared to do a general Storage and Elevating business, and solicit the patronage of my friends and the public generally. la2-b358-6m HIRAM WHEELER.

[illegible] Mackinac. | John Hely, Manitowoc.
J. T. Kirkland, Sheboygan. | Kenosha Pier Co., Kenosha.
W. W. Hurd, J. J. Tallmadge, Milwaukee. | W. H. Wright & Co., Waukegan.
Hathaway & Penn, Green Bay. | Richmond & Co., 1 Clark-st. Chicago.

J. W. TUTTLE, Agent,
FOOT OF STATE ST., CHICAGO.
my9c296-6m

OLD OSWEGO LINE TRANSPORTATION COMPANY. 1860.
Established in 1832.
ALVORD & DANE, Oswego, Proprietors.
F. B. DANE, Agent, 100 Broad street, New York. D. C. LITTLEJOHN, General Agent, Oswego. ALBERT LEE, General Western Agent, Chicago. my16c344-3m

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THE NORTHERN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
1860.
Will, during the present season, will run their well known and popular line of
FIRST CLASS SCREW STEAMERS,
regularly between
Ogdensburgh, Cape Vincent, Oswego, and the Upper Lakes,
Forming a daily line to Cleveland, Sandusky, Toledo and Detroit, and a Tri-Weekly line to and from
Chicago, Milwaukee & Intermediate Ports.
Connecting with the Railroads between OGDENSBURG and BOSTON, Lowell, Lawrence, Nashua, Manchester, Concord, Worcester, Fitchburg, Keene, Bellows Falls, Rutland, Burlington, and other intermediate points.
At Cape Vincent, with the Watertown and Rome Railroad, and
At Oswego, with the New Oswego Line of fifty first class canal boats on the enlarged canal, between Oswego, Troy, Albany and New York.
Through Freight subject to but one transhipment.
One of these first class propellers will leave Chicago every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY evenings.

Agents and Consignees.
J. MYERS, No. 117 Broadway, New York.
Z. S. SPAULDING, No. 3 Coenties Slip, New York.
JOHN HOCKING, No. 95 State street, Boston.
A. CUSHMAN, No. 108 State street, Boston.
[illegible] Ogdensburgh.
GEORGE A. EDDY, Oswego.
CRAWFORD & HOVEY, Oswego.
PELTON & BREED, Cleveland.
W. T. WALKER, Toledo.
E. R. MATHEWS, Detroit.
O. J. HALE, Milwaukee.
McHENRY & BARKER, Racine.
FIFE & MICHAEL, St. Louis.
MATHER & CO., Agents,
mh8 b719 6m Chicago.

Bags.

BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—BAGS—CORN EXCHANGE BAG MANUFACTORY.
HART, ASTEN & CO., 107 South Water street, Chicago.
B. E. CLARK & CO., 128 Broad street, New York.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
BAGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Millers' and Grocers' Bags made and printed to order with beautiful brands. New and second-hand Sundries Grain and Gunny Bags, for shippers, Millers' and Farmers' use. Bags for Flour, Buckwheat, Feed, Hams, Salt, Seed, &c.
Orders filled with fidelity and dispatch. Bags loaned to shippers. my5 y-ly

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BAGS! BAGS!! BAGS!!!
FARWELL'S
STEAM BAG MANUFACTORY,
42, 44 & 46 Wabash avenue, Chicago.
BAGS AND SACKS of every description, furnished on short notice, and printed with NEW AND BEAUTIFUL BRANDS
SIMEON FARWELL.
ap5-d&wly 1771

CHICAGO BAG AGENCY,— 276 South Water street.
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of various sizes and qualities.
FLOUR—halves, quarters, eighths—printed to order of any desired pattern.
HAM SACKS—every size used.
GUNNY BAGS—Two or three bushels.
Commission Merchants, Millers, Grocers and Provision Dealers will find just the article wanted in our stock. Orders solicited. [apl'60ly] HAWKINS & CHAPMAN.

Sewing Machines.

MILLAR'S NEW PATENT Lock Stitch family SEWING MACHINES!
$35, $35, $35, $35, $35, $35.
The only one taking this stitch sold for less than $50. In form, general appearance, stitch, (alike on both sides,) size, capacity, speed, stillness, ease of motion, and manner of forming the stitch, it is very much like and Warranted to do as much and as well as the celebrated
WHEELER & WILSON $125 MACHINE.
We also have the
METROPOLITAN
Double lock tight last GROVER & BAKER stitch $28 family Sewing Machine—warranted superior to any $30 machine, or money refunded. We will send either or both of these machines, at agents prices, to any party engaged in the sale of sewing machines, and refund the money at the end of sixty days if they are not suited. No connection with Cornell & Co.
Agents wanted. Call at 102 Lake street, or address
LEWIS CORNELL,
Jul4-'60c581-1yr Box 3651, Chicago, Ill.

SEWING MACHINES.
$35. $35, $35..........$10. $10. $10.
L. CORNELL & CO'S Late Improved
DOUBLE LOCK TIGHT FAST STITCH.
WARRANTED to give as good satisfaction as the highest priced in market. Make the same stitch as the $125 Machines; are large, 9x4 inches under the arm, set flat in the table, use a straight needle, sew from common spools, from 4 to 40 stitches to the inch. RUN VERY EASY and ALMOST NOISELESS, neatly finished, and will STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, GATHER, QUILT and EMBROIDER.
They have REPEATEDLY taken the HIGHEST PREMIUMS. Out of over 4,000 already in constant use, we have had no occasion to go out and put one in order. They work successfully on everything,—from the finest Muslins to heavy Cowhide. The two machines differ only in the length of arm, and are easily learned from the full printed instructions. Samples of Sewing, Circular, and Cuts sent on receipt of Stamp. We are sole agents here for the UNIVERSAL HEMMER and GUAGE, adjustable to all thicknesses of cloth and all widths of hem; will hem over seams and fells, and can easily be attached to any Sewing Machine. Price $5.
Large Discounts to the Trade, Agents, and Clergy.
Agents wanted everywhere. Come and see us at 133 Lake street, or address L. CORNELL & CO.,
Jel Post Office box 3982, Chicago, Illinois.

VERY IMPORTANT INFORMATION.—The Illinois Starch Company, at Ottawa, are now manufacturing the purest Starch in the world. In body, quality and whiteness it cannot be excelled, and being manufactured entirely with spring water, which is naturally soft as rain water, it contains no deleterious chemical. Hence it is infinitely more desirable for food and laundry purposes than any other in use. As an assurance to the public of the merits of the Starch, any amount of the most satisfactory references could be given, but in this case references seem to be unnecessary, as all by procuring a little for trial can satisfy themselves. In buying the Starch be particular in seeing that it is taken from boxes marked

ILLINOIS STARCH COMPANY,
McGinnis, Maker.

To Wholesale Dealers the Company would say with our unequalled facility for manufacturing, and the very great advantage we have over all other factories of purchasing corn at low prices, we can sell you at figures that will make it to your interest to send us your orders. Every box of starch that leaves the factory is warranted equal if not superior to any produced in the world. All orders and communications addressed Illinois Starch Company, Ottawa, Illinois, will receive prompt attention. [illegible]

REMOVAL.—The United States Express Company have this day removed their office from No. 14 Dearborn street to 180 Lake and 20 South Clark streets, having a Lake and Clark street entrance. The entrance on Lake street will be considered the entrance for money, collection and small package business. The entrance on Clark street will be regarded as the entrance for freight. However, should money be delivered on Clark street or freight on Lake street, the Public with which we have done business for the past six years could not be induced to believe that it is in our nature to refuse it. Having been liberally sustained in our old stand we ask the public, as well as our friends, to continue their liberality, and in return we will promise as heretofore a faithful application to their interests, as well as to that of our Company. Office hours, until further notice, from 7:30 A. M. to 7 P. M.
ja012-c565-to sep6 '60 H. D. COLVIN, Agent.

Financial and Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

FRIDAY EVENING, July 27.

The following are the receipts and shipments for the past twenty-four hours:

	Flour brls.	Wh't bus.	Corn bus.	Oats bus.	Rye bu.	Bar. bu.	Lard lbs.
By Canal	....	952	31743	145	502	....	261
G. & C. U. R. R.	60	...	3216	174	....	....	....
R. I. R. R.	123	4900	14700	....	....	....	....
Ill. Central	424	12960	11190	....	850	350	....
C., B. & Quincy R. R.	....	2667	27205	....	232	....	....
C. & N. W. R. R.	145	..	41	44	....	....	....
C., A. & St. L. R. R.	....	4550	4650	....	700	....	....
Total	777	26017	92647	363	1784	350	261

	Tallow lbs.	Live Hogs No.	Cattle No.	Hides lbs.	High-wines brls.	Wool lbs.	Pot. bu.
G. & C. U. R. R.	..	....	....	1650	5	17370	62
R. I. R. R.	..	....	26	2080	153	680	....
Ill. C. R. R.	....	....	114	3210	....	165	....
C. B. & Q. R. R.	711	50	187	279	....	150	....
C. & N. W. R. R.	....	....	....	160	....	....	....
C. A. & St. L. R. R.	1750	....	....	3070	....	....	....
Total	2464	50	337	10419	163	18365	62

SHIPMENTS.

	Flour, brls.	Wh't, bu.	Corn, bu.	Oats, bu.	Rye, bu.	Ba'y, bu.	Sds lbs
To Buffalo	....	8000	102073	....	....	....	....
To Canada	....	....	14545	....	....	....	....
Total	....	8000	116618	....	....	....	....

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Receipts.		Receipts.	
Empty brls, No.	47	Coal, tons	160
Wool, lbs	6,000	Staves, No.	30,000
Fish, pkgs	1,034	*Shipments.*	
Beef, bbls	5	Whisky, brls	427
Barley, bu	1,100	Empty barrels	80
Iron, lbs	74,000	Apples, brls	23
Lumber, ft	1,514,500	Flour, brls	741
Lath, No	898,000	Beef bbls	5
Shingles, No	1,011,000	Corn, bu	148,031
Sq. Timber, ft	55,000	Wheat, bu	18,000
Wood, cds	421	Butter, lbs	20,000

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS BY CANAL YESTERDAY.

Receipts.		Shipments.	
Corn, bu	25,414	Lumber, ft	21,832
Rye, bu	502	Staves, No.	4,001
Wheat, bu	952	Heads, No.	1,000
Oats, bu	145	Lath, No.	10,000
Lard, lbs	264		

The Corn market to-day opened quiet, with sales of No. 1 at 43c. On 'Change prices receded ¼@½c, but rallied somewhat at the close, and sales were made at 42¼@42¾c. There was but little Wheat offered for sale, and the market was firm at $1.06 for No. 1 White; $1 for No. 1 Red; 95c for No. 2 do; 92@93c for No. 1 Spring; 91c for No. 2 do, and 70@71c for Rejected Spring. Bagged lots of Wheat were dull, and sales could not be made except at a concession. Flour was more active but prices without any improvement. Oats steady, with a fair demand at 26c in store. Rye firm and in good request, at an advance of ½@1c. Barley quiet. Freights inactive, vessel holders and shippers being apart.

ST LOUIS MARKET—July 26.—Flour—Market very dull. Sales 100 bags choice city at $2.60, 210 bbls do at $5 40; 60 bbls double extra at $7.25; 100 bags low grade country at $1.75; 70 bbls do at $4; 50 bbls scratched at $4 50; 58 bags extra at $2.65, and 25 bbls choice double extra at $7 50. Wheat—Market very dull, but is sustained on account of the small receipts. Sales 130 bags choice spring and inferior fall at 95c; 336 bags Mediterranean at $1; 173 bags common fall at $1.00@1 02; 49 bags good at $1 08; 53 bags choice at $1.15; and 180 bags on p. t. Corn—The market was extremely heavy to day and business was small, but the price was sustained. Sales were confined to 1,600 bags good and prime yellow at 46@47c; 280 bags choice do at 49c delivered; 750 bags mixed white at 48c; and 250 bags choice white at 55c, in new gunnies. Oats—Receipts large and market dull. Sales 1,325 bags new at 30@31c; 950 bags do at 31½@32c, mostly delivered, and 175 bags choice old at 35c, in good and new bags. Barley—Very dull; 122 bags spring were sold on p. t. Rye—150 bags were sold at 55c in bags. Provisions—No sales were reported to-day.—Mess pork is now held at $20; city shoulders at 9¼c; and clear sides at 12½c. Lard—Sales 100 tcs butcher's at 10½c, and 20 tcs country at 9½c. Whisky—Market continues steady, and sales to-day comprise 112 bbls in lots at 18c.—*Democrat.*

ALBANY MARKETS—July 25—Flour; the sales are moderate; prices unchanged, but weak. Corn meal 10s@11s. Grain—Nothing of moment doing in wheat; yesterday afternoon 100 bus choice white Indiana sold at $1.50. No sales of Rye. Oats steady and dull at 40c for State afloat and in car lots; sales 5,000 bushels Corn is lower and in good supply; after the close of our report yesterday 10,200 bu western mixed sold afloat at 58¼@59c, principally at the inside figure, and to day 14,900 bu do at the inside figure. Whiskey—No sales; holders ask 20½c. Shipped by tows last evening, 54,200 bu corn, 38,500 bu wheat, 12,000 bu oats.—*Statesman.*

CLEVELAND MARKETS—July 25—Wheat—Receipts are steadily maintained and some 40 cars were reported this morning. The tone at the close is a trifle better. Sales are 5 cars red on track early in the day at $1; 10 cars red at $1.02; 2,000 bu do f. o. b. at $1.03; 1 car white at $1.09, and 5 cars do at $1 11 on track. Corn quiet at 45c. Oats quiet at 20@30c.—*Leader.*

NEW YORK HIDE MARKET, July 25.—Inactivity continues to be the prevailing feature of the market, buyers holding off ...

NEW YORK CATTLE MARKET.

FOR THE WEEK ENDING JULY 25.

(Abridged from Thursday's New York Tribune.)

BEEF CATTLE.

Number reported for this market at 44th street 4,015

The prices to-day are quoted as follows:

First quality	8½@9
Medium	8 @8½
Ordinary	7 @8
Some extra good Beeves	9½@-

The general average of the market at full 8½c.

The most of the sales range at 8@9c.

Prices ₩ head and ₩ pound of different weights will be found in accounts of sales of sundry droves.

Total number of Beeves received during the week.....4,818.

BEEVES FROM DIFFERENT STATES.

A. M. Allerton & Co., proprietors of the Washington Drove-yards, 44th street, report the Cattle in Market from the following States:

New York	507	Kentucky	263
Pennsylvania	47	Virginia	43
Ohio	974	Iowa	199
Indiana	182	New Jersey	11
Illinois	1751	Canada	76
Total			4,115

There is a regular breakdown in the price of beef cattle this week. The decline is quoted by owners and brokers at from half a cent to one and a half cent a pound. Taking all the sales of the first day of the market, and we are satisfied that the decline averages full one cent, or $7 a head and as there were 4,000 bullocks yarded, that would make a difference of $35,000. At this decline the sales were, as compared with last Tuesday, a great deal slower, and the estimates of weight not as fair for the owners. A considerable portion, but not so great as last week, of the stock was bought on speculation at Dunkirk, Buffalo, Albany, or after it arrived at Bergen, or here. Most of the Buffalo purchases are bad ones for the operators. We hear of one lot for which the owner was offered $68 at Buffalo, which he sold at Albany for $61, but it is thought they will not retail out here at over $61. We find 9½c net a pound, the highest price for the very best fat Durham Steers, handsome enough for any fat beef show, and a much less number sold at that than at 10c last week. Butchers say that many of their bullocks proved over 10c last week, and they are determined not to estimate so high this week. As the supply is far in excess of the real wants of the city, the drovers are compelled to submit to butchers' terms; and as they feel as though they were wronged last week, they are no way slow to take advantage now. The whole business of buying and selling bullocks, as at present conducted, is just like any other gambling operation. It is getting more and more every year into the hands of a reckless set of operators, German, Irish, and Jew, and other adventurers, who happen to have a little money, or who can borrow, and this they risk almost as recklessly in a drove of cattle as they would upon a faro table. This class buy more than half of the stock from the regular drovers who start it from the feeding lots of the West, and whenever they combine their interests, as they did last week, they raise the retail price here, and this keeps the market in such a fluctuating state that no living man can tell, a week ahead, what to expect or depend upon. Last week, this class of operators were jubilant. They had succeeded in "robbing the butchers"—so say the latter—and they are not sorry to see them down this week. What next week will bring about, who can tell? We guess the market will go a peg lower, and back to about where it was a month ago, as the grass steers begin now to come forward plentifully, which always gives prices a downward tendency.

The average quality of the stock, though not as good as it was in June, for then it was remarkable, is still very good. There is no trouble in finding as many choice fat steers as are wanted by the first class retail butchers, who will have the best that are offered, which always enhances the price of that class whenever it is deficient in numbers. That it is not above 9@9½c a lb this week is proof that the supply is good.

The weather, too, is all that drovers could ask in their favor, in July. A slight rain on Monday settled the dust, and Tuesday morning was decidedly cool—cool enough for woolen clothing, and it was only moderately warm in the middle of the day.

THE CLOSE OF THE MARKET.

Wednesday opens bright and cool—a real lovely Summer morning, and buyers find no lack of bullocks in the pens; the proportion sold yesterday being much less than the week before, when the butchers ran wild over the advance of price and bought more than they could use. In fact, there was an unusual large quantity of spoiled beef last week; probably the greatest portion of it from the villainous practice of killing and selling diseased swill-fed cows, against which there appears to be no law that can be enforced by officials as corrupt as the animals.

The state of the market to day as compared with yesterday, is decidedly worse. In fact, if our quotations had been made up from the transactions to-day, they would have been as low as any market in June. Business could not easily be made to appear more dull than it is. The only show of active business is at the two bar-rooms and the eating-rooms. Evidently the butchers do not want as many bullocks as are on sale, at any price, and at noon it appeared quite improbable that all the stock would be sold.

As the day advanced, however, lots were crowded off at whatever prices butchers were disposed to offer. There was a panic to sell at some price, the owners evidently having no confidence in holding over. In fact, we exactly agree with them in looking for a pretty strong decline next week upon the prices of this, as we know that some of the drovers who sold out at Buffalo, and along the road, at a very large profit, have gone back with very exalted ideas, to start other droves, and some already on the way must come—the disasters of this week came too late to stop them.

There is no doubt of the fact that many 7-cwt. bullocks have been sold to-day at $10 a head less than the same grade sold for last week. We note one sale at $63 of 7½ cwt. steers, which would have brought $75 last week.

New York Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] NEW YORK, July 27.

FLOUR—Little more doing both for export and home consumption, but market still continues heavy and holders are compelled to meet the views of buyers in order to realize. Sales 16,200 bbls at $5@5.10 for super state; $5.10@5.20 for extra state; $4.90@5 for super western; $5@5 25 for common to extra western; $5.25@5 59 for shipping brands extra r. h. o. Closing heavy. A large portion of the sales were for export. Canadian flour dull and drooping—particularly common grades. Sales 460 bbls at 4.95@5 for super. $5.05@7.50 for common to choice extra. Rye flour in limited request at $3.50@4 20 for common to choice super. Corn meal quiet and nominally unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat without striking change; shippers are disposed to purchase, but the extreme scarcity of freight-room and the high rates asked operate as a serious charge upon business; sales 13,800 bu common Milwaukee club at $1.21; 8,300 bu choice spring at 1 16@1.17; 6,000 bu winter red western at 1,25; 2,400 bu red state at 1.20; 1,000 bushels white Canada at 1.31; 900 bu new white western at 1.33; 500 bu new mixed Indiana at 1 25; 2,300 bu new red Ohio at 1.23; 800 bu white Michigan at 1.30@1 35; 600 bu new white southern at 1.40. Rye—Quiet; sales 1,000 bu at 81½c. Canada peas in moderate request; sales 500 bu at 75@78c for common to prime. Corn—Steady with moderate demand; sales 61,000 bu at 61@61½c for sound mixed western, 62c for choice do, including 22,000 bu to arrive at a price within the range. Oats—Plenty and dull at 37@10c for western and Canada; 41@40½c for state

WHISKY—Dull and drooping; sales 250 bbls at 20¼@20½c.

WOOL—Firm with fair demand; sales 150,000 lbs fleece at 17@27c for Texas; 35@53c for inferior to prime Michigan, Ohio and New York.

HIDES—Dull and heavy without any transactions of moment reported.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull and quotations mostly nominal. Sales 1,075 brls at $19 12@19..5 for new mess; $18.37@18.50 for old mess; $15.50 for thin mess; $16@16.25 for western prime ...

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

A Fearful Massacre of Christians at Damascus.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 27.—The steamship City of Washington, from Liverpool 18th via Queenstown 19th inst., passed Cape Race at 4 o'clock this morning. The news yacht of the Associated Press succeeded in obtaining the Cape Race canister, which contained, however, no summary of news, but merely two newspapers, from which the following summary of European intelligence is compiled.

The British Government is said to have received intelligence of a fearful massacre of Christians at Damascus. Five hundred were killed among whom was the Dutch Consul. The American Consul was wounded.

The two vessels which passed over to Garibaldi are merchant steamers. It is confirmed that the steamer Veloce has passed over to Garibaldi.

NAPLES 14th.—Patriots are constantly traveling the streets. The moderate party is full of apprehension concerning the stabbing of an inspector of the former police on the 12th in the Strada De Talda.

A proclamation of Garibaldi's against the Bourbon dynasty has been distributed. He says: "I am a Royalist, but prefer Victor Emanuel, who will head us against Austria."

NAPLES VIA TURIN 17th.—There has been a conflict between the troops and the people in consequence of popular manifestations in favor of some refugees who had disembarked at Naples. Several persons were killed. The Ministry has been dismissed and a new Cabinet formed.

The Douglas Pennsylvania State Convention.

HARRISBURG, Pa., July 26—The Democratic Convention adopted to-night unanimously a series of resolutions, endorsing the platform and nominations of the recent State Convention at Reading, and also the platform and resolutions of the Baltimore National Democratic Convention; denouncing the plan of the State Democratic Committee for fusion, as anti-Democratic, and in opposition to the wishes of the Democratic masses; and finally declaring it to be the duty of the State Committee to call another Convention of the Democracy for the purpose of preparing an electoral ticket pledged to sustain the action of the Baltimore National Convention, and the regular Democratic candidates, Douglas and Johnson.

Fatal Occurrence at Syracuse--Fire at Binghamton.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 26.—Two of our city omnibusses, full of passengers, returning from a horse-race south of the city yesterday afternoon, got to racing, when the bolt coming out of the bottom of one of the omnibusses, it was hurled from the wheels to the ground, killing a man named Michael Reiley, who was on the outside, and injuring several of those inside.

The Empire Foundry at Binghamton was burned on Monday night It was owned by Hon. Henry Mather, valued at $2,500, and insured for $1,000. Col. Hazard Lewis had $10,000 worth of machinery in the foundry, which was insured for $2,000. Messrs. Sedgwick & Brokan, lessees of the foundry, lost $1,500, and were insured for $1000.

Heads Off in Albany.

ALBANY, July 27—There is some excitement here to-day on account of the removal of Messrs. McQuade, Highee and Gaffney from the Custom House, and the appointment of Messrs. Farrell, Griffin and Blanchard. The newly appointed officers were all prominent in the movement which defeated Erastus Corning for Congress, and elected John H. Reynolds, by a union with the Republicans. One of the appointees is the Editor of the *Evening Standard*, Breckinridge, and the working Editor of the *Morning Knickerbocker*.

The Albany Wide Awakes turned out in great numbers last night to attend the dedication of a Wigwam at Troy. Some 500 went up, uniformed.

Political Excitement in Virginia.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Great excitement was caused at Occaquan, Va., near Alexandria, in consequence of the Republicans raising a banner bearing the names of Lincoln and Hamlin. The citizens have attempted to demolish it. The Republicans resisted and despatched messengers to neighboring towns for arms and ammunition. Gov. Letcher ordered Gen. Hatton to call out his troops to protect the Republicans, but the General preferred resigning his command. At last accounts it was expected the military of Alexandria would be called out. Occaquan contains 300 Republicans, and was the residence of Mr. Underwood, the ostracised Republican.

From New York.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Samuel C. Paxon, President of the Corn Exchange Bank, died suddenly yesterday, of congestion of the brain.

The match between Albany Co. and St. George's Cricket Clubs commenced to-day. Albany had made 100 on the first innings, with 2 wickets to go down at the date of our report. ...

MISCELLANEOUS.

COUNTERFEIT GOLD COIN.—Gold is just now affording a lucrative, though most rascally employment, to some extensive concern in the counterfeiting business, that seems likely to render its use as coin considerably less. Gold coins are split open, and half or two-thirds of their contents taken out, and the vacancy filled with a composition of platina and zinc, of precisely the same weight as gold itself, platina weighing about as much more than gold as zinc less; the outsides are accurately closed, and thus we have a coin, gold on the outside, that weighs as much as one that is of solid metal, and yet is no larger in bulk, but has lost half of its value.

—The Horned Horse, belonging to Messrs. Goodwin & Co.'s Royal Menagerie, died a few days since. It was the only specimen of its kind in Europe, and was imported but a few months since at a cost of $2,000.

—A few days since a lady died in Philadelphia, 107 years of age, and on the day of her funeral there were present five brothers and sisters, the youngest being over 90 years, and the oldest being 111 years. A sight like this has but seldom if ever been witnessed in this or any other country.

—The Mariposa *Star*, which is not friendly to Col. Fremont, says:

"The Fremont grant is now in possession of T. W. Park, of San Francisco. Large sums are owing by Fremont to parties in this county. During the past week there has been some trouble among the employees of Fremont in consequence."

—It appeared in a recent case in New York that many Germans in that city had been married by notaries public, making, of course, an incomplete marriage. A German named Reindahl, who some time since was arrested and held to bail by one of the police justices for abandoning his wife and children, now moves to be released from supporting them, on the ground that he was married by a notary public. A great many marriage contracts will be likely to be affected by the decision.

—Chas. Hudson, a farmer of Mecklenburg county, Va., has been put in the county prison, there to await trial for whipping a negro woman to death.

—A club in favor of opening the African slave trade has been organized in Port Gibson, Miss. J. C. Humphreys has been elected President, and Rufus Shoemaker Secretary.

—We find, in the Boston *Traveler*, a description of a steam shoe factory in Vermont, which is in successful operation. It is the one mentioned in the beginning of this article, and as the subject is interesting, we copy the paragraph:

"There is a steam shoe factory in Sexton's river, Vermont, owned by D. F. Murphy, Esq., of this city, where all the hand labor used about a shoe is in lasting on the uppers. The soles are cut, rolled, levelled, and then shaped by machinery. They are blacked, polished and pegged by machinery. They are also bound, stitched, pinched and sand papered by machinery. The establishment contains room for four hundred hands, none of whom require any of the old familiar tools or the shoe bench. The goods at present cost full as much as those made by hand work. This advantage, besides the rapidity with which the goods can be manufactured, has made the experiment of an entire departure from hand labor already successful.

The Oldest Man in the Country.

The editor of the Cincinnati *Times*, while on a jaunt recently, had his attention called to a venerable person who, it was alleged, was probably the oldest man in the United States. His name is Solomon Pangborn, who says he was born in the city of New York, in a small town of five or six hundred houses, in 1725. He is, consequently, 135 years old. Shortly after his birth, his father purchased a farm on the Mohawk River, not far from Fort Johnson, whither he removed. The old gentleman resides at Rising Sun, Indiana, where he has relatives in comfortable circumstances. He complains that for the last year or two his health has been much impaired, and that he is so old medicine fails to improve his condition, as it might in a younger person. He is perfectly resigned to live as long as God will permit him, but says that he would have met the fate common to all mortality with a similar resignation many years ago. His sense of sight, as well as that of hearing, is much impaired, and he moves about with difficulty, although he still contrives to help himself, and uses neither crutch nor cane.

CHICAGO MILL-FURNISHING DEPOT.

T. W. Baxter & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

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MILLSTONES,

Of All Quarries, and

C. W. Brown's Patent Portable

Flouring and Grist Mills,

And Dealers in

DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS ...

A First Rate Document.

A campaign document has been issued by the Republican State Central Committee, embracing the following matter:

CHAPTER I.—Letter of Hon. Edward Bates, of Missouri, in support of Lincoln.

CHAPTER II.—The Three National Platforms—Republican, Douglas, and Breckinridge.

CHAPTER III.—The Wickliffe (slave code) Resolution adopted by the Douglas Baltimore Convention, with extracts from the Dred Scott Decision, from Douglas' "Grand Jury" Speech; from Col. Forney's Address to the People of Pennsylvania, etc.

CHAPTER IV.—Herschel V. Johnson's Record.

CHAPTER V.—Squatter Sovereignty and the African Slave Trade—Opinions of a Douglas Delegate from Georgia.

CHAPTER VI.—What "Popular Sovereignty" has done—Extract from Mr. Douglas' Speech in the Senate, May 16th, 1860.

CHAPTER VII.—Slavery in New Mexico—Serfdom of White Laborers.

CHAPTER VIII.—Slavery in Nebraska—Ineffectual Efforts of the Republicans in the Territorial Legislature to Abolish and Prohibit it; Successful Exertions of the Democracy to Preserve and Retain it.

CHAPTER IX.—All votes cast for Douglas are given practically to Breckinridge or Jo. Lane.

CHAPTER X.—"The Everlasting Nigger Question."

CHAPTER XI.—Lincoln's and Hamlin's Letters of Acceptance.

This valuable and effective document, which comprises the very essence of the campaign, is reduced to the dimensions of sixteen pages and can thus be afforded at a very low rate. It will be kept for sale at the PRESS AND TRIBUNE office at the following prices: Two cents per single copy; 20 cents per dozen; $1.25 per hundred; $10 per thousand. Postage one cent per copy extra on packages of twenty or less—one half cent per copy on all others.

Campaign Biography of Lincoln.

We have issued a campaign biography of the Republican standard-bearer, in style so compact and cheap that, with suitable effort on the part of clubs, canvassers and local committees, it may reach every voter in the Northwest before the campaign is over. It is a pamphlet of 32 pages, of close type, double columns, and in the style and shape of the campaign life of Col. Fremont, issued in 1856 ... It has been prepared with great care, and it may be considered a reliable and authentic narrative of the life of ABRAHAM LINCOLN,—embracing also the substance of his debates with Mr. Douglas in 1858, and a complete history of that remarkable campaign. It has been the purpose of the writer to make it the document of the times. A copy should be placed in the hands of every man in the Northwest who can read the English language. For the purpose of giving it the widest circulation we will furnish it at the following reduced rates:

Single copies	5 cents.
Per dozen	50 cents.
Per hundred	$2 50
Per thousand	20 00

When ordered by mail, one cent each must be added for postage. Send in your orders. Address, Press and Tribune, Chicago, Illinois.

Judge Trumbull's Appointments.

The Hon. Lyman Trumbull, in connection with other able speakers, will address the people on political topics at the following times and places:

Clinton ... Monticello ... Urbana ... Sullivan ... Shelbyville ... Pana ... Augusta ... Macomb ... Blandinsville ... Vermont ... Lewistown ... Canton ... Ellisville ... Galesburg ... Monmouth ...

Hon. Richard Yates,

Republican candidate for Governor of Illinois, will address his fellow-citizens on the political topics at the following times and places, to wit:

Aurora, Kane Co. ... Lexington, McLean Co. ... Marshall, Clark Co. ... Robinson, Crawford Co. ... Lawrenceville, Lawrence Co. ... Olney, Richland Co. ... Flora, Clay Co. ... Newton, Jasper Co. ... Greenup, Cumberland Co. ...

Judge Kellogg's Appointments.

Leonard Swett's Appointments.

Hon. Owen Lovejoy's Appointments.

General Notices.

NOTICE.—The patentees of Hurlbut's Stave Machine may be seen daily at 10 A. M. at Room No. 6, Dole's Building, where State and County Rights are for sale. Their address is Box No. 3613 Chicago Post Office. jy30x1w

I WISH TO TRADE A GOOD Chaise and Harness, and a buggy and harness for a good Piano. Address, P. O. Box 761. 1w-jy30c717

NOTICE.—To Stockholders in the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad Company: There will be a meeting of the Stockholders in this Company, held at the Office of the Company in Chicago, Illinois, on Friday, the 24th day of August next, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, for the purpose of taking such action as may be deemed necessary, upon the contract made on the 4th day of June last, between this Company and the foreign bondholders of the Northern Cross (now Quincy and Chicago) Railroad Company, and such other bondholders of said Company, as may afterwards become parties thereto. By order of the Board of Directors, AMOS T. HALL, Secretary. Chicago, July 24, 1860. jy25-c783-td

FARM FOR EXCHANGE.—I wish to exchange a Farm of 300 acres, 160 improved, in Perry County, Mo., on the Mississippi River, for a House and Lot in Chicago. Address Post Office Box 559 jy24x4t

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC. We are informed that WILBUR M DAVIS, of Carmel, Maine, has obtained a Patent dated March 13, 1860, for a Wire Gauze Tip, as an alleged improvement upon Geo A. Mitchell's Tip, for the protection of the toes of Boots and Shoes, for which Letters Patent were granted to said Mitchell, January 5th, 1858, and reissued December 7th, 1858. All Tips made under said DAVIS' Patent infringes upon MITCHELL'S Patent, and no one has a right to make or use them without a license from the undersigned, assignees of said Mitchell. That parties may not be misled, we hereby give notice that we shall prosecute all persons who use or sell Tips made under the patent of said WILBUR M. DAVIS, without a license from us. CHASE, McKINNEY & Co. Boston, June 20, 1860. jy4c589 1m

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of the late Bank of Massillon, Ohio, to present to the undersigned, Receivers of said Bank, at the office of George Harsh, at Massillon, on or before the first day of March, 1861, for dividends, all their claims against said Bank. All claims not so presented, will be forever barred from all the dividends of the assets of said Bank. By order of Court. GEORGE HARSH, ISAAC STEESE, P. C. HULL, Receivers. Massillon, June 19th, 1860. je28c682 2m

RAGS! RAGS!—Cash paid for Cotton and Woolen Rags, Rope, Bagging, Canvass, Old Books, Scrap Paper, old Metals, &c., at 193 South Water street, Chicago. jy26-2w WM. GILBERT.

JOHN D. BROWN'S Abstract OFFICE, Room No. 3, over 121 South Clark street. I have completed my Abstract of the Records of the various Courts, and will now make examination for Judgments, or any other matter which may be required, on short notice and at moderate charges. JNO. D. BROWN. N. B.—My Abstracts of Title will soon be ready. jy25x1m

FOR PIKE'S PEAK.— ...

OLD BLACK STAR LINE. Liverpool and N. York Packet Ships. ...

WOOL TWINES & BURLAPS. GILBERT HUBBARD & CO., Dealers in TWINES AND CORDAGE. ...

W. H. GRIFFITH, Billiard Table Manufacturer, ...

100,000 HAM SACKS, ... Corn Exchange Bag Factory. HART, AUSTEN & CO. ...

PITKIN & CO., GENERAL Commission Merchants, 119 SOUTH WATER ST. ...

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU ... SECRET DISEASES ...

Educational.

HYDE PARK SEMINARY.—The second year of this Institution will open on the 10th of September. Catalogues may be had at Grigg's Bookstore, 39 Lake street, and at Higgins' Music Store, 117 Randolph street. For further information apply to Mrs. O. V. Waite, Hyde Park, Cook Co., Ill. jy25c187-7w

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY —AT— LAKE FOREST ILLINOIS. The Fall Term in this Institution, conducted by Rev. B. DICKINSON, D.D., AND DAUGHTERS, will commence on WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12TH, And with accomodations for an additional number of Boarding as well as Day Scholars. Circulars, containing all desirable information, will be given on application by letter or otherwise. jy17c150 1m

CHICAGO ACADEMY. THE FIFTH YEAR OF THE MISSES LANE AND BAKER'S SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES WILL COMMENCE Monday, Sept. 17th, at 218 Wabash-av. References may be made to Rev. W. A. Stearns, President of Amherst College; Prof. C. C. Felton, President of Harvard University; Prof. F. A. Child, Harvard University; Prof. Jas. Pierce, Harvard University; Prof. G. M Lane, Harvard University. Also to the following gentlemen, Trustees of the Institution: Hon. Wm. B. Ogden, Hon. R. T. Dickey, Hon. E. Lane, Jonathan Burr, Esq., S. H. Fleetwood Esq., Henry Farnam, Esq., J. H. Burch, Esq. jy7 ...

Expresses.

FOR THE GOLD REGIONS. Central Overland California & Pike's Peak EXPRESS COMPANY. OFFICE NO. 80 DEARBORN-ST. Passengers and Freight to Pike's Peak. SAFETY, CERTAINTY AND SPEED! PONY EXPRESS. The Courier of the "Pony Express" leaves St. Joseph, Mo. every Saturday evening, at 11 o'clock, carrying a letter mail only, and passing through Forts Kearney, Laramie and Bridger, Great Salt Lake City, Camp Floyd, Carson City, the Washoe Silver Mines, Placerville and Sacramento, to San Francisco. Telegraphic Messages from all parts of the United States and Canada, will be received up to eight o'clock of the day of leaving. The Letter Mail will be delivered in San Francisco in ten days; Telegraphic Messages in eight days. ...

St. Joseph and Denver City DAILY STAGE LINE! ... ALEXANDER MAJORS' Heavy Freight Line, ...

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S EXPRESS FREIGHT LINE, ...

The Lieutenant-Governorship.

A Call.

OAK ORCHARD Acid Springs! ...

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H. P. STANLEY, DEALER IN FRUIT AND PRODUCE, 165 SOUTH WATER STREET, CHICAGO, ILL. Sales guaranteed within six days on articles of EXTRA quality of DECIDED RARITY. All consignments in store covered by Policy of Insurance. Cash advances made on property in hand. jy10c708-1y

NORTON, ROBB & CO., Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES AND FISH, And General Commission Merchants. No. 16 River street, Chicago, Ill. HORACE NORTON, CHAS. ROBB, H. E. NORTON. ap27-c202-6m

ALLEN HOWES, COMMISSION MERCHANT, 135, South Water Street, June12, 1860-1yr CHICAGO.

BEDFORD, MEREDITH & CO., Commission Merchants, No. 219 South Water street, Chicago, give their exclusive attention to the purchase and sale of Flour, Grain and all kinds of Produce, Stock, &c. Liberal advances made on consignments. Agents for Kiln Dried Corn Meal. Refer to E. I. Tinkham & Co., Chicago, Ellis, McAlpin & Co., Cincinnati. ja17-1y

SPAFFORD, STEWART & CO., PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Personal attention given to sales of Grain, Flour, Provisions and Country Produce generally. Business exclusively Commission. Advances made on consignments. 117 Kinzie street, Chicago. fe20 '60 1y O. H. SPAFFORD ... D. STEWART ... E. F. W. ELLIS.

JOHN GARRICK, LUMBER BROKER, And General Commission Merchant, Room No. 2, Lind's Block, Chicago, Ill. Docking and Forwarding. my16x3m

E. G. WOLCOTT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Room 2, under new Board of Trade Rooms, South Water Street, Chicago, Illinois. Orders filled with care and dispatch. Liberal Advances made on Consignments for sale in Chicago, Buffalo, or Oswego. E. G. WOLCOTT, my10c514 6m H. W. TICKNOR.

DICKINSON & BAKER, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, NO. 1, POMEROY'S BUILDING. Careful attention given to the purchase and sale of Grain, Flour and other produce ON COMMISSION STRICTLY. ...

CHADBOURNE & WETHERBEE ... GRIFFIN BROS. ... MILES, WRIGHT & SHERMAN Commission Merchants, ... TURPIN, LAKE & CO., ... NEELY, LAWRENCE & CO., ... WRIGHT & WHITNEY, ... ORDERS EXECUTED WITH DISPATCH. J. Ormerod Heyworth & Co., ... WILLIAMS & HOUGHTELING ... CULVER & COMPANY, ... RUMSEY, BROTHER & CO., ... VAN INWAGEN & CO., ... Tucker, Randolph & Carter, ... WELLER, MUDD & MELLEN, ... WEBSTER & BAXTER, ...

Railroads.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND LAKE SHORE RAILROAD. 1860. Summer Arrangement. 1860. 7.30 am.—New York and Boston Express—daily except Sunday—via the old line. 8.00 pm.—Night Express—daily except Saturday—via old line. Connecting at Toledo and Detroit with trains to all points interior in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, and the New England States and Canadas. The 7:30 am. train connects at Cleveland at 9 pm. with Steamers METROPOLIS and CITY OF BUFFALO, connecting with next morning train out of Buffalo daily. Salisbury's Patent Ventilation and Dusters on all day trains. Woodruff's Patent Sleeping Cars accompany all night trains on this route to N. Y. and Boston. Tickets can be had at all ticket offices in the West, and at the company's office, 52 Dearborn street, and at the depot. Trains leave Toledo at 11,15 am. and 10.25 pm. Arrive Chicago at 8.00 am. and 8.00 pm. GEO. M. GRAY, Gen'l Western Agent. JOHN D. CAMPBELL, Gen'l Supt.

ST. LOUIS, ALTON AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, Shortest and only road between Chicago and St. Louis, without Change of Cars, Baggage, or Conductors. GREAT SAVING IN TIME AND DISTANCE. Elegant Sleeping Cars in Night Trains. NEW MANAGEMENT. SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. Chicago Depot—Corner of Canal and Van Buren Streets Chicago Office—42 Dearborn street. Trains leave Chicago every morning, Sundays excepted, and every evening, Saturdays excepted.

Trains leave Chicago	9.00 a. m.	9.00 p. m.
Arrive at Joliet	11 25 a. m.	10.28 p. m.
" Peoria	3.30 p. m.	7.00 a. m.
" Bloomington	2.12 "	2.25 "
" Springfield	5.00 "	5.14 "
" Alton	8.15 "	8 10 "
" St. Louis	9 25 "	9.50 "
Trains leave St. Louis	7.00 a. m.	5.00 p. m.
Arrive at Chicago	7.30 p. m.	6.10 a. m.

Making direct connections with all trains for the East and North. Joliet and Wilmington Accommodation leaves Chicago at 4.30 p. m. daily. Wilmington and Joliet Accommodation leaves Chicago 4.00 p.m.; arrive at Chicago 9.35 p.m. Tickets by rail for Peoria, Galesburg, Burlington, Jacksonville, Naples, Quincy, St. Joseph and Atchison. Connections at St. Louis by rail for Jefferson City, Syracuse, Pilot Knob and St. Joseph. Also by steamers every afternoon from St. Louis for Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans, Jefferson City, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Pike's Peak, Weston, Atchison, and St. Joseph. JAMES ROBB, CHARLES CONGDON, Receivers. JOSEPH PRICE, Treasurer. R. B. MASON, Chief Eng'r and Gen'l Supt. C. C. WHEELER, Gen'l Freight Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD. 1860...Summer Arrangement....1860. On and after SUNDAY, April 15th, 1860 two daily trains will leave the Great Central Depot at foot of Lake and South Water streets, 6.35 a.m., Day Express, (Sundays excepted) arriving at Peoria at 3.45 p.m., at Decatur at 3.18 p.m.; at Springfield at 6.10 p.m.; Jacksonville at 1.30 p.m.; Naples at 10.30 p.m.; St. Louis at 7.30 p.m. Cairo at 10.35 p.m.; ...

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILROAD. ... THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. THE DOUBLE TRACK. ... PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD. ... BUFFALO & LAKE HURON RAILWAY. ...

at $1.09, and 5 cars do at $1 11 on track. Corn quiet at 45c. Oats quiet at 29@30c.—*Leader*.

NEW YORK HIDE MARKET, July 25.—Inactivity continues to be the prevailing feature of the market, buyers holding off in anticipation of still lower rates. The only sales we hear of are 300 Buenos Ayres, 24 lb, supposed at 24 cents, in bond, for export; 700 Texas, 25 lb, to go East, 17, less 4 ₩ cent, rejecting bad hides; 100 Country Slaughter, 70 lb, 8, cash; 280 Texas, 23 lb, and 900 South Western, 20 lb, on private terms. The receipts are 5365 from Montevideo, 10,936 Aspinwall, 365 Chili, 2353 Savanilla, &c., 4 Jamaica, 739 Texas, 33 Southern and 100 Constantinople—total 19,885. Total imports since 1st inst., 77,637, including 62,719 from Foreign and 14,918 from Domestic Ports. Stock on hand, 167,800 Buenos Ayres, &c., 27,000 Rio Grande, 10 500 Orinoco, 14,300 San Juan and Chagres, 18,400 Porto Cabello and Laguayra, 4100 Truxillo, 3000 Rio Hache, 7100 Honduras, 2000 Tampico and Matamoras, 1700 Curacoa, 17,000 African, 2000 Maranham and Para, 2700 Brazil, 4300 Savanilla, and Bogota, 8000 Maracaibo, 500 Vera Cruz, 400 Chili, 8500 California, 1200 West India, and 19,000 Texas, New Orleans, and Southern—total 320,000; same time 1859, 191,400; 1858, 112,442; 1857, 161,817.—*Shipping List*.

TOLEDO MARKETS—July 25.—Last night after our report the market stiffened up considerably. Wheat sold 1@2c better, and continued, however, until report this morning, when a revolution took place, and the market closes flat at the lowest prices named. Flour—Sale 100 brls extra p. t. Wheat—Sales 2,000 bu red and 3,000 bu do, after report last night, at $1.02; 3,000 bu red this morning at $1.01; 2,000 bu, 2,000 bu and 2,000 bu, all p. t.; 500 bu M. S. red $1; 5 000 bu red do at same; 2,000 bu M. S. white $1 05; 2,000 bu do, and 2,000 bu do at $1.05; 800 bu do, same. Market closing flat. Corn—Sales before report, 5,000 bu 46c; 5,000 bu 45½c; 5,000 bu p. t; 2,500 bu 44½c; 2,000 bu 45½c; 1,000 bu 45½c. Since report sales have been at lower figures: 686 bu at 45c; 1,400 bu 45c. Closing steady.—*Blade*.

MILWAUKEE MARKETS—July 27—Wheat—Our market was quiet and unchanged. The sales include only 1,500 bu at 90c for No. 1, both in store and delivered, and 95c for Club. The receipts are so light that our millers are obliged to draw upon Michigan and Chicago in order to be able to supply their local customers with flour. The flour market remains at a stand—nothing doing outside of the local trade. The sales of coarse grains include some new rye at 52c, and new barley at 60c.—*Sentinel*.

FREIGHTS TO LIVERPOOL.—New York, July 25. 2,000 bbls Flour at 2s 4½d; 10,000 bush Corn at 8½d; 28,000 bush Wheat at 9½d@9¾; 10,000 bu do in bulk at 9d; 25 tons Oil at 30s. To London—Wheat at 9½d in ships' bags; 500 bbls Flour at 2s 10½d. To Rotterdam—200 bbls Ashes at 30s; 100 bbls Rosin at 3s 6d. To Bremen—100 tons Logwood at 25s.—*Tribune*.

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 27.

FREIGHTS—Inactive. Schr Dreadnought, corn to Oswego, on p. t.; schr Sweepstakes, to arrive, corn to Buffalo at 6c.

FLOUR—Receipts 717 brls. Market unchanged. Sales were: 100 brls good Red Winter at $4 60 del.; 80 brl "Cone Creek" low grade do at $4 35 del; 50 brls "Derwent" new choice spring extra at $5.15 in sacks, (sacks returned,) 400 brls "Cook Co.," good spring extra at $4.75 at mill.

WHEAT—Receipts, 26,019 bu. Shipments, 8,000 bu. Market steady. Sales were 1,000 bu No. 1 white winter at $1.06 in store; 100 bags do at $1.06 on track; 700 bu No. 1 Red at $1 02 f. o. b.; 150 bags choice milling do at $1.02 on track; 1,000 bu No. 1 Red and 800 bags do on track at $1.00; 7,000 bu No. 1 Red at $1.00 in store; 6,000 bu No. 2 do at 95c in store; 4,000 bu No. 1 spring at 93c in store; 2,000 bu do at 92½c in store; 1,500 bu do at 92c in store; 8,000 bu No. 1 Spring at 91c in store; 700 bu rejected spring at 71c in store; 5,010 bu do at 70c in store.

CORN—Receipts, 92,647 bu. Shipments, 116,618 bu. Market declined ½@1c but closed steady at 42½@42¾c in store. Sales were as follows: 5,000 bu river at 44½c afloat; 5,000 bu canal at 44c f. o. b.; 5,000 bu No. 2 canal at 43¾c afloat; 5,000 bu inferior do at 42½c afloat; 13,000 bu No. 1 at 43c in store; 8,000 bu do at 42½c in store; 6,000 bu do at 42¾c in store; 5 000 bu do for next week at 12¾c in store; 35,000 bu No. 2 at 42c in store; 8,000 bu do at 41¾c in store; 6,000 bu do at 41¾c in store; 2,500 bu rejected at 38c in store; 150 bags poor rejected at 35c on track.

OATS—Receipts, 363 bu. No shipments. Market steady. Sales were: 1,000 bu No. 1 at 26c in store; 1,500 bu do at 25c delivered; 1,000 bu do at 21c on track.

RYE—Receipts, 1,781 bu. No shipments. Market ½@1c better. Sales were: 800 bu No. 1 at 52½c in store; 3,000 bu do at 53c in store; 500 bu in bulk and 100 bu in bags at 55c on track.

BARLEY—Receipts, 350 bu. No shipments. Market quiet. Sales were: 200 bu No. 2 at 62c in store; 850 bu inferior at 27c on track.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 158 brls. Market more active at the decline. Sales were: 100 brls at 18c; 100 brls at 17¾c; 60 brls at 17¾c.

EGGS—Market continues steady at 7@7½c per doz.

MILL STUFFS—Bran and Shorts in fair demand; 14 tons good sold at $10 per ton on track.

BUTTER—Choice dairy moderately active at 10½@11c. Firkin steady with a fair shipping demand at 8½@10c.

HIDES—Receipts, 10,449 lbs. Market dull and drooping. Sales to-day were made at the following figures: Green Salted, 6½@7c; Kip, 7½c; Calf, 8c; Dry Salted, 10@11½c; Dry Flint, 13@13½c; Pelts, shearlings, 12½@25c; Lamb skins, 30@50c. Old Wool Pelts, $1@1.37½.

POULTRY—Spring Chickens, $1.75; Old Chickens, $2@2.25; Turkeys, 6@7c ₩ lb.

POTATOES—Market quiet at 20@25c for common and 25@30c for good.

WOOL—Receipts, 18,365 lbs. Market quiet and rather heavy; 3,000 lbs quarter blood sold at 37½c.

LIVE STOCK—The supply of low and inferior Cattle is quite large, and as there are few buyers for this description of stock the market is exceedingly dull and sales hard to effect at the inside quotations. Some lots, after having been on the market for some days without finding a purchaser, have been driven to the country. Hogs are scarce and wanted. Choice Sheep scarce and quick sale. Sales were:

16 Cattle,	averaging	1121 lbs at	$2.25
18	"	1210	2 75
6	"	980	2.12½
13	"	1080	2.25
11	"	1060	1.90
30	"	1240	2.50
9	"	1350	2.75
11	"	1411	2.75
40 Hogs	"	216	5.25
19	"	2 6	5,62½
75 Sheep	"	85	2.12½

Buffalo Market.

By TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, July 27.

FLOUR—Dull and demand confined entirely to the wants of the home trade, at unchanged prices.

GRAIN—Wheat—shade firmer for new. Market closed quiet. Sales 45,000 bush at $1.03 for Canada club; $1.09½@1.10 for new red Ohio and new amber Indiana. Corn—market active and firmer. Sales 92,100 bush at 50½@51c. Oats—shade easier. Sales 2,000 bush at 33c.

WHISKY—Steady. Sales 60 bbls at 19c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Unchanged.

LAKE IMPORTS—2,500 bbls flour, 24,000 bush wheat, 55,000 bush corn, 10,000 bush oats.

HIDES—Dull and heavy without any transactions of moment reported.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull and quotations nominally nominal. Sales 1,075 brls at $19 12@19.15 for new mess; $18.37@18.50 for old mess; $18.50 for thin mess; $16@16.25 for western prime; $20.25 for clear mess; $13@14.25 for new prime; $12 50@12.75 for old prime, the latter for choice, including 500 brls new prime at buyer's option, 90 days on private terms. Beef quiet and steady. Sales 250 brls at $10@4 25 for country prime; $1.75@5 50 for mess; $9@10 50 for repacked mess; $11@12 for extra mess. Prime mess beef dull and nominal at $17@18. Beef hams very dull at $10@15.12 for State and western. Cut meats quiet and steady. Small sales at 8½@9¾c for shoulders, 11c for hams. Lard firm. Sales 225 brls at 12½@13¾, and small lots at 13¾. Smoked meats firm at 9½@10 for shoulders; 12½@13 for hams; 11¼@11¾ for sides. Bacon dull and nominal. Butter quiet at 10@16 for Ohio, 10@19 for state. Cheese in moderate request and market steady at 7@10¾.

GROCERIES—Coffee very firm. Sales 2,300 bags Rio in Philadelphia at 16¼, 50 bags Government Java at 18¾, 50 bags Maracaibo at 14¾, 135 ct. Domingo at 13¾. Molasses moderately active. Sales 51 hhds Cuba muscovado at 28@30, 100 hhds clayed Cuba at 21. Sugar hardly so buoyant but no actual decline can be quoted. Sales 1,600 hhds at 6¾@7¾ for Cuba, 7½@7¾ for Porto Rico, 200 boxes at 7¾@9 for Havana.

STOCKS—Again active and generally better. Chi. & R. I. 75¾, C. & Toledo 37¾, Gal. & Chi. 71¾, Ill. C. scrip, 75, Pac. 117¼, Mich. S. guar. 39¾, M. S. 18¾, M. C. 66¾, Reading 45¾, Harlem 17, N. Y. C. 84, Erie 2 ¾, Mo. 6s 81¾, Canton 20, Del. & Hudson 98¾, Mo. 6s 81¾, Erie 5th bonds 75, Harlem 1st bonds 99¾, Hudson 3d bonds 92.

Oswego Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] OSWEGO, July 27.

FLOUR—Market dull and unchanged. No sales of moment.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and unchanged. Sales 6,000 bush mixed Toledo western at $1.17. Corn quiet at 52@53c. Oats unchanged. Barley in limited demand. Other grains quiet and unchanged.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Unchanged. Flour 28, wheat 8, corn 7½, to New York.

LAKE IMPORTS—156,000 bu wheat, 6,650 bu corn.

CANAL EXPORTS—100 bbls flour, 12,261 bu corn.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED..................July 27.

Stmr Comet, Morgan, Grand Haven, 4 tons mdze, 86 empty barrels, sundries.
Stmr Gazelle, Butlin, Milwaukee, 25 colts rope, 11 empty barrels, 30 sks wool, 7 bxs fish, sundries.
Stmr Lady Elgin, Wilson, Ontonagon, 540 pkgs fish, 5 bbls beef, sundries.
Prop Racine, Pratt, Buffalo, 600 bags malt, 75 hhds sugar, 134 bbls molasses, 20 bxs tin, 59 pkgs mdze, 60 bxs herring, 46 bxs tin, 2 bbls sugar, 7 bags coffee, 405 pkgs fish.
Prop Ogdensburgh, Richardson, Ogdensburgh, 183 tons mdze, 165 bxs glass, 2 threshing machines, 744 bars iron.
Prop Adriatic, Snow, Buffalo, 500 brls salt, 15 tons stores, 60 tons mdze, 3 tons household goods.
Prop R H Foss, Wilson, Muskegon, 100 m lumber 30 m lath
Prop C Mears, Ryerson, Little Sauble, 120 m lumber, 35 pkgs fish.
Schr Transit, Richardson Manitowoc, 600 m shingles, 20 m square timber.
Schr Heligoland, Ackerman, Muskegon, 80 m lumber.
Schr Caledonia, Bangs, Lunenburgh, 86 cds wood.
Schr S Butes, Cameron, Muskegon, 128 m lumber.
Schr Odin, Walton, Muskegon, 90 m lumber, 60 m lath.
Schr Altair, Kyle, Buffalo, 213 m lumber.
Schr A Baensch, Olson, Sand Bay, 103 cds wood.
Schr E L Gray, Jackway, Grand Haven, 100 m lumber.
Schr Farmer, Thompson, Port Ulio, 56 cds wood.
Schr Wm Aldrich, Simpson, two Rivers, 400 m lath, 230 telegraph poles, 11 m shingles, 220 doz pails.
Schr Wyoming, Furlong, Grand River, 90 m lumber, 500 m shingles, 25 m lath.
Schr Denmark, Fitzgerald, Green Bay, 135 m lumber, 80 m lath.
Schr Magic, McNamara, Grand River, 90 m lumber.
Schr Dle Vernon, Ryan, Presque Isle, 170 tons coal.
Schr Pioneer, Thompson, Bennett's Pier, 61 cds wood.
Schr Mary, Holland, Grand Haven, 60 cds slabs.
Schr Harrison, Lee, Manistee, 15 m lumber, 35 m timber.
Schr E M Shoyer, Dobney, Muskegon, 120 m lumber.
Schr Monsoon, McGraw, do 78,500 lumber, 218 m lath.
Schr Telegraph, Hayes, White River, 75 m lumber.
Schr Enterprise, Peterson, Wilkinson's Pier, 70 cds wood.
Schr St Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan, 45 cds wood, 30 m staves, 97 pkgs fish.
Schr Charlotte, Fulton, Banks' Pier, 100 cds wood.

CLEARED..................July 27.

Stmr Gazelle, Butlin, Milwaukee, 5 bbls whisky, 80 empty bbls, 26 bbls apples, 1 horse, sundries.
Prop Kenosha, Lacey, Collingwood, 661 bbls flour, 5 bbls beef, 153 bags corn.
Prop R H Foss, Wilson, Muskegon.
Prop C Mears, Ryerson, Point Sauble.
Prop Mendota, Crosby, Buffalo, 18,000 bu wheat, 422 bbls highwines, 160 bbls flour, 200 kegs butter, 20 tons sundries.
Brig Jesse Hoyt, Sanford, Buffalo, 19,500 bu corn.
Schr Argo, Abraham, Green Bay.
Schr S Bates, Cannon, Muskegon.
Schr Odin, Walton, do
Schr E G G —y, Jackway, Grand Haven.
Schr Wm Aldrich, Simpson, Two Rivers.
Schr Wyoming, Furlong, Grand River.
Schr Denmark, Fitzgerald, Green Bay.
Schr Magic, McNamara, Grand Huron.
Schr Pioneer, Thompson, Presque Isle.
Schr Mary, Holland, Grand Haven.
Schr Harrison, Lee, Manistee.
Schr E M Shoyer, Dobney, Muskegon.
Schr Dreadnaught, Doggett, Oswego, 18,500 bu corn.
Schr Monsoon, McGraw, Muskegon.
Schr Morning Light, Hart, Buffalo, 11,891 bu corn.
Schr Starlight, Muir, do 16,951 do
Schr D'mle, Slauson, McComber, Buffalo, 12 891 bu corn.
Schr Fairchild, Harry, Buffalo, 17,000 bu corn.
Schr S Robinson, Finley, Ogdensburgh, 15,000 bu corn.
Schr Kenosha, Morley, Buffalo, 17,000 bu corn.
Schr Walbus, Story, do 17,000 do
Schr Charlotte, Fulton, Banks's Pier.

Miscellaneous.

WRECK OF THE A. S. FIELD.—The wreck of the tug A. S. Field has been raised, and everything of any value taken from her. It was at first contemplated to rebuild her, but what is left is in such a shattered condition as to be of no further use whatever.—[Detroit Tribune.

SAILOR HURT.—A sailor by the name of Owen Oalogoty serving in the capacity of second mate of the propeller Potomac, yesterday on her passage up from Buffalo fell from within six feet of the mast-head to the deck, seriously though it is thought not dangerously injuring him. Tho' badly bruised no bones were broken. He was taken to the Marine Hospital.—[Ibid.

COLLISION.—The schooner Gerrit Smith, of Oswego, which passed up on the 21st inst, collided with the propeller Tonawanda, bound down, in Saginaw Bay. The vessel was so severely damaged as to prevent her from proceeding on her voyage. Her head-gear was carried away and her bows stove in. She reached the St. Clair river and from thence was towed to this city by the Reindeer, and is now under going the necessary repairs at Campbell & Owen's dry dock. Her repairs will cost nearly or quite $400.

Passed Detroit, July 27.

UP—Preps Montgomery, Eagle, Wisconsin, Potomac, Missouri, City of Madison; schrs Rival, E Allen, Falcon, Mediterranean, H L Lansing, San Jacinto, H O Winslow, Cadet, Hanover, R B Lummis.

DOWN—Props Allegheny, Mineral Rock; brig Geo Worth, Belle; schrs Tarry Not, Hamlet, Pauline, Carthaginian, Industry, Jupiter, H H Brown, J F Tracy.

Lake Ports.

CLEVELAND, July 25.—Arrived, bark Invincible, Bowman, Chicago.

BUFFALO, July 25.—Arrived, propellers Wenona, Cookey, Chicago; Queen of the Lakes, Briggs, do; brigs Young America, Doyle, do; E W C—, Moore, do; Fanny Gardner, Sullivan, do; schrs A C Rayner, Jameson, do; Tom Dyer, Stringteman, do; Sacramento Lambert, do. Cleared, propeller Free State, Rounds, do; bark Sunshine, Kirby, do; brigs Young America, Doyle, do; Fanny Gardner Sullivan, do, schrs P Hannah, Canfield, do; Tom Dyer, Stringteman, do; A C Rayner, Johnson, do; Ostrich, Pratt, do.

OSWEGO, July 25.—Arrived, schrs Algerine, Faulkner, Chicago. Cleared, propeller Buckeye, Rosman, do.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED..................July 26.

American Star, Lasalle, 5,000 bu corn.
Amazon, Lasalle, 4,800 bu corn.
Morris, Morris, 700 bu corn, 502 bu rye, 94 bu wheat.
Humboldt, Morris, 4,648 bu corn, 115 bu oats.
Fame, Kankakee, 1,193 bu corn, 78 bu wheat, 264 lbs lard.
D V Bell, Lockport, 3,521 bu corn, 790 bu wheat.
Resolute, Athens, 90 cy r stone.
Aquila, Willow Springs, 102,500 lbs ice.
Asia, Lasalle, 6,600 bu corn.

CLEARED..................July 27.

Resolute, Athens, light.
Col. Fremont, Morris, light.
Portland, Morris, light.
W H Brown, Lockport, light.
Sultan, Ottawa, light.
J L Alexander, Lockport, light.
Hall Spiller, Morris, 16,828 ft lumber, 1000 heads, 4,000 staves, 10 m lath.
Altona, Morris, light.

The match between Albany Co. and St. George's Cricket Clubs commenced to-day. Albany had made 100 on the first innings, with 2 wickets to go down at the date of our report. The match would be played till sundown and continued to-morrow.

The shipment of specie for Europe to-morrow will reach a million and a half.

Last night the land near Fort Bergen Hill on the line of the Jersey City and Bergen Horse Railroad, sunk 10 feet, probably owing to an under strata of quicksand.

The Canada Excursionists at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, MO., July 27.—A party of seventy international excursionists, composed of Members of Parliament, various public officers, members of the press, prominent agriculturists, and others from the Canadas arrived here this afternoon and visited some of the principal objects of interest.

The excursion was projected by J. B. Austin of the Illinois Central Railroad in connection with the Michigan Central and other Western Roads. The party leave for Iowa, on a special train, this evening.

Great Discussion at Bloomington.

BLOOMINGTON, July 27.—The Republicans and Democrats held a joint discussion meeting here to-night. About 150 Wide Awakes, from Pontiac and Livingston, were present. After parading the streets for a time, the crowd moved to Dimmitt's Grove, one mile from town, where speeches were made by Allen and Ficklin, Democrats, and Trumbull and Lovejoy, Republicans. The meeting was very harmonious. About 4,000 persons were on the ground. Everything passed off well. To-night the Wide Awakes are out 200 strong. Republican meeting at Phœnix Hall.

Vermont Democratic Convention.

MONTPELIER, VT., July 16.—The Democratic State Convention to nominate State officers and electors at large, was held here to-day. P. Dillingham, of Waterbury, President. Messrs. E. M. Smalley of Burlington, and Wyman of St. Albans, were appointed Secretaries. John G. Saxe of Burlington was nominated for Governor, Stephen Thomas of West Farley for Lieutenant Governor, Jas. S. Thurston of Montpelier for Treasurer.

Electors at Large—Isaac Bowditch and P. Dillingham of Waterbury.

A Bride of a Week Murdered by Her Husband.

ALBANY, July 27.—An Irishman by the name of Thomas Whalen, who had been married only about a week, residing near Stillwater Bridge, in the town of Schaghticoke, Rensselaer county, brutally murdered his wife on Monday night by cutting her in the most horrible manner with a knife. He had quarreled with her. Accusing her of a crime against her nature, and she denying it, he deliberately butchered her. He is in jail.

News from New York.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The rain storm yesterday afternoon did considerable damage in this vicinity. Several houses were unroofed in Williamsburgh, and one struck by lightning, and the inmate, Mrs. Perry, killed. A barn at New Lots was also struck and burned.

A New Yorker named Purple was stabbed twice with a bowie knife at the St. Nicholas Hotel last evening by a Philadelphian named Hyman.

U. S. Court of Pleas.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The U. S. Court of Pleas has adjourned to meet on the 15th October next. But little business has been transacted during the present year, counsel in many cases preferring to await definite action on the Congressional bill proposing to so change the law and establishing that tribunal so as to make its awards final, and giving the right to appeal.

The Royal Party.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 27.—The Prince of Wales' squadron passed Cape Race at 5 o'clock last evening. The Hero was boarded by the news yacht of the Associated Press, and messages from the squadron were landed, but not till 9 o'clock this morning, the crew having lost their way in a thick fog.

Death from an Attempt to Procure Abortion.

BOSTON, Mass., July 27.—Martha Allen, aged 17 years, died suddenly at Mansfield, and was buried. Circumstances led the Coroner of the county to order the body disinterred, when it was found that she had died from an attempt to procure an abortion. An inquest will be held to-morrow. A young man in Mansfield has been arrested as instigator of the crime.

Three Men Killed by Lightning.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—The factory of Potts & Keitt, at Cooper's Point, near Camden, was demolished during the thunder storm yesterday afternoon. Eight men took shelter from the rain therein, of whom three were killed, and three seriously injured. The building was 200 feet long. Loss $4,000.

The Rivers and the Weather.

LA SALLE, Ill., July 27.—River 19 inches on bars and stationary.

DUBUQUE, July 27.—River, 2½ feet; weather cloudy; thermometer 74 deg.

BURLINGTON, July 27.—River falling; wind east; clear; thermometer 85 deg.

Homicide.

CONCORD, N. H., July 27.—This morning at 5 o'clock, James S. Williams, a merchant of Warren, N. H., stepped up to Mr. Wyatt and shot him through the heart with a revolver. He died instantly. Williams is under arrest. The cause was trouble about an old debt. Wyatt was a young man, and leaves a wife and one child.

Railroad Accident.

BRUNSWICK, Me., July 26.—The passenger train from Portland, on the Kenebeck and Portland Railroad, was thrown off the track near Bowdoinham. Two passenger cars were turned over. No one killed. One man had an arm broken, and several others were injured more or less.

Anticipated Gathering.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 27.—Arrangements are being made for an immense meeting, by the Republicans of this place on August 30th, to be addressed by Hon. Owen Lovejoy, Hon. Jas. Wilson, of Ind., and other eminent speakers.

Steamer Arrived.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The steamship Vigo, from Liverpool 11th, arrived this morning. News anticipated.

Flouring and Grist Mills,
And Dealers in
DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS,
Smut Mills and Separators,
Separators for Warehouses,
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MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.

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would call the attention of purchasers to their superior merits of style, workmanship and powers; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

6 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,250
8 " "	575	25 " "	1,500
10 " "	715	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	900	35 " "	2,100
16 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.
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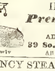

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..., Lawrence Co..........Friday, " 10
..., Richland Co..........Saturday, " 11
Flora, Clay Co..........Monday, " 13
Newton, Jasper Co..........Tuesday, " 14
Greenup, Cumberland Co..........Wednesday, " 15
Effingham, Effingham Co..........Thursday, " 16
Salem, Marion Co..........Friday, " 17
Vandalia, Fayette Co..........Thursday, " 23
Nashville, Washington Co..........Friday, " 24
Tamaroa, Perry Co..........Saturday, " 25
Jonesboro, Union Co..........Monday, " 27
Pulaski, Pulaski Co..........Tuesday, " 28
Cairo, Alexander Co..........Wednesday, " 29
Mt. Carmel, Wabash Co..........Thursday, Sept. 4
Albion, Edwards Co..........Wednesday, " 5
Fairfield, Wayne Co..........Thursday, " 6
Carmi, White Co..........Friday, " 7
Shawneetown, Gallatin Co..........Saturday, " 8
Mt. Vernon, Jefferson Co..........Wednesday, " 12
Pittsfield, Pike Co..........Saturday, " 21
Rushville, Schuyler Co..........Tuesday, " 25
Vermont, Fulton Co..........Wednesday, " 26
Carthage, Hancock Co..........Friday, " 28
Galesburg, Knox Co..........Saturday, " 29
Oquawka, Henderson Co..........Tuesday, Oct. 2
Dixon, Lee Co..........Thursday, " 4
Galena, Jo Daviess Co..........Saturday, " 6
Lacon, Marshall Co..........Friday, " 12
Washington, Tazewell Co..........Tuesday, " 16
Havana, Mason Co..........Thursday, " 18

Hon. Fred. Hassaurek's Appointments.

The Hon. Frederick Hessaurek, Republican elector at large of Ohio, will address his fellow-citizens in Illinois, in the German language, at the following times and places:

Springfield..........Saturday, July 28th.
Decatur..........Monday, July 30th.
Galena..........Tuesday, July 31st.

Leonard Swett's Appointments.

The Hon. Leonard Swett, Republican nominee for Presidential Elector, will address the people on political topics at the following times and places:

Clinton..........Saturday, July 28.
Vandalia..........Wednesday, August 1.
Centralia..........Thursday, August 2
Fairfield..........Saturday, August 4.
Burnt Prairie..........Monday, August 6.
Carmi..........Tuesday, August 7
Grayville..........Wednesday, August 8
Mt. Carmel..........Thursday, August 9.
Albion..........Friday, August 10.
Olney..........Saturday, August 11.

Judge Kellogg's Appointments.

Hon. William Kellogg, Republican candidate for Congress in the IVth District, will address the people on political topics at the following times and places:

Blandinsville..........Friday, July 27
Bushnell..........Saturday, " 28
Chillicothe..........Tuesday, " 31
Washington..........Wednesday, Aug. 1

Hon. Owen Lovejoy's Appointments.

Mr. Lovejoy will address the people as follows:

Clinton..........Saturday, July 28.
Urbana..........Tuesday, July 31.
Middleport..........Wednesday, Aug. 1.
Danville..........Friday, Aug. 3.
Paxton, Ford Co..........Monday, Aug. 6.
Springfield..........Wednesday, Aug. 8.

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THE LIFE OF
ABRAHAM LINCOLN
IS NOW READY,

In a large compact Pamphlet, of 32 double column pages!
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In style so compact and cheap that, with suitable effort on the part of clubs, canvassers and local committees, it may reach every voter in the Northwest before the campaign is over. It has been prepared with great care, and it may be considered a reliable and authentic narrative of the life of ABRAHAM LINCOLN,—embracing also the substance of his debates with Mr. Douglas in 1858, and a complete history of that remarkable campaign. Read the following table of

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CHAPTER I—EARLY LIFE.
His Ancestors—His Grandfather Murdered by Indians—His Parents—An Only Child—Adverse Circumstances—Western Schools Fifty Years Ago—Removal to Indiana—Work in the Forest—Letter-Writer for the Neighborhood—The First Great Sorrow—Character of his Mother—Reading the Scriptures—Self Educated—First Books—Interesting Incident of Boyhood—Early Western Frontiers.

CHAPTER II—REMOVAL TO ILLINOIS.
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CHAPTER III—FLAT BOATMAN — CLERK — INDIAN FIGHTER.
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CHAPTER IV—MERCHANT—SURVEYOR—LEGISLATOR—LAWYER.
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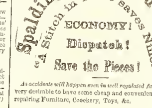

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The Lieutenant-Governorship.

ILLINOISTOWN, July 8, 1860.

SIR:—Observing that the Republican Convention of the Third Congressional District, recently assembled at Bloomington, refused to ratify the recommendation of my name by the State Central Committee, as a candidate for the office of Lieutenant-Governor, I desire to say that I cannot consider myself the candidate of the Republican party of Illinois, while so large and respectable a portion of the State make objection thereto.

Yours respectfully, VITAL JARROT.

Hon. N. B. Judd, Chairman Republican State Central Committee, Chicago.

A Call.

The delegates chosen to nominate State officers at the Republican State Convention, held at Decatur on the 9th of May last, are requested to re-assemble in the city of Springfield, on Wednesday the eighth day of August, to nominate a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, to fill the vacancy created by the declination of the Hon. Francis A. Hoffmann.

N. B. JUDD, Chairman.	DAVID DAVIS,
WM H. BROWN,	CHAS B. LAWRENCE,
JULIAN S. RUMSEY,	WM. A. GRIMSHAW,
EBENEZER PECK,	M. H. CASSELL,
GUSTAVUS KOERNER,	THOS. A. MARSHALL,
CORNELIUS LANSING,	WILLARD C. FLAGG,
CALVIN TRUESDALE,	JOHN T. JONES.

Republican State Central Committee.
HORACE WHITE, Secretary.

Dated at Springfield, July 10, 1860.

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Hundreds of cases of disease, especially those resulting from the scrofulous diathesis, have been cured by their use.

☞ In skin diseases—even in confirmed *leprosy*—the waters have been signally successful.

Opinions of medical and scientific gentlemen are given in the circulars. The following eminent gentlemen speak in strong terms of the medical value of these waters:—Prof. EMMONS, T. ROMEYN BECK, M. D., of Albany; JAS. MCNAUGHTON, M. D., of Albany; EDWARD SPRING, M.D., of New York; DR R. CAMPBELL of Pittsfield, Mass.; DR. J. S. SOAULER, of Lockport, N. Y. They recommend the waters confidently. *Dr. Spring relates to a case of chronic diarrhea of several years' standing, which was cured by the use of the water*. Dr. Beck says, "I am satisfied that these waters are highly valuable as medicinal agents." Dr. Campbell says, "They must be highly beneficial for all chronic diseases of the stomach and bowels."

Dr. S. P. WHITE read a paper on the subject of these Waters, before the Academy of Physicians, in the city of New York, in which he states that the Waters possess decidedly tonic, refrigerant, and astringent properties; and that the class of diseases to which they are more particularly adapted, are chronic affections of the *digestive* and *urinary organs*, and some of the cutaneous diseases; *chronic dyspepsia; chronic diarrhea; chronic dysentery; chronic diuresis; chronic cystitis; diabetes*; cases of passive hemorrhage, such as *Purpura hemorrhagica*, and the colliquative sweats of Hectic Fever. The Water may also be often used with advantage, he says, in cases of *low typhoid fevers*, in *convalescence from protracted fevers*, to excite the appetite and promote digestion; in diarrhea, particularly such as are dependent on a relaxed or ulcerated state of the mucous membrane of the intestines. In calculous affections, or *lithiasis*, attended with phosphatic sediments, it is the suitable remedy, being preferable to muriatic acid, as being more solvent, and less apt by continued use to disorder the stomach. In febrile diseases it can be used, properly diluted, as a refrigerant to diminish thirst and preternatural heat. In skin diseases—In those forms of dyspepsia connected with the alkaline condition of the stomach, as in *Pyrosis*, or water brash, it will prove better than hydrochloric acid. In cases of *Colica pictonum*, and other injurious consequences arising from the action of lead, this water will prove to be an admirable antidote. In *chronic pharyngitis, laryngitis, chronic mucous catarrh*, and *humid asthma, chronic ophthalmia* (externally) as a gargle in *ulcerated sore throats*, in cases of salivation, and in *leucorrhea* and *gleet*, and also in *piles*.

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je14-c554-eSntly

MOUNT VERNON BANK, IN PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.—In accordance with a decree of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, &c., within and for the County of Providence, entered June 30, A. D. 1860, the undersigned hereby give notice that the time within which the holders of the bills of the Mount Vernon Bank were required to present the same to him is hereby extended to January 1, A. D. 1861, and that certificates of deposit will be by him given to all persons presenting, at his office, No. 25 Weybosset street, Providence, R. I., any bills of said Bank, prior to that time.

Also, that a dividend of fifty cents on each dollar was ordered by said Court on all bills deposited with the Receiver on or before July 1, A. D. 1860, and that said dividend is now payable at the office of the Receiver on presentation of the certificates of deposit heretofore given.

CHARLES F. BROWNELL,
Receiver of Mount Vernon Bank.
Providence, July 2, 1860. jy17c747-1t-eow-tojal,'61

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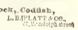
GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after FRIDAY, June 1st, 1860, trains will leave Wells street depot, Chicago, as follows, Sundays excepted:
9.45 am and 9:30 pm for Dixon, Polo, Fulton, Cedar Rapids, and intermediate points.
At 9:45 am and 9:30 pm for Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Warren, Galena, Dunleith, Dubuque, and intermediate places.
4:00 pm for Elgin, Belvidere, Rockford, and intermediate points.
At 5:30 pm for Geneva, Elgin, and intermediate places.
Passengers for Beloit and Janesville will take the 9.45 am. train.
Passengers for McHenry, Richmond, Geneva Lake and intermediate points, will take the 4:00 pm. train.
☞ Sleeping cars on night trains.
E. B. TALCOTT, Gen'l Supt.
H. H. PORTER Gen Passenger Agent 1y

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD—For Milwaukee, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Morning Line—At 9.45 a. m., arrives at Milwaukee at 1.15 p. m., and La Crosse same evening.
Evening Line—At 9.00 p. m., arriving at Milwaukee at 12.50 a. m., and La Crosse at 10.30 a. m.
Both of the above trains connect at La Crosse with Packet Boats for Saint Paul.
Waukegan Train leaves Waukegan at 7 a. m., arrives at Chicago at 8.30 a. m. Leaves Chicago at 5.25 p. m., arrives at Waukegan at 6 55 p. m.
Train leaves Milwaukee at 10.15 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Arrives at Chicago at 1.55 p. m., and 6.45 p. m.
April 30th, 1860. S. C. BALDWIN, Supt.

CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD LINE—Passenger Trains depart from and arrive at Chicago as follows:
Day Express and Mail leaves at 9:15 am. and arrives 6:15 pm. (Sundays excepted.)
Night Express leaves at 9.15 pm., (Saturdays excepted), arrives at 6:00 am (Mondays excepted.)
Joliet Accommodation, 5.00 pm—Sundays excepted.
JOHN F. TRACY, Gen. Sup't.
W. L. St. John Gen. Agent. de27



FRESH SHAD,
Halibut, Haddock, Codfish,
EELS, SMELTS, &c. L. B. PLATT & CO.,
fe16 ... Randolph street

at $1.09, and 5 cars do at $1 11 on track. Corn quiet at 45c. Oats quiet at 20@30c.—*Leader.*

NEW YORK HIDE MARKET, July 25.—Inactivity continues to be the prevailing feature of the market, buyers holding off in anticipation of still lower rates. The only sales we hear of are 500 Buenos Ayres, 24 lb, supposed at 24 cents, in bond, for export; 700 Texas, 25 lb, to go (?) at 17, less 4 ℔ cent rejecting bad hides; 100 Country Slaughter, 70 lb, 8, cash; 280 Texas, 23 lb, and 900 South Western, 20 lb, on private terms. The receipts are 5365 from Montevideo, 1,856 Aspinwall, 365 Chili, 2353 Savanilla, &c., 1 Jamaica, 789 Texas, 33 Southern and 100 Coastwise—total 10,885. Total imports since 1st inst., 77,637, including 62,719 from Foreign and 14,918 from Domestic Ports. Stock on hand, 167,800 Buenos Ayres, &c., 27,000 Rio Grande, 10,500 Orinoco, 14,300 San Juan and Chagres, 13,400 Porto Cabello and Laguayra, 1100 Truxillo, 3000 Rio Hache, 7100 Honduras, 2000 Tampico and Matamoras, 1700 Curacao, 17,000 African, 2000 Maranham and Para, 2700 Brazil, 4500 Savanilla, and Bogota, 8900 Maracaibo, 500 Vera Cruz, 400 Chili, 8300 California, 1200 West India, and 19,000 Texas, New Orleans, and Southern—total 320,000; same time 1859, 191,400; 1858, 142,442; 1857, 161,817.—*Shipping List.*

TOLEDO MARKETS—July 25.—Last night after our report the market stiffened up considerably. Wheat sold 1@2c better, and continued, however, until report this morning, when a revolution took place, and the market closes flat at the lowest prices named. Flour—Sale 100 brls extra p. t. Wheat—Sales 2,000 bu red and 3,000 bu do, after report last night, at $1.02; 3,000 bu red this morning at $1.01; 2,000 bu, 2,000 bu and 2,000 bu, all p. t.; 500 bu M. S. red $1; 5 000 bu red do at same; 2,000 bu M. S. white $1.05; 2,000 bu do, and 2,000 bu do at $1.05; 800 bu do, same. Market closing flat. Corn—Sales before report, 5,000 bu 46c; 5,000 bu 45½c; 5,000 bu p. t.; 2,500 bu 44½c; 2,000 bu 45½c; 1,000 bu 45½c. Since report sales have been at lower figures: 686 bu at 45c; 1,400 bu 45c. Closing steady.—*Blade.*

MILWAUKEE MARKETS—July 27—Wheat—Our market was quiet and unchanged. The sales include only 1,500 bu at 96c for No. 1, both in store and delivered, and 95c for Club. The receipts are so light that our millers are obliged to draw upon Michigan and Chicago in order to be able to supply their local customers with flour. The flour market remains at a stand—nothing doing outside of the local trade. The sales of coarse grains include some new rye at 52c, and new barley at 60c.—*Sentinel.*

FREIGHTS TO LIVERPOOL.—New York, July 25. 2,000 bbls Flour at 2s 4½d; 10,000 bush Corn at 9½d; 28,000 bush Wheat at 9½d@9¾; 10,000 bu do in bulk at 9d; 25 tons Oil at 30s. To London—Wheat at 9½d in ships' bags; 500 bbls Flour at 2s 10½d. To Rotterdam—200 bbls Ashes at 30s; 100 bbls Rosin at 3s 6d. To Bremen—100 tons Logwood at 25s.—*Tribune.*

Daily Review of Chicago Market.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 27.

FREIGHTS—Inactive. Schr Dreadnought, corn to Oswego, on p. t.; schr Sweepstakes, to arrive, corn to Buffalo at 5c.

FLOUR—Receipts 717 brls. Market unchanged. Sales were: 100 brls good Red Winter at $4.80 del.; 50 brls "Cone Creek" low grade do at $4 35 del.; 50 brls "Derwent" new choice spring extra at $5.15 in sacks, (sacks returned,) 100 brls "Cook Co.," good spring extra at $4.75 at mill.

WHEAT—Receipts, 26,019 bu. Shipments, 8,000 bu. Market steady. Sales were 1,000 bu No. 1 white winter at $1.06 in store; 160 bags do at $1.06 on track; 700 bu No. 1 Red at $1 03 f. o. b.; 150 bags choice milling do at $1.02 on track; 1,800 bu No. 1 Red and 300 bags do on track at $1.00, 7,000 bu No. 1 Red at $1.00 in store; 6,000 bu No. 2 do at 95c in store; 4,000 bu No. 1 spring at 93c in store; 2,000 bu do at 92½c in store; 1,600 bu do at 92c in store; 8,000 bu No. 1 Spring at 91c in store; 700 bu rejected spring at 71c in store; 1,000 bu do at 70c in store.

CORN—Receipts, 92,647 bu. Shipments, 116,618 bu. Market declined ½@1c but closed steady at 42½@42¾c in store. Sales were as follows: 5,000 bu river at 44½c afloat; 5,000 bu canal at 44c f. o. b.; 5,000 bu No. 2 canal at 43½c afloat; 5,000 bu inferior do at 42½c afloat; 13,000 bu No. 1 at 43c in store; 8,000 bu do at 42½c in store; 6,000 bu do at 42¾ in store; 5,000 bu do for next week at 42½c in store; 35,000 bu No. 2 at 42 in store; 8,000 bu do at 41½c in store; 6,000 bu do at 41½c in store; 2,500 bu rejected at 38c in store; 150 bags poor rejected at 35c on track.

OATS—Receipts, 363 bu. No shipments. Market steady. Sales were: 1,000 bu No. 1 at 26c in store; 1,500 bu do at 25c delivered; 1,000 bu do at 27c on track.

RYE—Receipts, 1,781 bu. No shipments. Market ½@1c better. Sales were: 800 bu No. 1 at 52½c in store; 3,000 bu do at 53c in store; 600 bu in bulk and 400 bu in bags at 55c on track.

BARLEY—Receipts, 360 bu. No shipments. Market quiet. Sales were: 200 bu No. 2 at 32c in store; 850 bu inferior at 27c on track.

HIGHWINES—Receipts, 158 brls. Market more active at the decline. Sales were: 100 brls at 18c; 100 brls at 17½c; 50 brls at 17¾c.

EGGS—Market continues steady at 7@7½c per doz.

MILL STUFFS—Bran and Shorts in fair demand; 14 tons good sold at $10 per ton on track.

BUTTER—Choice dairy moderately active at 10½@11c. Firkin steady with a fair shipping demand at 8½@10c.

HIDES—Receipts, 10,449 lbs. Market dull and drooping. Sales to-day were made at the following figures: Green Salted, 6½@7c; Kip, 7½c; Calf, 8c; Dry Salted, 10@11½c; Dry Flint, 13@13½c; Pelts, shearlings, 12½@25c; Lamb skins, 30@50c. Old Wool Pelts, $1@1.37½.

POULTRY—Spring Chickens, $1.75; Old Chickens, $2@2.25; Turkeys, 6@7c ℔ lb.

POTATOES—Market quiet at 20@25c for common and 25@30c for good.

WOOL—Receipts, 18,365 lbs. Market quiet and rather heavy; 3,000 lbs quarter blood sold at 37½c.

LIVE STOCK—The supply of low and inferior Cattle is quite large, and as there are few buyers for this description of stock the market is exceedingly dull and sales hard to effect at the inside quotations. Some lots, after having been on the market for some days without finding a purchaser, have been driven to the country. Hogs are scarce and wanted. Choice Sheep scarce and quick sale. Sales were:

16 Cattle,	averaging	1121 lbs	at	$2.25
18	..	1716	..	2 75
8	..	980	..	2.12½
13	..	1050	..	2.25
11	..	1060	..	2.25
30	..	1140	..	1.90
9	..	1350	..	2.50
11	..	1441	..	2.75
40 Hogs	..	216	..	3 25
19	..	2.6	..	5.62½
75 Sheep	..	85	..	5.00
				8.12½

Buffalo Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] BUFFALO, July 27.

FLOUR—Dull and demand confined entirely to the wants of the home trade, at unchanged prices.

GRAIN—Wheat—shade firmer for new. Market closed quiet. Sales 26,000 bush at $1.03 for Canada club; $1.09½@1.10 for new red Ohio and new amber Indiana. Corn—market active and firmer. Sales 92,100 bush at 50½@51c. Oats—shade easier. Sales 2,000 bush at 33c.

WHISKY—Steady. Sales 10 bbls at 19c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Unchanged.

LAKE IMPORTS—2,500 bbls flour, 21,000 bush wheat, 55,000 bush corn, 10,000 bu oats.

HIDES—Dull and heavy without any transactions of moment reported.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull and quotations mostly nominal. Sales 1,015 brls at $19 12@19.25 for new mess; $18.37@18.50 for old mess; $18.00 for thin mess; $16@16.25 for western prime; $10.25 for clear mess; $12@11.25 for new prime; $12 50@12 75 for old prime, the latter of choice, including 500 brls new prime at buyer's option, 90 days on private terms. Beef quiet and steady. Sales 200 brs at $4@4.25 for country prime; $4 75@5.50 for mess; $8@10 50 for repacked mess; $11@12 for extra mess. Prime mess beef dull and nominal at $17@18. Beef hams very dull at $10@15.12 for state and western. Cut meats quiet and steady. Small sales at 8½@8¾c for shoulders, 11c for hams. Lard firm. Sales 225 brls at 13¼@13½, and small lots at 13¾. Smoked meats firm at 9¼@9½ for shoulders; 12½@13 for hams; 11½@11¾ for sides. Bacon dull and nominal. Butter quiet at 10@16 for Ohio, 10@19 for state. Cheese in moderate request and market steady at 7@10½.

GROCERIES—Coffee very firm. Sales 2,300 bags Rio in Philadelphia at 15¼, 60 bags Government Java at 18½, 50 bags Maracaibo at 14½, 135 St. Domingo at 15¾. Molasses moderately active. Sales 61 hhds Cuba muscovado at 26@30, 800 hhds clayed Cuba at 25. Sugar hardly so buoyant but no actual decline can be quoted. Sales 1,500 hhds at 6½@7½ for Cuba, 7¼@7¾ for Porto Rico, 200 boxes at 7¾@9 for Havana.

STOCKS—Again active and generally better. Chi. & R. I. 75½, C. & Toledo 37¾, Gal. & Chi. 71½, Ill. C. scrip, 75, Pan. 121½, Mich. S. guar. 35¾, M. S. 18½, M. C. 66¾, Reading 45¼, Harlem 17, N. Y. C. 85½, Mo. 6s 81¾, Erie 5th 80, Canton 23, Del. & Hudson 96¼, Mo. 6s 81¾, Erie 5th bonds 75, Harlem 1st bonds 99¾, Hudson 3d bonds 93.

Oswego Market.

BY TELEGRAPH.] OSWEGO, July 27.

FLOUR—Market dull and unchanged. No sales of moment.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet and unchanged. Sales 6,000 bush mixed Toledo western at $1.17. Corn quiet at 52@53c. Oats unchanged. Barley in limited demand. Other grains quiet and unchanged.

LAKE IMPORTS—156,000 bu wheat, 6,610 bu corn.

CANAL EXPORT—100 bbls flour, 12,261 bu corn.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.............. July 27.

Stmr Comet, Morgan, Grand Haven, 4 tons mdze, 66 empty barrels, sundries.
Stmr Gazelle, Bullin, Milwaukee, 25 coils rope, 11 empty barrels, 30 sks wool, 7 bxs fish, sundries.
Stmr Lady Elgin, Wilson, Ontonagon, 540 pkgs fish, 5 bbls beef, sundries.
Prop Racine, Pratt, Buffalo, 500 bags malt, 75 hhds sugar, 134 bbls molasses, 40 bxs tin, 59 pkgs mdze, 80 bxs herring, 45 bxs tin, 2 bbls sugar, 7 bags coffee, 405 pkgs fish.
Prop Ogdensburgh, Richardson, Ogdensburgh, 133 tons mdze, 165 bxs glass, 2 threshing machines, 744 bars iron.
Prop Adriatic, Snow, Buffalo, 500 brls salt, 15 tons stores, 68 tons marble, 3 tons household goods.
Prop R H Foss, Wilson, Muskegon, 100 m lumber, 30 m lath.
Prop C Mears, Ryerson, Little Sauble, 120 m lumber, 35 pkgs fish.
Schr Transit, Richardson, Manitowoc, 600 m shingles, 20 m square timber.
Schr Heligoland, Ackerman, Muskegon, 80 m lumber.
Schr Caledonia, Bangs, Lunenburgh, 86 cds wood.
Schr S Bates, Cameron, Muskegon, 138 m lumber.
Schr Odin, Walton, Muskegon, 90 m lumber, 60 m lath.
Schr Allair, Kyle, Buffalo, 253 m lumber.
Schr A Baensch, Olson, Sand Bay, 100 cds wood.
Schr E L Gray, Jackway, Grand Haven, 100 m lumber.
Schr Farmer, Thompson, Port Ulao, 56 cds wood.
Schr Wm Aldrich, Simpson, Two Rivers, 410 m lath, 200 telegraph poles, 11 m shingles, 220 doz pails.
Schr Wyoming, Furlong, Grand River, 90 m lumber, 600 m shingles, 25 m lath.
Schr Denmark, Fitzgerald, Green Bay, 135 m lumber, 80 m lath.
Schr Magic, McNamara, Grand River, 90 m lumber.
Scur Dle Vernon, Ryan, Presque Isle, 170 tons coal.
Schr Pioneer, Thompson, Bennett's Pier, 64 cds wood.
Schr Mary, Holland, Grand Haven, 60 cds slabs.
Schr Harrison, Lee, Manistee, 15 m lumber, 35 m timber.
Schr E M Shoyer, Dohany, Muskegon, 110 m lumber.
Schr Monsoon, McGraw, do 78,500 lumber, 213 m lath.
Schr Telegraph, Hayes, White River, 75 m lumber.
Schr Enterprise, Peterson, Wilkinson's Pier, 70 cds wood.
Schr St Lawrence, Lawrence, Sheboygan, 45 cds wood, 30 m staves, 97 pkgs fish.
Schr Charlotte, Fulton, Banks' Pier, 100 cds wood.

CLEARED.............. July 27.

Stmr Gazelle, Butlin, Milwaukee, 5 bbls whisky, 80 empty bbls, 25 bbls apples, 1 horse, sundries.
Prop Kenosha, Lacey, Collingwood, 661 bbls flour, 5 bbls beef, 183 bags corn.
Prop R H Foss, Wilson, Muskegon.
Prop C Mears, Ryerson, Point Sauble.
Prop Mendota, Crosby, Buffalo, 18,000 bu wheat, 422 bbls highwines, 180 bbls flour, 200 kegs butter, 20 tons sundries.
Brig Jesse Hoyt, Sanford, Buffalo, 19,500 bu corn.
Schr Argo, Abraham, Green Bay.
Schr S Bates, Cannon, Muskegon.
Schr Odin, Walton, do
Schr E G Gray, Jackway, Grand Haven.
Schr Wm Aldrich, Simpson, Two Rivers.
Schr Wyoming, Furlong, Grand River.
Schr Denmark, Fitzgerald, Green Bay.
Schr Magic, McNamara, Grand Haven.
Schr Pioneer, Thompson, Presque Isle.
Schr Mary, Holland, Grand Haven.
Schr Harrison, Lee, Manistee.
Schr E M Shoyer, Dohany, Muskegon.
Schr Dreadnaught, Dog...elt, Oswego, 18,500 bu corn.
Schr Monsoon, McGraw, Muskegon.
Schr Morning Light, Bi...., Buffalo, 14,881 bu corn.
Schr Starlight, Mu..., do 16,954 do
Schr D ...... Stevenson, McC...mber, Buffalo, 12 891 bu corn.
Schr Fairchild, Harry, Buffalo, 17,000 bu corn.
Schr S Robinson, Finlon, Ogdensburgh, 15,000 bu corn.
Schr Kenosha, Morley, Buffalo, 17,100 bu corn.
Schr Wallis, Story, do 17,... do
Schr Charlotte, Fulton, Banks's Pier.

Miscellaneous.

WRECK OF THE A. S. FIELD.—The wreck of the tug A. S. Field has been raised, and everything of any value taken from her. It was at first contemplated to rebuild her, but what is left is in such a shattered condition as to be of no further use whatever.—[Detroit Tribune.

SAILOR HURT.—A sailor by the name of Owen Galogoly serving in the capacity of second mate of the propeller Potomac, yesterday on her passage up from Buffalo fell, from within six feet of the mast-head to the deck, seriously though it is thought not dangerously injuring him. Tho' badly bruised no bones were broken. He was taken to the Marine Hospital.—[Ibid.

COLLISION.—The schooner Gerritt Smith, of Oswego, which passed up on the 23d inst., collided with the propeller Tonnawanda, bound down, in Saginaw Bay. The vessel was so severely damaged as to prevent her from proceeding on her voyage. Her head-gear was carried away and her bows stove in. She reached the St. Clair river and from thence was towed to this city by the Reindeer, and is now under going the necessary repairs at Campbell & Owen's dry dock. Her repairs will cost nearly or quite $400.

Passed Detroit, July 27.

UP—Props Montgomery, Eagle, Wisconsin, Potomac, Missouri, City of Madison; schrs Rival, E Allen, Falcon, Mediterranean, H L Lansing, San Jacinto, H O Winslow, Cadet, Hanover, R B Lumm...

DOWN—Props Allegheny, Mineral Rock; brig Gen Worth, Belle; schrs Tarry Not, Hamlet, Pauline, Carthagenian, Industry, Jupiter, H H Brown, J F Tracy.

Lake Ports.

CLEVELAND, July 24.—Arrived, bark Invincible, Bowman, Chicago.

BUFFALO, July 25.—Arrived, propellers Wenona, Conkey, Chicago; Queen of the Lakes, Briggs, do; brigs Young America, Doyle, do; E W Cole, Moore, do; Fanny Gardner, Sullivan, do; schrs A O Rayner, Jameson, do; Tom Dyer, Stringleman, do; Sacramento, Lambert, do. Cleared, propeller Free State, Rounds, do; bark Sunshine, Kirby, do; brigs Young America, Doyle, do; Fanny Gardner Sullivan, do; schrs P Hannah, Canfield, do; Tom Dyer, Stringleman, do; A O Rayner, Johnson, do; Ostrich, Pratt, do.

OSWEGO, July 25.—Arrived, schrs Algerine, Faulkner, Chicago. Cleared, propeller Buckeye, Rosman, do.

ILLINOIS AND MICHIGAN CANAL.

ARRIVED.............. July 26.

American Star, Lasalle, 5,000 bu corn.
Amazon, Lasalle, 4,600 bu corn.
Morris, Morris, 700 bu corn, 502 bu rye, 94 bu wheat.
Humboldt, Morris, 4,548 bu corn, 148 bu oats.
Fame, Kankakee, 1,193 bu corn, 78 bu wheat, 264 lbs lard.
D V Bell, Lockport, 3,821 bu corn, 790 bu wheat.
Resolute, Athens, 90 cy r stone.
Aquilla, Willow Springs, 102,800 lbs ice.
Asia, Lasalle, 6,561 bu corn.

CLEARED.............. July 27.

Resolute, Athens, light.
Col. Fremont, Morris, light.
Portland, Morris, light.
W H Brown, Lockport, light.
Sultan, Ottawa, light.
J L Alexander, Lockport, light.
Rail Splitter, Morris, 15,328 ft lumber, 1000 heads, 4,000 staves, 10 m lath.
Altona, Morris, light.

The match between Albany Co. and St. George's Cricket Clubs commenced to-day. Albany had made 100 on the first innings, with 2 wickets to go down at the date of our report. The match would be played till sundown and continued to-morrow.

The shipment of specie for Europe to-morrow will reach a million and a half.

Last night the land near Fort Bergen Hill on the line of the Jersey City and Bergen Horse Railroad, sunk 10 feet, probably owing to an under strata of quicksand.

The Canada Excursionists at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 27.—A party of seventy international excursionists, composed of Members of Parliament, various public officers, members of the press, prominent agriculturists, and others from the Canadas arrived here this afternoon and visited some of the principal objects of interest.

The excursion was projected by J. B. Austin of the Illinois Central Railroad in connection with the Michigan Central and other Western Roads. The party leave for Iowa, on a special train, this evening.

Great Discussion at Bloomington.

BLOOMINGTON, July 27.—The Republicans and Democrats held a joint discussion meeting here to-night. About 150 Wide Awakes, from Pontiac and Livingston, were present. After parading the streets for a time, the crowd moved to Dimmitt's Grove, one mile from town, where speeches were made by Allen and Ficklin, Democrats, and Trumbull and Lovejoy, Republicans. The meeting was very harmonious. About 4,000 persons were on the ground. Everything passed off well. To-night the Wide Awakes are out 200 strong. Republican meeting at Phœnix Hall.

Vermont Democratic Convention.

MONTPELIER, Vt., July 16.—The Democratic State Convention to nominate State officers and electors at large, was held here to-day. P. Dillingham, of Waterbury, President. Messrs. E. M. Smalley of Burlington, and Wyman of St. Albans, were appointed Secretaries. John G. Saxe of Burlington was nominated for Governor, Stephen Thomas of West Farley for Lieutenant Governor, Jas. S. Thurston of Montpelier for Treasurer.

Electors at Large—Isaac Bowditch and P. Dillingham of Waterbury.

A Bride of a Week Murdered by Her Husband.

ALBANY, July 27.—An Irishman by the name of Thomas Whalen, who had been married only about a week, residing near Stillwater Bridge, in the town of Schaghticoke, Rensselaer county, brutally murdered his wife on Monday night by cutting her in the most horrible manner with a knife. He had quarreled with her. Accusing her of a crime against her nature, and she denying it, he deliberately butchered her. He is in jail.

News from New York.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The rain storm yesterday afternoon did considerable damage in this vicinity. Several houses were unroofed in Williamsburgh, and one struck by lightning, and the inmate, Mrs. Perry, killed. A barn at New Lots was also struck and burned.

A New Yorker named Purple was stabbed twice with a bowie knife at the St. Nicholas Hotel last evening by a Philadelphian named Hyman.

U. S. Court of Pleas.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The U. S. Court of Pleas has adjourned to meet on the 15th October next. But little business has been transacted during the present year, counsel in many cases preferring to await definite action on the Congressional bill proposing to so change the law and establishing that tribunal so as to make its awards final, and giving the right to appeal.

The Royal Party.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 27.—The Prince of Wales' squadron passed Cape Race at 5 o'clock last evening. The Hero was boarded by the news yacht of the Associated Press, and messages from the squadron were landed, but not till 9 o'clock this morning, the crew having lost their way in a thick fog.

Death from an Attempt to Procure Abortion.

BOSTON, Mass., July 27.—Martha Allen, aged 17 years, died suddenly at Mansfield, and was buried. Circumstances led the Coroner of the county to order the body disinterred, when it was found that she had died from an attempt to procure an abortion. An inquest will be held to-morrow. A young man in Mansfield has been arrested as instigator of the crime.

Three Men Killed by Lightning.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—The factory of Potts & Keitt, at Cooper's Point, near Camden, was demolished during the thunder storm yesterday afternoon. Eight men took shelter from the rain therein, of whom three were killed, and three seriously injured. The building was 200 feet long. Loss $4,000.

The Rivers and the Weather.

LA SALLE, Ill., July 27.—River 19 inches on bars and stationary.

DUBUQUE, July 27.—River, 2½ feet; weather cloudy; thermometer 74 deg.

BURLINGTON, July 27.—River falling; wind east; clear; thermometer 85 deg.

Homicide.

CONCORD, N. H., July 27.—This morning at 5 o'clock, James S. Williams, a merchant of Warren, N. H., stepped up to Mr. Wyatt and shot him through the heart with a revolver. He died instantly. Williams is under arrest. The cause was trouble about an old debt. Wyatt was a young man, and leaves a wife and one child.

Railroad Accident.

BRUNSWICK, Me., July 26.—The passenger train from Portland, on the Kenebeck and Portland Railroad, was thrown off the track near Bowdoinham. Two passenger cars were turned over. No one killed. One man had an arm broken, and several others were injured more or less.

Anticipated Gathering.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 27.—Arrangements are being made for an immense meeting, by the Republicans of this place on August 30th, to be addressed by Hon. Owen Lovejoy, Hon. Jas. Wilson, of Ind., and other eminent speakers.

Steamer Arrived.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The steamship Vigo, from Liverpool 11th, arrived this morning. News anticipated.

Flouring and Grist Mills,
And Dealers in
DUTCH "ANKER" BOLTING CLOTHS,
Smut Mills and Separators,
Seperators for Warehouses,
Beltings of all kinds,
Hoisting Screws and Bail
Bran Dusters, Pecks, Proof Stafis, &c., &c.

Fairbanks' Scales,
—AND—
MILL FURNISHING GENERALLY.
Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished when desired, and the construction of Steam and Water Mill contracted for entire,
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, &C.
The subscribers having obtained the agency for the sale of Steam Engines and Boilers, from the manufactory of GOULDING, BAGLEY & SEWELL, OF WATERTOWN, N. Y., ... merits of style, workmanship and powers; also, their very low prices. The following is a list of prices of Engine and Boiler, together with Heater, Water and Steam Pipes, Cocks, Valves, Arch Castings and Grates, complete and ready for use, delivered in Chicago:

6 horse power	$500	20 horse power	$1,250
8 " "	575	25 " "	1,500
10 " "	725	30 " "	1,675
12 " "	800	35 " "	2,000
16 " "	1100	40 " "	2,200

and in like proportion for larger sizes as required.
Every Engine is furnished with
Judson's Patent Governor Valve.
For Flour Mills we confidently recommend them as superior to any other style of Engine, and they will
Save from 25 to 50 per cent. in Fuel
over the usual class of boilers in use in the West. We shall keep an assortment of different sizes at our establishment, where they may be examined and the necessary information obtained regarding them. Competent men will, if desired, be furnished to set up and start Engines in any part of the country. We also supply
WATER WHEELS, SHAFTING, GEARING, &c.,
At very low prices.
T. W. BAXTER & CO.,
Mill Furnishing Depot, West Water street, between Randolph and Madison, Chicago.
☞ Post Office address Box 274. oc5'59 1y

BACON'S
Burglar Proof Bank Safe
—OR—
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF BANK SAFE.
Secured with heavy round wrought iron bolts (on door,) 1½ inches in diameter, and
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As Agents for Messrs. Eames & Bickford, the Patentees of the above Mill, we are prepared to furnish them at the shortest notice. These Mills, so superior to all others in simplicity, size, lightness, durability and capacity, can be fitted out by us with Engines, Hose, Belting, and all necessary Mining Implements on the most favorable terms.
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Vandalia, Fayette Co..........Thursday, " 23
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Tamaroa, Perry Co..........Saturday, " 25
Jonesboro, Union Co..........Monday, " 27
Pulaski, Pulaski Co..........Tuesday, " 28
Cairo, Alexander Co..........Wednesday, " 29
Mt. Carmel, Wabash Co..........Tuesday, Sept. 4
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Oquawka, Henderson Co..........Tuesday, Oct. 2
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Frederick Hassaurek's Appointments.

The Hon. Frederick Hassaurek, Republican elector at large of Ohio, will address his fellow-citizens in Illinois, in the German language, at the following times and places:

Springfield..........Saturday, July 28th.
Decatur..........Monday, July 30th.
Galena..........Tuesday, July 31st.

Leonard Swett's Appointments.

The Hon. Leonard Swett, Republican nominee for Presidential Elector, will address the people on political topics at the following times and places:

Clinton..........Saturday, July 28.
Vandalia..........Wednesday, August 1.
Centralia..........Thursday, August 2.
Fairfield..........Saturday, August 4.
Burnt Prairie..........Monday, August 6.
Carmi..........Tuesday, August 7.
Grayville..........Wednesday, August 8.
Mt. Carmel..........Thursday, August 9.
Albion..........Friday, August 10.
Olney..........Saturday, August 11.

Judge Kellogg's Appointments.

Hon. William Kellogg, Republican candidate for Congress in the IVth District, will address the people on political topics at the following times and places:

Blandinsville..........Friday, July 27
Bushnell..........Saturday, " 28
Chillicothe..........Tuesday, " 31
Washington..........Wednesday, Aug. 1

Hon. Owen Lovejoy's Appointments.

Mr. Lovejoy will address the people as follows:

Clinton..........Saturday, July 28.
Urbana..........Tuesday, July 31.
Middleport..........Wednesday, Aug. 1.
Danville..........Friday, Aug. 3.
Paxton, Ford Co..........Monday, Aug. 6.
Springfield..........Wednesday, Aug. 8.

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CHAPTER II—REMOVAL TO ILLINOIS.
Illinois in 1829—Explorers in the Northern and Middle Portions of the State—Character of the Country—Remarkable Influx of Population—Removal of the Lincoln Family—Their Mode of Travel—Founding another Home—Building a Log Cabin and Making Rails—Symbols.

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Flat-Boats and Flat Boatmen—A Commercial Revolution—The deep Snow—Lincoln engages to take a Flat-Boat to New Orleans—Incidents of his First Trip—First entrance into Sangamon County—Builds a Boat and goes to New Orleans—Takes charge of a Store and Mill at New Salem—Primitive Customs—Personal Popularity—The Black Hawk War—Volunteers—Elected Captain—Volunteers a Second and Third Time—The War Ended—Return Home.

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The Lieutenant-Governorship.

ILLINOISTOWN, July 3, 1860.

SIR:—Observing that the Republican Convention of the Third Congressional District, recently assembled at Bloomington, refused to ratify the recommendation of my name by the State Central Committee, as a candidate for the office of Lieutenant-Governor, I desire to say that I cannot consider myself the candidate of the Republican party of Illinois, while so large and respectable a portion of the State make objection thereto.

Yours respectfully, VITAL JARROT.

Hon. N. B. Judd, Chairman Republican State Central Committee, Chicago.

A Call.

The delegates chosen to nominate State officers at the Republican State Convention, held at Decatur on the 9th of May last, are requested to re-assemble in the city of Springfield, on Wednesday the eighth day of August, to nominate a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, to fill the vacancy created by the declination of the Hon. Francis A. Hoffman.

N. B. JUDD, Chairman.	DAVID DAVIS,
WM. H. BROWN,	CHAS. B. LAWRENCE,
JULIAN S. RUMSEY,	WM. A. GRIMSHAW,
EBENEZER PECK,	M. H. CASSELL,
GUSTAVUS KOERNER,	THOS. A. MARSHALL,
CORNELIUS LANSING,	WILLARD C. FLAGG,
CALVIN TRUESDALE,	JOHN T. JONES,

Republican State Central Committee,
HORACE WHITE, Secretary.

Dated at Springfield, July 10, 1860.

OAK ORCHARD
Acid Springs!
These Springs are situated in the valley of the Oak Orchard Creek, in the town of Alabama, Genessee county, N. Y., eight miles South of the village of Medina, on the Erie Canal, and fourteen miles from Batavia.
☞ The principal Acid Springs are three in number besides these there are six others. They are all located within a circuit of about fifty rods. The medicinal qualities of the waters are fully shown in the subjoined Analysis. They contain a very large amount of *Sulphur, Sulphuric Acid, Sulphate of Lime,* and *Proto-Sulphate of Iron.* The great medicinal virtues possessed by the waters depend very largely upon the presence, in such unusual quantities, of these curative substances.
Hundreds of cases of disease, especially those resulting from the scrofulous diathesis, have been cured by their use.
☞ In skin diseases—even in confirmed *leprosy*—the waters have been signally successful.
Opinions of medical and scientific gentlemen are given in the circulars. The following eminent gentlemen speak in strong terms of the medicinal value of these waters:—Prof. EMMONS, T. ROMEYN BECK, M. D., of Albany; Jas. MCNAUGHTON, M. D. of Albany; EDWARD SPRING, M.D., of New York; Dr. R. CAMPBELL, of Pittsfield, Mass.; Dr. J. S. SHULER, of Lockport, N. Y. They recommend the waters confidently. *Dr. Spring refers to a case of chronic diarrhea of several years standing, which was cured by the use of the water.* Dr. Beck says, "I am satisfied that these waters are highly valuable as medicinal agents." Dr. Campbell says, "They must be highly beneficial for all chronic diseases of the stomach and bowels."
Dr. S. P. WHITE read a paper on the subject of these Waters, before the Academy of Physicians, in the city of New York, in which he states that the Waters possess decidedly tonic, refrigerant, and astringent properties; and that the class of diseases to which they are more particularly adapted, are chronic affections of the *digestive* and *urinary organs,* and some of the cutaneous diseases; chronic dyspepsia; chronic diarrhea; chronic dysentery; chronic diuresis; chronic cystitis; diabetes; cases of passive hemorrhage, such as *Purpura hemorrhagica,* and the colliquative sweats of Hectic Fever. The Water may also be often used with advantage, he says, in cases of bad typhoid fevers, in *convalescence from protracted fevers,* to excite the appetite and promote digestion; in diarrheas, particularly such as are dependent on a relaxed or ulcerated state of the mucous membrane of the intestines. In calculous affections, or *lithiasis,* attended with phosphatic sediments, it is the suitable remedy, being preferable to muriatic acid, as being more solvent, and less apt by continued use to disorder the stomach. In febrile diseases it can be used, properly diluted, as a refrigerant to diminish thirst and preternatural heat. In skin diseases—in those forms of dyspepsia connected with the alkaline condition of the stomach, as in *Pyrosis,* or water brash, it will prove better than hydrochloric acid. In cases of *Colica pictonum,* and other injurious consequences arising from the action of lead, this water will prove to be an admirable antidote. In *chronic pharyngitis, laryngitis, chronic mucous catarrh,* and humid asthma, *chronic ophthalmia* (externally) as a gargle in *ulcerated sore throats,* in cases of salivation, and in *leucorrhea* and *gleet;* and also in *piles.*
When taken internally, A WINE GLASSFUL of the Water, *diluted,* taken three times a day, is sufficient for an adult.
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je14-c554-eSatty

MOUNT VERNON BANK, IN PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.—In accordance with a decree of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, &c., within and for the County of Providence, entered June 30, A. D. 1860, the undersigned hereby give notice that the time within which the holders of the bills of the Mount Vernon Bank were required to present the same to him has been extended to January 1, A. D. 1861, and that certificates of deposit will be by him given to all persons presenting, at his office, No. 25 Weybosset street, Providence, R. I., any bills of said Bank, prior to that time.
Also, that a dividend of fifty cents on each dollar was ordered by said Court on all bills deposited with the Receiver on or before July 1, A. D. 1860, and that said dividend is now payable at the office of the Receiver on presentation of the certificates of deposit heretofore given.
CHARLES F. BROWNELL,
Receiver of Mount Vernon Bank.
Providence, July 2, 1860. jy17c747-1t-eow-tojal,'61

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WALL PAPER,
LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
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NEW YORK STEAM DYE WORKS
WM. YERBURY,
157 S. Clark-st., between Madison and Monroe, Chicago,
Dyer and Cleaner of all kinds of Silk and Woolen Goods. Also, Straw Bonnet Bleacher and Presser. Store and country work punctually attended to. ap27'60 1y

300 Bags RIO and JAMAICA COFFEE for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.
100 Pockets O. G. JAVA COFFEE, for sale by PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.
300 Hf. Chests TEA, assorted qualities. PARSONS, PITKIN & HANKEY, 16 South Water street.

KILN DRIED CORN MEAL, Fairfield Mills,—600 bbls of this celebrated brand in store and for sale by BEDFORD MEREDITH & CO., 210 South Water st.

400 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR, landing and in store. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

DIRECT LINE BETWEEN THE EAST AND THE GREAT WEST.
The connecting of tracks by the Railroad Bridge at Pittsburgh, avoiding all drayage or ferriage of Freight, together with the saving of time, are advantages readily appreciated by Shippers of Freight, and the Traveling Public.
For Freight Contracts or Shipping Directions, apply to or address either of the following Agents of the Company:
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H. S. Pierce & Co., Zanesville, O.; J. J. Johnston, Ripley, O.; R. McNeely, Maysville, Ky.; Ormsby & Cropper, Portsmouth, O.; Paddock & Co., Jeffersonville, Ind.; H. W. Brown & Co., Cincinnati; Athern & Hibbert, Cincinnati; R. C. Meldrum, Madison, Ind.; Jos. E. Moore, Louisville; P. G. O'Riley & Co., Evansville, Ind.; N. W. Graham & Co., Cairo, Ill.; R. F. Sass, Shaler & Glass, St. Louis; John H. Harris, Nashville, Tenn.; Harris & Hunt, Memphis, Tenn.; Clarke & Co., Chicago; W. H. H. Koontz, Alton, Ill., or to Freight Agents of Railroads at different points in the West.
The Greatest Facilities offered for the Protection and Speedy Transportation of LIVE STOCK.
And good accommodations with usual privileges for persons traveling in charge thereof.
FREIGHTS.
By this Route Freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri, by Railroad direct.
The Pennsylvania Railroad also connects at Pittsburgh with Steamers, by which Goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and Red Rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky and Chicago with Steamers to all Ports on the Northwestern Lakes.
Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their Freight to this Company, can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.
The rates of Freight to and from any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Railroad, are at all times as favorable as are charged by other R. R. Companies.
☞ Be particular to mark packages "VIA PENNA. R. R."
E. J. SNEEDER, Philadelphia.
MAGRAW & KOONS, 80 North street, Baltimore.
LEECH & CO., No. 2 Astor House, or No. 1 S. Wm. st. New York.
LEECH & CO., No. 77 State street, Boston.
H. H. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Ag't Philadelphia.
L. L. HOUPT, Gen'l Ticket Ag't Philadelphia.
THOS. A. SCOTT, Gen'l Sup't, Altoona, Pa. ja7'60-1y

BUFFALO & LAKE HURON RAILWAY. Shortest and best route to Buffalo and other Eastern cities.
Train leaving Chicago at 9:00 p.m., Detroit at 8:00 a.m., arrive at Buffalo at 5:40 p.m., New York at 10 15 a.m. Boston at 4 30; connecting with N. Y. Central & Buffalo & N. Y. & Erie railroads going East. Tickets via this road can be obtained at the Union Depot. R. S. CARTER, fe14'60 1y Gen'l Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.
Now completed and car run from Chicago to Pittsburgh without change, connecting with the great
PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD
To New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington City, and all the interior towns of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York, Maryland, &c.
Merchants, by taking this route, will have the benefit of all the Eastern markets at no additional cost.
Baggage checked through.
Trains leave the depot, corner of Canal and Van Buren streets, West Side, as follows:
6.10 A. M.—Morning Express, daily (Sundays excepted.)
7.25 P. M.—Night Express, daily (Saturdays excepted.)
Connecting at Crestline with Cleveland and Lake Shore Railroad to Dunkirk, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, New York and Boston, and all interior towns of New England, via New York Central and New York and Erie Railroads.
Also, south to Columbus, Zanesville, Newark, Mount Vernon, Steubenville, Wheeling, and interior towns of Ohio and Virginia.
The above trains connect at Forest with trains on Mad River Road to Springfield, Urbana, Dayton and Cincinnati. Also with trains at Lima for Dayton and Cincinnati direct.
FARE AS LOW AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.
Passengers bound East will find this route both pleasant and agreeable, passing through many of the largest and finest cities in the United States.
Passengers arriving at Chicago, on any of the roads, will find attentive check agents at the depots, to receive checks and convey baggage free of charge to the Pittsburgh and Chicago cars. Sleeping cars accompany each train.
Tickets for sale at all the principal Ticket Offices in the West, and at the Company's Office, corner of Randolph and Dearborn streets, opposite the Tremont House, or at the Depot West Side, corner of Canal and Van Buren streets, Chicago.
Be particular to ask for tickets by Fort Wayne.
H. F. PATRICK, Ticket Agent.
JAS W. MUNSON, Freight Agent, Chicago.
J. J. HOUSTON, Gen'l Freight Ag't, Chicago.

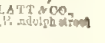
MICHIGAN CENTRAL AND GREAT WESTERN (CANADA) RAILWAYS.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Trains leave the Great Central Depot, foot of Lake street, Chicago:
8.00 am—Lightning Express, (Sundays excepted) arrive at Detroit 6.45 pm, Suspension Bridge 1.30 am, Albany 8.30 pm, New York 9.00 pm, Boston 11.30 pm.
6.00 pm—New York & Boston Express, except Saturday arrive at Detroit 7.45 am, Suspension Bridge 6 ..., Buffalo 5.10 pm, Albany 4:45 am, New York 9:15 am, Boston 1 00 pm.
7:30 am—Cincinnati Express—(except Sunday) through to Cincinnati in 18 hours.
9:00 pm Cincinnati and Louisville Express (except Saturday) through to Cincinnati in 14 hours, Louisville in 16 hours.
5:00 pm Train, Saturday, only to Niles.
Sunday Trains 8 pm.
Patent Sleeping Cars on all night trains.
The 9.00 pm Train connects at Paris with the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway for Buffalo and all points east at Toronto with the Grand Trunk Railway to Kingston, Ogdensburgh, Montreal, Quebec and all points to Canada East, Northern Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine.
Baggage checked through.
Through Tickets for sale at the principal Railroad offices in the North and West, and at the Company's office, 56 Dearborn street, Chicago, at the depot, foot of Lake street.
R. N. RICE, Superintendent.
H. J. SPALDING, General Passenger Agent.

FOR ROCKFORD, BELOIT, Freeport, Galena, Dubuque, Janesville, Prairie Du Chien, Oshkosh, La Crosse, St. Paul, and all points West and Northwest, via—
Chicago & Northwestern Railway
Two daily trains leave, viz.—
9.45 am—Day Express.
3.00 pm—For Rockford and Janesville.
9.00 "—Night Express.
Both express trains go direct through to all points in the Northwest, and connect at La Crosse and Prairie du Chien with steamers for St. Paul, &c.
☞ Passengers for Rockford take the Day Express or 3 pm train.
Sleeping Cars on night trains.
oc18-1y GEO. L. DUNLAP, Superintendent.

GALENA & CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after FRIDAY, June 1st, 1860, trains will leave Wells street depot, Chicago, as follows, Sundays excepted: 9.45 am and 9:30 pm for Dixon, Polo, Fulton, Cedar Rapids, and intermediate points.
At 9:45 am and 9:30 pm for Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Warren, Galena, Dunleith, Dubuque, and intermediate places.
4:00 pm for Elgin, Belvidere, Rockford, and intermediate points.
At 5:30 pm for Geneva, Elgin, and intermediate places.
Passengers for Beloit and Janesville will take the 9.45 am. train.
Passengers for McHenry, Richmond, Geneva Lake and intermediate points, will take the 4:00 pm train.
☞ Sleeping cars on night trains.
E. B. TALCOTT, General Supt.
H. H. PORTER Gen. Passenger Agent

CHICAGO AND MILWAUKEE RAILROAD—For Milwaukee, La Crosse and St. Paul.
Morning Line—At 9.45 a. m., arrives at Milwaukee at 1.15 p. m., and La Crosse same evening.
Evening Line—At 9.00 p. m., arriving at Milwaukee at 12.50 a. m., and La Crosse at 10.30 a. m.
Both of these trains connect at La Crosse with Packet Boats for Saint Paul.
Waukegan Train leaves Waukegan at 7 a. m., arrives at Chicago at 8.20 a. m. Leaves Chicago at 5.25 p. m., arrives at Waukegan at 6 55 p. m.
Trains leave Milwaukee at 10.15 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Arrive at Chicago at 1.55 p. m. and 6.45 p. m.
April 30th, 1860. S. C. BALDWIN, Supt.

CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND RAILROAD LINE.—Passenger Trains depart from and arrive at Chicago as follows:
Day Express and Mail leaves at 9:15 am. and arrives 6:15 pm, (Sundays excepted.)
Night Express leaves at 9.15 pm., (Saturdays excepted), arrives at 5:00 am (Mondays excepted.)
Joliet Accomodation, 5.30 pm—Sundays excepted.
JOHN F. TRACY, Gen. Sup't.
W. L. St. John, Gen. Agent

FRESH SHAD,

Halibut, Haddock, Codfish,
EELS, SMELTS, &c. L. B. PLATT & CO.,
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